

ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸರ್ಕಾರ

## **GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA**

ಕಾಲೇಜು ಮತ್ತು ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಇಲಾಖೆ

DEPARTMENT OF COLLEGIATE AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION

C-20 2020-21

# Diploma in Architecture Assistantship





With Effect from 2020-21 C-20 Curriculum Development Cell

Department of Collegiate & Technical Education

## Vision

To create globally and intellectually competent, professionally skilled, ethically strong, morally Upright, socially responsive, culturally tolerant professionals.

## Mission

## The mission of the Architecture Assistantship Program is to benefit the society at large by

- M1 Imparting Knowledge with Academic Excellence by incorporating competitive curriculum and to make students excellent Designers and Professionals, so that they chart out their own path of success and possess perfection in their endeavors.
- **M2** Develop professionally skilled and innovative planners, designers, constructors and operators of society's economic and social engine.
- M3 Creating learning environment with technological orientation to maximizeIndividual potential.
- M4 To ensure, students of all ability levels are well equipped to meet the contemporary challenges of Architectural education, profession and life.

## **Program Educational Objectives (PEO's)**

PEO1	To educate students in the fundamental principles of architecture.
PEO2	To challenge students to develop the ability to use architectural principles in analyzing and solving problems of practical importance in the built environment and society at large.
PEO3	To educate students about the need for lifelong learning and professional development after diploma programme.
PEO4	Educating students in skills and knowledge required to improve the quality of the built environment on both national and international level.

## **CONSISTENCY MATRIX OF PEO'S WITH MISSION**

	PEO statements	Adapt to Industry	Higher Learning	Team Spirit	Self Learning	Leadership Qualities	Societal Needs	Environmental Concern
1	To educate students in the fundamental principles of architecture.	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>		<b>√</b>	✓	<b>√</b>	✓
2	To challenge students to develop the ability to use architectural principles in analyzing and solving problems of practical importance in the built environment and society at large.	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>		✓	
3	To educate students about the need for lifelong learning and professional development after diploma programme.	✓	<b>√</b>	✓		<b>√</b>	✓	
4	Educating students in skills and knowledge required to improve the quality of the built environment on both national and international level.	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	<b>√</b>

## **PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)**

## 1. Basic and Discipline specific knowledge:

Apply knowledge of basic mathematics, science and engineering fundamentals and engineering

specialization to solve the engineering problems.

## 2. Problem analysis:

Identify and analyse well-defined engineering problems using codified standard methods.

## 3. Design/development of solutions:

Design solutions for well-defined technical problems and assist with the design of systems components or processes to meet specified needs.

## 4. Engineering Tools, Experimentation and Testing:

Apply modern engineering tools and appropriate technique to conduct standard tests and measurements.

## 5. Engineering practices for society, sustainability and environment:

Apply appropriate technology in context of society, sustainability, environment and ethical practices.

## 6. **Project Management:**

Use engineering management principles individually, as a team member or a leader to manage projects and effectively communicate about well-defined engineering activities.

## 7. Life-long learning:

Ability to analyse individual needs and engage in updating in the context of technological changes.

## PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

# Programme shall specify 2-4 Program Specific Outcomes (To be drafted individually at institution level)

PSO1	Develop ability to plan, analyze, design, execute and maintain cost effective Architectural Practice without exploitation of natural resources.
PSO2	To inculcate ability to take up employment, entrepreneurship, research and development for sustainable society.
PSO3	To pursue opportunities for personal and professional growth, higher studies, demonstrate leadership skills and engage in lifelong learning by active participation in the Architectural profession.
PSO4	Engage in lifelong learning, through participation in professional societies, additional formal education, continuing education and professional development, research, and self-study, in order to use state-of-the-art knowledge to design and build safe and effective buildings and/or provide high quality service to the general public, employers, clients, and other professionals.

## 1.0 GENERAL PROGRAMME STRUCTURE AND CREDIT DISTRIBUTION

- 1. **Definition of Credit:** Credit is a kind of weightage given to the contact hours to teach the prescribed syllabus, which is in a modular form. For courses, one credit is allocated to one contact hour for theory / tutorial per week and one credit is allocated to 02 contact hours for practical.
- 2. **Choice-Based Credit System (CBCS):** CBCS is a flexible system of learning that permits students to learn at their own pace, choose electives from a wide range of elective courses and adopt an inter-disciplinary approach in learning and make best use of the expertise of available faculty.

## 3. Range of Credits

1 Hr. Lecture (L) per week	1 credit
1 Hr. Practical (P) per week	0.5 credit
1 Hr. Tutorial (T) per week	1 credit
4 Hrs. Theory (T) per week	4 credit
3 Hrs. Practical (P) per week [1 Hr. Tutorial +2 Hrs. Practical]	2 credit

4. **Programme**: Programme means Diploma Programme that is Diploma in Architecture Assistantship, which is of three years duration.

## 2.0 PROGRAMME STRUCTURE

- 1. **Course:** A Course is a component (a paper) of a Programme. All the courses need not carrysame weightage. The course should define Course objectives. A course may be designed to involve lectures / tutorials / laboratory work / seminar / project work/ Internships / seminar or a combination of these, to meet effectively the teaching and learning needs and the credits may be assigned suitably.
- 2. **Course Code:** Each course shall have an alphanumeric code, which includes last two digits of year of introduction such as 20 subject code AR (AR for Architecture Assistantship, CH for Polymer Technology etc.), then first two digits for example 12 (where 1 represents first semester and 2 represents the course number in incremental order) and the last alphabet represent Theory (T), Practical/Internship/Project (P), Drawing (D), Programme / Open Electives (A, B, C, E, F, G ...).
- 3. **Programme Courses:** Each Programme will consist of Communication skills and Social Sciences (HS), Engineering Mathematics, Statistics and Analytics (BS), Engineering Sciences (ES), Professional Core (PC), Professional Electives (PE), Open Electives (OE), Employability Enhancement Courses (EEC) and Internships.
  - 1. **Communication Skills and Social Sciences:** Communication Skills and Social Science courses are incorporated in the curriculum to meet the desired needs of communication and life skills amongst students.
  - 2. **Engineering Mathematics, Statistics and Analytics:** Common to all Engineering Programme to develop reasoning and analytical skills amongst students.
  - 3. **Engineering Sciences:** Engineering Science shall create awareness on different specializations of engineering studies. The goal of these courses are to create engineers of tomorrow, who possess the knowledge of all disciplines and can apply their interdisciplinary knowledge in every aspect. It could be any branch of engineering Civil, Computer Science and Engineering, Electrical, Mechanical, etc.
  - 4. **Professional Core:** Core Courses designed in the programme which are major courses of the discipline, required to attain desired outcomes and to ignite critical thinking skills amongst students.
  - 5. **Professional Elective:** Generally a course can be chosen from a pool of courses and which may be very specific or specialized or advanced or supportive to the discipline or nurtures the candidate's proficiency/skill is called Professional Elective Course.

- 6. **Open Electives:** An elective course chosen generally from other discipline/ subject, with an intention to seek interdisciplinary exposure is called an open elective. While choosing the electives, students shall ensure that they do not opt for the courses with syllabus contents of which are similar to that of their departmental core/elective courses.
- 7. **Audit / Non-Core Courses:** An audit / Non-core course is one in which the student attends classes, does the necessary assignments, and takes exams. The Institute encourages students towards extra learning by auditing for additional number of courses. The results of audit courses shall not be considered for prescribed "carry over courses" limit, however students need to pass audit courses for awarding the diploma.
- 8. **Employability Enhancement Courses**: It contains the following courses:
  - a. **Mini Project**: Mini Project is a laboratory oriented course which will provide a platform to students to enhance their practical knowledge and skills by development of small systems/application.
  - b. **Seminar:** Seminar should be based on thrust areas in state of art technologies. Students should identify the topic of seminar and finalize in consultation with Guide. Students should understand the topic and compile the report in standard format and present in front of Panel of Examiners respective Programme.
  - c. **Major Project:** Every student must do one major project in the Final year of their program. The minimum duration of project is 6 months. Students can do their major project in Industry or R&D Lab or in house or combination of any two.

## **3.0 COURSE CODE AND DEFINITION:**

Cours e code	Definitions	Teaching Dept. Code	Name of the Teaching Department	Teaching Dept. Code	Name of the Teaching Department
L	Lecture	SC	Science	MI	Mechanical Engineering [Instruments]
Т	Tutorial	СР	Commercial Practice / English	CR	Ceramic Engineering
P	Practical	ME	Mechanical Engineering	EN	Civil Environmental Engg.
HS	Humanities & Social Sciences Courses	EE	Electrical & Electronics Engg.	AN	Aeronautical Engg.
BS	Basic Science Courses	CE	Civil Engineering	MN	Mining & Mine Surveying
ES	Engineering Science Courses	EC	Electronics &Communications Engineering	MM	Modern Office Management
PC	Program Core Courses	CS	Comp Science &Engg.	LI	Library and Information Science
PE	Program Elective Courses	IS	Info Science &Engg.	FT	Apparel Design and Fabrication Technology
OE	Open Elective Courses	AT	Automobile Engg.	СН	Chemical Engineering
AU	Audit Courses	MC	Mechatronics	PO	Polymer Technology
SI	Summer Internship	MT	Metallurgical Engg.	PT	Printing Technology
PR	Project	НР	Mechanical Engineering [HPT]	TX	Textile Technology
SE	Seminar	WS	Mechanical Engineering[ Welding & Sheet Metal]	EI	Electronic Instrumentation & Control Engg.
CIE	Continuous Internal Evaluation	CN	Cinematography	LT	Leather & Fashion Technology
SEE	Semester End Examination	SR	Sound Recording &Engg.	WH	Water Technology & Health Science
		РН	Civil (Public Health & Environment) Engg.	MY	Mechanical Engineering [Machine Tools]
		TD	Tool & Die Making	AR	Architecture Assistantship
		ID	Interior Decoration	EG	English

## **4.0 INDUCTION PROGRAMME**

The Essence and Details of Induction program can also be understood from the "Detailed Guide on Student Induction program', as available on AICTE Portal, although that is for Diploma students of Engineering & Technology. Suggestive schedule for induction program is given below

(Link:https://www.aicteindia.org/sites/default/files/Detailed%20Guide%20on%20Studen t%20Induction%20program.pdf).

## **Induction Program Schedule (Suggestive only)**

(Induction program for students to be offered right at the start of the first year)

SL NO	DAY	TIME	ACTIVITY	VENUE
1	1	09.30- 12.30	Registration, Formation of Mentor-mentee groups – Introduction of mentors with-in group.	Class rooms of respective programs
1	1	01.30- 04.30	Screening of Institute video clips of various functions held and Photos of various events, Institution Excursion	Seminar hall
		09.30- 12.30	Prayer- Physical activities such as yoga; Presentation cum Interactive Session with: Important Institution Functionaries like Principal, HoDs etc.	Play ground and seminar hall
2	2	01.30- 04.30	Visit to Central facilities such as Reading room, library, Sport centre, computer centre, hostel, NSS/NCC cell, community development cell functioning in polytechnic	Tour
		01.30- 04.30	Lecturer sessions about importance of NSS/NCC/Youth red cross activities and their contribution towards national building and personality and character development	Seminar hall
	09.30- 12.30		Personality development talk on Human values	Seminar hall
4	4	01.30- 04.30	Seminar hall	
		09.30- 12.30	and interaction with few alumina and sharing their experiences Introduction to Swatch barathabhiyan-Importance of abhiyan-Clean drive in around college	Campus
5	5	01.30- 04.30	Talent hunt-Music/Antakshri/Instrument play/ Dance/Team Activity	College Auditorium
		09.30- 12.30	Talent hunt Activity: Essay/Debate/Best out of Waste/Pick and speak ,other	Seminar hall
6	6	01.30- 04.30	Screening of Movie related: personality development, character building, motivational ,Environmental concern, Public health, rural sanitation	College Auditorium
_	_	09.30- 12.30	Exchange of views between students and faculty about their Institute/program/carrier opportunities	Seminar hall
7	7	01.30- 04.30	Sports ground	
		09.30- 12.30	Talk by training and placement cell: Carrier opportunities for diploma students, placement activities in college; placement process	Training and placement cell
8	8	01.30- 04.30	Talents hunt Activity: (Street Play/Mime/Acting/Stand Up Comedy /Dance etc.)	Seminar hall
		09.30- 12.30	Personality development talks by eminent speakers on -Leadership styles/How to handle failures/stress management	Seminar hall
9	9	01.30- 04.30	Importance of student union, student union activities, Student insurance, How to make student insurance by Student welfare officer of college	Seminar hall
10	10	09.30- 12.30	Awareness on: Student scholarship- introduction to SSP portal –e-pass portal-Authenticated documents, how to apply in portal: Talk by Taluk/District social welfare officer	Seminar hall

		01.30- 04.30	Local visits to surrounding places/Industry	Tour
11	11	09.30- 12.30	<u>Talk on</u> Respective Program scheme of studies and detail of courses, Diploma examination pattern, Passing and eligibility criteria, attendance requirements by respective program coordinator	Department Class rooms
		01.30- 04.30	Visit to respective programs lab/work shops of institution	Tour
		09.30- 12.30	Awareness camp on human health, Community health, Personal hygiene-By Local Taluk medical officer/Community medical officer	Seminar hall
12	12	01.30- 04.30	Collection of student feedback on induction program- Make a report Valedictory of two weeks Induction program by collecting student feed back	Seminar hall

Induction Program ( mandatory)	Two- week Duration
Induction program for students to be	Physical activity
offered right at the start of the first	Creative arts
year.	<ul> <li>Universal human values</li> </ul>
	Literacy
	<ul> <li>Proficiency modules</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Lectures by Eminent People</li> </ul>
	Visits to Local Areas
	<ul> <li>Familiarization to Dept./Branch &amp; Innovations</li> </ul>

## 5.0 MANDATORY VISITS/WORKSHOP/EXPERT LECTURES:

- 1. It is mandatory to arrange one industrial visit every semester for the students of each branch.
- 2. It is mandatory to conduct a One-week workshop during the winter break after fifth semester on professional/industry/entrepreneurial orientation.
- 3. It is mandatory to organize at least one expert lecture per semester for each branch by inviting resource persons from domain specific industry.

## **6.0 EVALUATION SCHEME:**

## A. For Theory Courses:

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The student has to obtain minimum of 40% marks individually both in CIE and SEE to pass. Theory Semester End Exam (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration). Based on this grading will be awarded

## **B. For Practical Courses:**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 60% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 40%. The student has to obtain minimum of 40% marks individually both CIE and SEE to pass. The practical Semester End Exam (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration exams). Based on this grading will be awarded.

## C. For Summer Internship / Projects / Seminar etc.

1. Evaluation is based on work done, quality of report, performance in viva-voce, presentation etc.

### Note:

- A. The Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is based on the student's performance in Internal Assessment tests, student activity, mini project, quizzes, assignments, seminars, viva-voce in practical, lab record etc as specified in respective course curriculum.
- B. **Major Project/Mini Project:** Students can do their major project in Industry or R&D Labor in house. Mini Project is a laboratory oriented course which will provide a platform to students to enhance their practical knowledge and skills by development of small systems/application.
- C. **Personality and character development:** It is mandatory for the students from 1<sup>s</sup> semester to enroll in any one of the personality and character development programmes (NCC/NSS/YRC/Yoga/Technical Club) and undergo training for their Personality and character development.
  - National Cadet Corps (NCC).
  - National Service Scheme (NSS) will have social service activities in and around the Institution.
  - Youth Red Cross (YRC) will have activities in and around the institution.
  - Yoga
  - Technical Clubs.
- D. **Internship:** A minimum of 10 credits (400 Hours) of Internship/ Entrepreneurial activities / Project work/ Seminar and Inter/ Intra Institutional Training may be counted toward three-year diploma programme.
- E. **Mapping of Marks to Grades:** Each course (Theory/Practical) is to be assigned 100 marks, irrespective of the number of credits, and the mapping of marks to grades may be done as per the following table:

Range of Marks	Level	Assigned Grade	Grade Point
91-100	Outstanding	A+	10
81-90	Excellent	A	09
71-80	Very Good	B+	08
61-70	Good	В	07
51-60	Above Average	C+	06
45-50	Average	С	05
40-44	Satisfactory	D	04
<40	Fail	F	00
Fail due to shortage of atte		F*	00

Fail in Continuous internal Evaluation	on (CIE).	F**	00					
Note: Those Candidates who have not	Note: Those Candidates who have not obtained requisite minimum pass marks in CIE are not eligible to							
take up SEE in that course until they get requisite minimum pass marks in the CIE. They may re-register								
for the CIE in the subsequent regular semesters by paying prescribed examination fee.								
SGPA and CGPA Calculations								
	∑[(Cou	$\sum$ [(Course Credits earned)X(Grade Points)] for all the						
Semester Grade Point Average	courses	courses in that semester						
(SGPA)=		$\Sigma$ [Total Course credits applied] for all the courses in that semester						
	∑[(Cou	rse Credits earned)X(Grade Po	ints) for all courses,					
<b>Cumulative Grade</b>	excludi	ng those with F*/F** grades u	ntil that semester					
PointAverage(CGPA)=	∑[Tota	Course Credits earned] for all	Courses excluding					
those with F*/F** grades until that semester								
Note: The SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points and reported in the semester Diploma								
marks /grade card.								

A. SGPA and CGPA Calculations: An illustrative example for one academic year								
Semest er	Course Code	Credits Applied (CA)	Result Grade	Grade Points (GP)	Credits Earned (CE)	Credit points (CP=CE x GP)	SGPA, CGPA	
I	Course 1	4	В	7	4	4x7=28		
I	Course 2	4	F	0	0	0x0=00	SGPA=CP/CA	
I	Course 3	4	Absent (F)	0	0	0x0=00		
I	Course 4	4	A	9	4	4x9=36	=110/22	
I	Course 5	2	A+	10	2	2x10=20		
I	Course 6	2	D	4	2	2x4=08	= 5.00	
I	Course 7	2	A	9	2	2x9=18		
	Total	22			14	110	SGPA = 5.00	
Note: In	1 <sup>s</sup> semeste	r grade/mar	ks card only S	GPA is report	ed. From 2	semester onwai	ds both SGPA &	

Note: In 1s semester grade/marks card only SGPA is reported. From 2 d semester onwards both SGPA & CGPA will be reported in the grade/marks card.

Semest er	Course Code	Credits Applied (CA)	Result Grade	Grade Points (GP)	Credits Earned (CE)	Credit points(CP=C E x GP)	SGPA, CGPA
II	Course 1	4	В	7	4	4x7=28	SGPA=CP/CA
II	Course 2	4	A	9	4	4x9=36	400/40
II	Course 3	3	D	4	3	3x4=12	=100/19
II	Course 4	3	Absent (F)	0	0	0x0=00	= 5.26
II	Course 5	2	A+	10	2	2x10=20	CGPA
II	Course 6	1	D	4	1	1x4=04	= CP/CE
II	Course 7	2	F	0	0	0x0=00	=(110+136)/ (14+22)
		19			14	100	= 246/36
I Semeste	er Back log c	ourses					=6.83
I	Course 2	4	С	5	4	4x5=20	
I	Course 3	4	D	4	4	4x4=16	

l l	otai	27					22	136				
	• Total credits of the semester excluding the credits of the courses under F/F*/F** grade are considered for the calculation of CGPA of the two consecutive semesters under consideration.											
B. CGPA Calculation of the entire programme: An Illustrative Example.												
Semester I II III IV V VI Total									Total			
Credits of the	Credits of the Semester         22         19         24         24         24         24         24         137								137			
∑CI	ΣCP 110 136 184 155 191 188 964									964		
CGPA	GPA = [110+136+184+155+191+18]											

## P=Percentage Conversion= (CGPA-0.75) X 10 Class Declaration:

22+19+22+24+24+24

After the conversion of final CGPA into percentage of marks (P), a graduating student is declared to have passed in:

- (i) First Class with Distinction (FCD) if  $P \ge 70\%$
- (ii) First Class (FC) if  $P \ge 60\%$  but <70% and
- (iii) Second Class (SC) if P < 60%.

# SCHEME OF STUDIES DIPLOMA IN ARCHITECTURE ASSISTANTSHIP (C-20)

# <u>CURRICULUM STRUCTURE</u> I Semester Scheme of Studies - Diploma in Architecture Assistantship [C-20]

CLN	Course Course Title		G THE	Hours per week		eek	ntact k		CIE Marks		SEE Marks		Marks	irks for sing or CIE	Assigned Grade	Grade Point	SGPA and CGPA
Code Category / Code Code Category / Code Code Code Code Code Code Code Code	Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Total contact hrs /week	Credits	Max	Min	Max	Min	Total Marks	Min Marks Passing (including C	Assigned	Grade	SGPA CG	
	THEORY COURSES																
1	ES/AR	20AR11T	Materials of Construction	4	0	0	4	4	50	20	50	20	100	40			
PRACTICAL COURSES																	
2	BS/SC	20SC02P	Statistics and Analytics	2	0	4	6	4	60	24	40	16	100	40			ester
3	ES/AR	20AR12P	Architectural Graphics	2	0	4	6	4	60	24	40	16	100	40			Semester
4	ES/EE	20EE01P	Fundamentals of Electrical & Electronics Engineering	2	0	4	6	4	60	24	40	16	100	40			SGPA for 1st
				A	UDIT	COU	RSES	5									SG
6	AU/SC	20AU01T	Environment Sustainability	2	0	0	2	2	50	20	-	-	50	20			Only
7	AU Physical Activity	Sports/NCC/NSS/Youth Red Cross/Yoga/ Technical club.  Student shall enrol in any one of these activities in 1st semester and shall participate actively. The student shall obtain 'Participation Certificate' in the activity to get eligible for the award of Diploma.															
			Total	12	0	12	24	18	280	112	170	68	450	180			

T:- Theory P:- Practical D:- Drawing E:- Elective BS- Basic Science:: ES-Engineering Science:: HS-Humanities & Social Science:: AU-Audit Course:: EG: English :: SC: Science Note:

- 1. Assigned Grade, Grade Point, SGPA and CGPA to be recorded in the Grade/Marks card.
- 2. AU- Physical Activity- Student participation in the selected physical activity shall be monitored and the participation record shall be maintained by the respective Programme Coordinator (Head of Section).
- 3. Theory course Semester End Examination (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration)
- 4. Practical course CIE and SEE is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration)

		II S	Semester Scheme	of St	tudies	- Dip	loma	in Ar	chitect	ture A	ssista	ntship	p[C-2	0]				
Sl.No	Course Category / Teaching Department	Course Code	Course Title	Н	Hours per week		Total contact hrs/week		Credits	CIE Marks		SEE Marks		Total Marks	Min Marks for Passing (including CIE marks)	Assigned Grade	Grade Point	SGPA and CGPA
	<del>ల</del>			L	T	P			Max	Min	Max	Min						
	THEORY COURSES													4				
1	BS/SC	20SC01T	Engineering Mathematics	4	0	0	4	4	50	20	50	20	100	40				
2	SC/AR	20PM01T	Project Management Skills	2	0	4	6	4	50	20	50	20	100	40			. a	
	PRACTICAL COURSES											Semester						
3	ES/AR	20AR21P	Visual Art and Drawing	2	0	4	6	4	60	24	40	16	100	40				
4	ES/CS	20CS01P	IT Skills	2	0	4	6	4	60	24	40	16	100	40			A of	
5	HS/EG/AR	20EG01P	Communication Skills	2	0	4	6	4	60	24	40	16	100	40			SGPA & CGPA of 2nd	
					AUI	DIT CO	DURSE	ES									SG	
7	AU/KA	20KA21T	Kannada- I/ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯಸಿಂಚನ – I /ಬಳಕೆ ಕನ್ನಡ - ।	2	0	0	2	2	50	20	-	-	50	20				
			Total	14	0	16	30	22	330	132	220	88	550	220				

T:- Theory P:- Practical D:- Drawing E:- Elective BS- Basic Science:: ES-Engineering Science:: HS-Humanities & Social Science:: AU-Audit Course:: EG: English :: SC: Science Note:

- 1. Assigned Grade, Grade Point, SGPA and CGPA to be recorded in the Grade/Marks card.
- 2. Theory course Semester End Examination (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration)
- 3. Practical course CIE and SEE is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration)

Course Code	20AR11T	Semester	I
Course Title	MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION	Course Group	Architecture / Interior Decoration
No. of Credits	4	Type of Course	Lecturing
Course Category			4Hrs Per Week
		Hours	52 Hrs Per Semester
Prerequisites	Basic sciences at matriculation level	Teaching Scheme	(L:T:P)-4:0:0
CIE Marks	50	SEE Marks	50

## **RATIONAL**

Materials of construction play an important role as the vital tool for material selection and application in the production and manufacturing of products, etc. Therefore, an engineering diploma student must be conversant with the properties, composition and behavior of materials from *the point of view of reliability, sustainability and performance of the product*. The study of basic concepts of materials will help the students understanding engineering subjects where the emphasis is laid on the application of these materials.

## 1. COURSE SKILL SET

The aim of the course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching –learning experiences

- i. Select Engineering materials based on properties, behavior and environmental effect for given engineering application.
- ii. Examine microstructure and alloying elements of given alternative materials for suitable application.

## 2. COURSE OUT COMES

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to demonstrate industry-oriented Cos associated with the above mentioned competency:

CO1	Identify the properties of materials
CO2	Understanding the properties and engineering application of Bricks.
CO3	Illustrate the Properties of Lime, Cement and Cement concrete.
CO4	Identify the different industrial timber, properties and engineering applications.
CO5	Select relevant ferrous metals, non-ferrous metals and alloys for Engineering application.
CO6	Understanding the properties and engineering application of various modern building
	materials.

## 3. SUGGESTEDSPECIFICATIONTABLEWITHHOURS&MARKS(THEORY)

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	Distribution of Theory Marks						
No.		Hours	R Lev el	U Lev el	A Lev el	Tota l			
I.	Stones	07	5	10	20	35			
II.	Bricks	08	5	10	20	35			
III.	Lime,Cement and Cement Concrete	12	5	10	20	35			
IV.	Timber	07	5	10	20	35			
V.	Metals and Alloys	10	5	10	15	30			
VI	Miscellaneous and Modern building materials:	08	5	10	15	30			
	Total	5 2	TOTAL MARKS			200			

**Legends:** R = Remember; U = Understand; A = Apply and above levels (Bloom's revised taxonomy)

## 4. DETAILS OF COURSE CONTENT

The following topics/sub topics is to be taught and assessed in order to develop Unit Skill sets for achieving CO to attain identified skill sets

UNIT NO	COURSE CONTENT DELIVERY	DURATIO N [Hours]
	1.1 Introduction to stones.	1
	1.2 Uses of stones as an engineering material.	1
UNIT-1	1.3 Classification of rocks.	1
STONES	1.4 Characteristics of good stones.	1
	1.5 Properties and uses of important types of stones	1
	1.6 Artificial stones.	1
	2.1 Engineering aspects of bricks.	1
	2.2 Raw materials for manufacturing bricks	1
	2.3 Requirements of good bricks.	1
UNIT-2	2.4 Classification of bricks.	1
BRICKS	2.5 Classification of bricks based on shape and purpose.	1
	2.6 Refractory bricks- their types and uses.	1
	2.7 Cement concrete blocks (Solid and Hollow	1
	2.8 Properties and uses of stabilized soil blocks, fly ash bricks, and burnt clay blocks.	1
UNIT-3	3.1 Introduction to lime.Engineering aspects of lime	1

LIME ,CEMENT	3.2 Sources of lime. Various types of lime and their uses.	1				
and CEMENT	3.3 Engineering aspects of cement. Composition of ordinary					
CONCRETE	cement.	1				
	3.4 Definitions of natural cement and artificial cement.	1				
	3.5 Functions of ingredients of cement.	1				
	3.6 Hydration of cement. Initial setting time and final setting time of cement	1				
	3.7 Methods of storing cement.	1				
	3.8 Introduction to Cement Concrete. Sources of Fine and Coarse aggregate.	1				
	3.9 Ingredients and Properties of Cement Concrete.	1				
	3.10. Uses of Cement Concrete, Characteristics of Cement Concrete, Water Cement Ratio.	1				
	3.11 Functions, Properties and Uses of mortar.	1				
	3.12 Bulking of Sand.	1				
	4.1 Engineering aspects of timber.	1				
	4.2 Classification of trees, Hard wood and soft wood and their differences, defects.	1				
	4.3 Methods of seasoning of timber					
UNIT-4	4.4 Market forms of timber.					
TIMBER	4.5 Industrial timber-properties, sizes and uses of plywood, block board, particle board.					
	4.6 Industrial timber-properties, sizes and uses of plywood, block board, particle board.	1				
	4.7 Properties, sizes and uses of fiber board, laminates and veneers	1				
	5.1 <b>Ferrous metals</b> - Engineering aspects of ferrous metals.	1				
	5.2 Properties of ferrous metals like cast-iron, wrought iron.	1				
10.77	5.3 Properties of mild steel. Market forms of wrought iron and mild steel and their engineering application.	1				
UNIT-5 METALS AND	5.4 Market forms of cast-iron and their engineering application.	1				
ALLOYS	5.5 Non-Ferrous metals- Engineering aspects of non-ferrous metals.					
	5.6 Properties of non-ferrous metals - Copper, Aluminum.	1				
	5.7 Properties of non-ferrous metals- Zinc and Tin	1				

	5.8 Market Forms of copper, Aluminum, Zinc and Tin and their engineering application	1
	5.9 Market Forms of and their engineering application.	1
	5.10. Properties and uses of Aluminium alloys and Copper alloys.	1
	6.1 Engineering aspects, Objects, Characteristics of paints.	1
	6.2 Engineering aspects, Objects, Characteristics of varnishes.	1
UNIT-6 MISCELLEN	6.3 Engineering aspects, Objects, Characteristics of distemper	1
EOUS AND MODERN	6.4 Ingredients of paints, varnishes and distemper and their functions.	1
BUILDINGM	6.5 Engineering aspects of glass and Plastics.	1
ATERIALS	6.6 Properties and uses of different types of glass and Plastics.	1
	6.7 Definition, Properties uses and limitations of FRP (Fibre Reinforced Plastics), UPVC,	1
	6.8 Definition, Properties uses and limitations of Linoleum sheet, Acrylic flooring	1

## **NOTES:**

1. Student assignments are compulsory. 3 assignments each carrying 10 marks.

## 5. UNIT SKILL SET (COGNITIVE DOMAIN)

Unit No	Unit Name	Skill Set
1	Stones	Will be able to Identify the properties of materials
2	Bricks	Understanding the properties and engineering application of Bricks.
3	Lime, Cement and Cement Concrete and Mortar	Uses of concrete and mortar
4	Timber	Identify the different industrial timber, properties and engineering applications.
5	Metals and Alloys	Select relevant ferrous metals, non-ferrous metals and alloys for Engineering application.
6	Miscellaneous and Modern building materials:	Understanding the properties and engineering application of various modern building materials.

## 6: MAPPING OF CO WITH PO

CO's	Course Outcome	PO Mapped	UNIT	Cognitive Level R/U/A	Tutorial & Practical Sessions in Hrs
CO1	Identify the properties of materials	PO1,PO5, PO7	1-6	R/U/A	07
CO2	Understanding the properties and engineering application of Bricks	PO1,PO5, PO7	1-6	R/U/A	08
CO3	Uses of Lime, Cement and Cement concrete.	PO1,PO5, PO7	1-6	R/U/A	12
CO4	Identify the different industrial timber, properties and engineering applications.	PO1,PO5, PO7	1-6	R/U/A	07
CO5	Select relevant ferrous metals, non-ferrous metals and alloys for Engineering application.	PO1,PO5, PO7	1-6	R/U/A	10
CO6	Understanding the properties and engineering application of various modern building materials.	PO1,PO5, PO7	1-6	R/U/A	08
					52

		Programme Outcomes (PO's)										
Course	CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7				
	CO1	3	-	2	3	2	-	2				
MATERIALGOE	CO2	3	-	-	3	3	-	2				
MATERIALS OF	CO3	3	2	2	2	3	-	2				
CONSTRUCTION	CO4	3	-	2	2	2	-	2				
	CO5	3	2	2	2	2	-	2				
	CO6	3	2	2	-	2	-	2				

Level 3- Highly Mapped, Level 2-Moderately Mapped, Level 1-Low Mapped, Level 0- Not Mapped

## 7. INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes

- 1. Teachers should give examples from daily routine as well as, engineering/technology applications on various concepts and principles in each topic so that students are able to understand and grasp these concepts and principles. In all contents, SI units should be followed.
- 2. Use of demonstration can make the subject interesting and develop scientific temper in the students. Student assignments should be planned on all the topics
- 3. Lecturer method( L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching method and media that are employed to develop the outcomes
- 4. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various application of materials in Engineering domain
- 5. Use different instructional strategies in class room teaching

## 8. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES:

## A. List ofBooks

- 1. Engineering Materials by Sushilkumar.
- 2. Engineering Materials by Rangwala.
- 3. Engineering Materials by G.J.Kulkarni.
- 4. Engineering Materials by P.C. Varghese.

## **B.** List of Software/Learning Websites

- 1. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Building\_material
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in/courses/105102088/
- 3. http://www.journals.elsevier.com/construction-and-building-materials/
- 4. http://freevideolectures.com/Course/86/Building-Materials-and-Construction

## 9. COURSE ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION CHART

Sl. No	Assessment	Duration (in Minutes)	Max marks		Conve	rsion
1.	CIE Assessment 1 (Written Test -1) - At the end of 3 <sup>rd</sup> week	80	30	Average o	of three v	vritten tests
2.	CIE Assessment 2 (Written Test -2) - At the end of 7 <sup>th</sup> week	80	30	30		
3.	CIE Assessment 3 (Written Test -3) - At the end of 13 <sup>th</sup> week	80	30			
4	CIE Assessment 4 (MCQ/Quiz) - At the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> week	60	20			
5	CIE Assessment 5 ( Open book Test) - At the end of 9 <sup>th</sup> week	60	20	Average of three 20		
6	CIE Assessment 6 (Student activity/ Assignment)- At the end of 11 <sup>th</sup> week	60	20			
7.	Total Continuous Internal Evalua	nation (CIE) Assessment 50				
8.	Semester End Examination(SEE) Assessment (Written Test)	3	3 Hours 100 50			50

Total Marks	100

## Note:

- 1. SEE is conducted for 100 Marks (3 hours duration) for theory
- 2. I.A. test shall be conducted for 30 marks. Average of CIE's will be taken; Any fraction after taking average, it will be rounded off to the next higher digit.
- 3. Assessment of assignment and student activity is evaluated through appropriate rubrics by the respective course coordinator. The secured mark in each case is rounded off to the next higher digit.

Dimension   Beginning   Developing   Satisfactor   Good   Exemplary   Student   Score		RICS FOR A					
Collection of data  Collection of data  Collection of data  Collection of data  Collect any information relating to the topic  Fulfil team's perform any roles & duties duties  Mays work equally  Collects occlect any information relate to the topic  Collect any information information relate to the topic  Fulfil team's perform any role  Shares work equally  Collects occlect any information informatio			. •	_ ^ ^			
Collection of data  Collect any collect any information relating to the topic  Fulfil team's role  Shares Work equally  Collect any information relate to the topic  Shares work team's requally  Collect any information information relate to the topic  Shares work equally  Collects and information information relate to the topic  Fulfil team role  Shares Always relies on others to do ther work work; reminding reminding  Collects and collect any information inf	Dimension	Beginning	Developing	Satisfactor	Good	Exemplary	
Collection of data  Does not collect any information relating to the topic  Fulfil team's roles & duties work equally  Others to do others to do other amates  Listen to of data  Does not collect any information relating to the topic  Team mates  Does not collect any information relating to the topic  Tolle						4.0	Score
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information relating to the topic relate to th							8
relating to the topic relate to the topic rela	of data						
the topic topic relate to the topic death and the topic relate to the topic relate to the topic duties							
Fulfil topic relate to the topic  Fulfil team's perform any roles & duties duties but duties  Shares work relies on equally other talking; reminding  Listen to other Team any other mates  Team anyone else to speak anyone else to speak  Topic very little duties very little duties  Verm learly all duties  Always  Always  Always  Always  Versigned			· /		· /		
Fulfil team's perform any roles & duties duties but duties but the team role  Shares work equally other to do the work work; often needs reminding  Listen to other Team any other to speak  Always talking; never allows mates  Mate anyone else to speak  Average / Total Marks: (8+6+8+8)/4  Teliso nother to do ther to speak  Average / Total Marks: (8+6+8+8)/4  Telforms Performs nearly all duties of all duties of assigned duties  Always duties  Always duties  Always does the does the does the assigned assigned work; work work without having to be reminded.  Talks good; Listens, but speaks a fair amount much listening allows others to speak  Average / Total Marks: (8+6+8+8)/4  Total Marks: (8+6+8+8)/4  Total Marks: (8+6+8+8)/4  Average / Total Marks: (8+6+8+8)/4  Average / Total Marks: (8+6+8+8)/4  Telforms performs need all duties of all duties of assigned duties  Always does the does the assigned work work  Work work work without having to be reminded.  Listen to other talking; does most others others to speak  Average / Total Marks: (8+6+8+8)/4  Talks good; Listens, but sometimes speaks a fair amount much listening others		the topic			to the topic	· /	
Fulfil team's perform any performs performs perform any perform any roles & duties duties assigned to the team role  Shares work equally of the work performs assigned to the team role  Shares work equally of the work performs assigned to the team role  Listen to other to do other to do the work perminding reminding reminding reminded.  Listen to other to other to speak anyone else to speak assigned allows others to speak  Maways relies on assigned work; often needs reminding reminded.  Listen to other to speak anyone else to speak allows others to speak  Average / Total Marks: (8+6+8+8)/4 7.5 = 8			topic			the topic	
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roles & duties assigned to the team role  Shares Always relies on equally others to do the work reminding reminding  Listen to other talking; never allows mates  Mays assigned to unreliable.  Rarely does the does the does the does the assigned work; rarely needs reminding  Talks good; Listens, but talking; never allows others to speak  Average / Total Marks: (8+6+8+8)/4  duties duties assigned team roles  duties duties duties duties duties assigned team roles  duties assigned to unreliable.  Listens assigned work; work work work without having to be reminded.  Listen to other talking; never allows others to speak  Average / Total Marks: (8+6+8+8)/4  Always does the does the does the work without having to be reminded.  Listens and fair amount fair amount without having to be reminded.  Average / Total Marks: (8+6+8+8)/4  7.5 = 8							6
duties assigned to the team role  Shares Always relies on equally others to do the work reminding reminding  Listen to other talking; never allows mates anyone else to speak  Always Rarely does the does the does the work; often needs reminding reminding others to speak  Always does the does the does the does the assigned work; work work work work without having to be reminded.  Listen to other talking; never allows anyone else to speak  Average / Total Marks: (8+6+8+8)/4  Talks good; Listens, but sometimes speaks a fair amount much  Average / Total Marks: (8+6+8+8)/4  Talks good; Listens, but sometimes speaks a fair amount much  Average / Total Marks: (8+6+8+8)/4  Talks good; Listens, but sometimes speaks a fair amount much  Average / Total Marks: (8+6+8+8)/4  Talks good; Listens, but sometimes speaks a fair amount much				•	•		
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marks				9		` ,	marks

## **Model Question Bank**

Sl.No	Questions	CL (R/U/A)	со	Marks
	UNIT 1: STONES			
1	State the uses of stones as an engineering material.	R/U	CO1	05
2	Classify the rocks based on geological properties.	R/U	CO1	05
3	What are the characteristics of good stones?	R/U	CO1	05
4	Distinguish between granite and marble stone.	R/U	CO1	05
5	Write short note on sedimentary rocks.	R/U	CO1	05
6	Write a short note on terrazzo blocks.	R/U	CO1	05
7	What are the qualities of good building stone?	R/U	CO1	05
8	Briefly explain the classification of rocks.	R/U	CO1	10
9	Write a note on artificial stone.	R/U	CO1	10
10	Write a note on artificial granite	R/U	CO1	05
11	Discuss the properties and uses of any five types of stones.	R/U	CO1	10

UNI	2 :BRICKS			
1	What are the qualities of good bricks?	R/U/A	CO2	05
2	List the ingredients of good brick earth.	R/U/A	CO2	05
3	Write a short note on hollow cement blocks.	R/U/A	CO2	05
4	What are the uses of refractory bricks?	R/U/A	CO2	05
5	Classify various types of bricks based on the shape.	R/U/A	CO2	05
6	Classify the types of bricks.	R/U/A	CO2	05
7	State the requirements of good bricks.	R/U/A	CO2	10
8	Write a short note on Cement concrete blocks (Solid and Hollow)	R/U/A	CO2	10
9	Define stabilized soil blocks, fly ash bricks	R/U/A	CO2	10
10	Define burnt clay blocks.	R/U/A	CO2	10
	UNIT 3 :LIME, CEMENT and CEMENT CONC	RETE		
1	Write the engineering aspects of Lime.	R/U/A	CO3	05
2	What are the sources of lime?	R/U/A	CO3	05
3	List the functions of ingredients of cement.	R/U/A	CO3	05
4	Explain engineering aspects of cement.	R/U/A	CO3	05
5	Define natural cement and artificial cement.	R/U/A	CO3	05
6	Summarize Composition of ordinary cement.	R/U/A	CO3	05
7	Explain hydration of cement.	R/U/A	CO3	10
8	Explainmethods of storing cement.	R/U/A	CO3	10
9	State the various sources of fine aggregate.	R/U/A	CO3	10
10	Differentiate between fine aggregate and coarse aggregate.	R/U/A	CO3	10
11	What is meant by bulking of sand?	R/U/A	CO3	10
12	What are the properties of good coarse aggregate?	R/U/A	CO3	10
13	What is the role of fine aggregate in mortar and concrete?	R/U/A	CO3	10

14	What is the role of coarse aggregate in concrete?	R/U/A	CO3	10
	UNIT 4: TIMBER			
1	Discuss engineering aspects of timber.	R/U/A	CO4	05
2	Differentiate between exogenous and endogenous trees.	R/U/A	CO4	05
3	Differentiate between hard wood and soft wood.	R/U/A	CO4	05
4	List the properties of good timber.	R/U/A	CO4	05
5	Define plywood and block board.	R/U/A	CO4	10
6	What are the advantages of artificial seasoning?	R/U/A	CO4	05
7	Name the various market forms of timber.	R/U/A	CO4	10
8	What are the advantages and disadvantages of natural seasoning?	R/U/A	CO4	10
	UNIT 5 : METALS and ALLOYS			
1	List the properties & uses of copper?	R/U/A	CO5	05
2	List the properties & uses of aluminium?	R/U/A	CO5	05
3	List the 5 market forms of zinc?	R/U/A	CO5	05
4	List the 5 market forms of tin?	R/U/A	CO5	05
5	List the 5 market forms of steel?	R/U/A	CO5	05
6	What are the properties & uses of tor steel?	R/U/A	CO5	05
7	What are the properties & uses of copper?	R/U/A	CO5	05
8	Explain the different types of cast iron?	R/U/A	CO5	10
9	Explain the different types of mild steel?	R/U/A	CO5	10
10	List the properties & uses of Aluminum?	R/U/A	CO5	10
11	Explain the different types of wrought iron?	R/U/A	CO5	10
12	What are the properties & uses of tor steel?	R/U/A	CO5	10

	UNIT 6: MISCELLENEOUS AND MODERN BUIL	LDINGMAT	ERIALS	S
1	What are the objects of paint?	R/U/A	CO6	05
2	Write the characteristics of good paint?	R/U/A	CO6	05
3	What are the ingredients of good paint?	R/U/A	CO6	05
4	What are the objects of varnish?	R/U/A	CO6	05
5	Write the characteristics of good distemper?	R/U/A	CO6	05
6	Write the characteristic of good varnish?	R/U/A	CO6	05
7	Explain methods of painting?	R/U/A	CO6	05
8	Explain types of paint?	R/U/A	CO6	10
9	Explain the ingredients of good varnish?	R/U/A	CO6	10
10	Explain the properties & uses of FRP.	R/U/A	CO6	10
11	Explain the properties & uses of UPVC.	R/U/A	CO6	10
12	Explain the properties & uses of acrylic flooring.	R/U/A	CO6	10
13	Explain the properties & uses of linoleum sheet.	R/U/A	CO6	10

## **Model Question Paper** I A Test (CIE)

Progran	nme: Semester	: I			
Course					
Course (					
Name of the course coordinator: Test: I/II/III					
Note: A	nswer one full question from each section. One full questio	n carri	es 10 i	narks.	
Qn.No	Question	CL	CO	PO	Marks
	Section-1				
1.a)					
b)					
c)					
2.a)					
b)					
c)					
	Section-2				
3.a)					
b)					
c)					
4.a)					
b)					
c)					
	Section-3				
5.a)					
b)					
c)					
6.a)					
b)					
c)					

## **Model Question Paper Semester End Examination**

Programme:	Semester: I
Course :	Max Marks: 100
Course Code:	Duration: 3 Hrs

Instruction to the Candidate:

Answer one full question from each section. One full question carries 20 marks

	Answer one full question from each section. One full question ca			
Qn.No	Question	CL	CO	Marks
	Section-1			
1.a)				
b)				
2.a)				
b)				
	Section-2			
3.a)				
b)				
4.a)				
b)				
	Section- 3			
5.a)				
b)				
6.a)				
b)				
	Section-4			
7.a)				
b)				
8.a)				
b)				
	Section-5			
9.a)				
b)				
10.a)				
b)				

# Government of Karnataka Department of Collegiate and Technical Education Board of Technical Examinations, Bangalore

Course Code	20SC02P	Semester	I/II
Course Title	STATISTICS AND ANALYTICS	Course Group	Core
No. of Credits	4	Type of Course	Lecture and practice
Course Category	Practice	Total Contact Hours	6 Hrs. Per Week 78 Hrs. Per Semester
Prerequisites	10 <sup>TH</sup> LEVEL MATHEMATICS	Teaching Scheme	(L: T:P)-1:0:2
CIE Marks	60	SEE Marks	40

## **RATIONALE**

Statistics and analytics help the learner to use the proper methods to collect the data, employ the correct analyses, effectively present the results and conduct research, to be able to read and evaluate journal articles, to further develop critical thinking and analytic skills, to act as an informed consumer and to know when you need to hire outside statistical help. The python language is one of the most accessible programming languages available because it has simplified syntax and not complicated, which gives more emphasis on natural language.

## **COURSE OUT COMES**

At the end of the course, student will be able to

CO1	Understand the tools of data collection, classification and cleaning of data.
<b>CO2</b>	Able to summarize the given statistical data
CO3	Understand the measure of location and dispersion of data.
CO4	Learn the basics of Python programming.

## **DETAILS OF COURSE CONTENT**

The following topics/subtopics is to be taught and assessed in order to develop Unit Skill Sets for achieving CO to attain identified skill sets.

UNIT NO	Unit skill set (In cognitive domain)	Topics/Subtopics	Hours L-T-P
UNIT-1 STATISTICAL DATA COLLECTION AND TYPES	<ul> <li>Able to collect statistical data.</li> <li>Able to distinguish the data types.</li> <li>Understands the usage of data collection tools</li> <li>Able to specify problem statement for data collection</li> <li>Able to collect data pointing the root cause of the problem statement.</li> </ul>	a Definition of data and classification (qualitative quantitative discrete and continuous data). b Data collection tools i) Questionnaires. ii) Survey. iii) Interviews. iv) Focus group discussion. 1.3 Data cleaning.	4-0-8
UNIT-2 SUMMARIZATION OF DATA	<ul> <li>Sketches bar, pie and histograms on Microsoft Excel spread sheet.</li> <li>Sketches frequency curve and frequency polygon for the data set on Microsoft Excel spread sheet.</li> <li>Sketches bar, pie and histograms on Microsoft Excel spread sheet.</li> <li>Sketches frequency curve and frequency polygon for the data set on Microsoft Excel spread sheet.</li> </ul>	a Descriptive statistics v) Datatabulation(freque ncy table vi) Relative frequency table. b Grouped data vii) Bar graph viii) Pie chart ix) Line graph x) Frequency polygon xi) Frequency curve xii) Relative frequency polygon xiii) Histograms xiv) Box plot xv) Leaf-stem plot To be done in Microsoft excel.	8-0- 16
UNIT-3  MEASURE OF LOCATION AND DISPERSION	<ul> <li>Able to determine the descriptive statistical variables using Microsoft Excel.</li> <li>Able to determine the absolute measures of dispersion of the given data set.</li> <li>Explain the symmetry</li> </ul>	a Determination of central tendencies Range, Mean, Mode and Median for the data in Microsoft excel. b Determination of absolute measures of dispersion for data like range quartile deviation, mean deviation, standard deviation and	6-0- 12

	and asymmetry of the distributed data.	variance in Microsoft Excel. c Skewness and kurtosis graphs in Microsoft excel and interpretations of results.	
UNIT-4 INTRODUCTION TO PYTHON PROGRAMMING	<ul> <li>Able Install and run the Python interpreter.         Create and execute Python programs.</li> <li>Understand the concepts of file I/O.</li> <li>Able to read data from a text file using Python.</li> <li>Learn variable declarations in Python.</li> <li>Learn control structures.</li> <li>Learn loop constructs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>4.1 Introduction to PYTHON.</li> <li>4.2 Syntax of PYTHON.</li> <li>4.3 Comments of PYTHON.</li> <li>4.4 Data types of PYTHON.</li> <li>4.5 Variables of PYTHON.</li> <li>4.6 If-else in PYTHON.</li> <li>4.6 Loops in PYTHON.</li> <li>4.7 Arrays and functions in PYTHON.</li> </ul>	8-0- 16

	Dipionia in Arcintecture Assistantship				1 620
SL NO	Practical outcomes/Practical exercises	Unit no	PO	CO	L:T:P
1	Prepare a questionnaire (closed end) containing 25 questions for a specified problem statement: for example experience of an individual in a restaurant.	1	1,2,4,5,7	1	0:0:2
2	Prepare a Google form for a specified problem statement to collect the dataset. (for example questionnaire to conduct online quiz)	1	1,2,4,5,7	1	0:0:2
3	Send out a survey on your problem statement to number of 50 (By Google forms) and collect the data.	1	1,2,4,5,7	1	0:0:2
4	Remove duplicate or irrelevant observations. Remove unwanted observations from the dataset provided, including duplicate observations or irrelevant observations.	1	1,2,4,5,7	1	0:0:2
5	In Microsoft Excel spread sheet draw the frequency distribution table for the given data (data set should contain minimum 50 data).	2	1,2,4,5,7	2	0:0:2
6	In Microsoft Excel spread sheet draw the relative frequency distribution table for the given data (data set should contain minimum 50 data).	2	1,2,4,5,7	2	0:0:2
7	Using Microsoft Excel spread sheet plot bar graph for the data collected from 100 people( for example, conduct a survey on the favorite fruit of a person in your locality(restricting to 5 to 6 fruits). Explain the bar graph with minimum 30 words.	2	1,2,4,5,7	2	0:0:2
8	Using Microsoft Excel spread sheet plot pie chart for the data collected from 50 people( for example, conduct a survey on the smokers with respect to their ages in your locality. Explain the pie chart with minimum 30 words.	2	1,2,4,5,7	2	0:0:2
9	Using Microsoft Excel spread sheet draw a line graph for the given dataset.	2	1,2,4,5,7	2	0:0:2
10	Using Microsoft Excel spread sheet draw frequency polygon and frequency curve for the data collected from 50 people. (For example, marks obtained by the students in your class in 5 subjects in previous examination). Explain your observations from the graph in minimum 30 words.	2	1,2,4,5,7	2	0:0:2
11	Using Microsoft Excel spread sheet construct a box plot for the given dataset. (For example dataset can be the number of passengers in a flat form at different time in a day).	2	1,2,4,5,7	2	0:0:2
12	Using Microsoft Excel spread sheet construct a leaf plot for the given dataset. Explain the graph with minimum 30 words.	2	1,2,4,5,7	2	0:0:2

13	Using Microsoft Excel spread sheet find the Mean, Mode and Median for the data (univariate data) given and also represent them in a Histogram.		3	1,2,4,5,7	2	0:0:2
14	Generate a 50 random data sample (even and odd number dataset) using Microsoft Excel spread sheet and determine the range and Quartiles.	3		1,2,4,5,7	2	0:0:2

15	Collect the current yield of a crop from 50 different persons (problem statement can be changed according to priorities of the tutor) in your locality and determine mean deviation and Quartile deviation in Microsoft excel spread sheet and brief your inference with less than 30 words.	3	1,2,4,5,7	3	0:0:2		
16	Collect the data of any 2 livestock population from 50 different houses in your locality (problem statement can be changed according to priorities of the tutor) and determine standard deviation for both the two separately in Microsoft excel spread sheet and brief your inference with less than 30 words.	3	1,2,4,5,7	3	0:0:2		
17	Collect the data of two wheeler (with a rider and a pillion) crossing a busy junction in your locality in the peak hours (problem statement can be changed according to priorities of the tutor) and determine the variance of the data in Microsoft excel spread sheet and brief your inference with less than 30 words.	3	1,2,4,5,7	3	0:0:2		
18	Using Microsoft Excel spread sheet draw a Skewness graph and kurtosis graph for randomly generated dataset.	3	1,2,4,5,7	3	0:0:2		
20	Write a python program to add 2 integers and 2 strings and print the result.	4	1,2,4,5,7	4	0:0:2		
21	Write a python program to find the sum of first 10 natural numbers.	4	1,2,4,5,7	4	0:0:2		
22	Write a python program to find whether the number is odd or even.	4	1,2,4,5,7	4	0:0:2		
23	Write a python program to find the variance and standard deviation for the given data	4	1,2,4,5,7	4	0:0:2		
24	Write a python program to display student marks from the record.	4	1,2,4,5,7	4	0:0:2		
25	Write a python program to create a labeled bar graph using matpoltlib. pyplot.	4	1,2,4,5,7	4	0:0:2		
26	Write a python program to create a labeled pie chart using matpoltlib. pyplot.	4	1,2,4,5,7	4	0:0:2		
Total Hours							

## MAPPING OF CO WITH PO

со	Course Outcome	PO Mapped	Experi ment Linked	Cognitive  Level  R/U/A	Tutorial & Practical Sessions	TOT AL
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					in Hrs.	
CO1	Understand the tools of data					
	collection, classification and	1,2,4,5,7	1-4	Α	12	12
	cleaning of data.					
CO2	Able to summarize the given	1,2,4,5,7	5-12	A	33	33
	statistical data	, , , ,			33	
CO3	Understand the measure of	1,2,4,5,7	13-18	A	12	12
	location and dispersion of data.	, , , ,			12	
CO4	Learn the basics of Python	1,2,4,5,7	19-26	A	21	21
	programming.				21	
					78	78

Course	CO's	Programme Outcomes (PO's)						
	COS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Statistics & Analytics	CO1	3	3	0	3	3	0	3
	CO2	3	3	0	3	3	0	3
	CO3	3	3	0	3	3	0	3
	CO4	3	3	0	3	3	0	3

Level 3- Highly Mapped, Level 2-Moderately Mapped, Level 1-Low Mapped, **Level 0- Not Mapped** 

## **SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES:**

- 1. Statistical Analysis with Excel For Dummies (For Dummies Series) Paperback Import, 9 April 2013 by <u>Joseph Schmuller</u> (Author)
- 2. https://www.brianheinold.net/python/A Practical Introduction to Python Progra mmingHeinold.pdf
- 3. <a href="http://www.bikeprof.com/uploads/9/0/6/5/9065192/excel stats handout npl.pdf">http://www.bikeprof.com/uploads/9/0/6/5/9065192/excel stats handout npl.pdf</a>

- 4. <a href="https://adminfinance.umw.edu/tess/files/2013/06/Excel-Manual1.pdf">https://adminfinance.umw.edu/tess/files/2013/06/Excel-Manual1.pdf</a>
- 5. <a href="https://www.brianheinold.net/python/A Practical Introduction to Python ProgrammingHeinold.pdf">https://www.brianheinold.net/python/A Practical Introduction to Python ProgrammingHeinold.pdf</a>
- 6. Introduction to Python programming for beginners by Vivian Baily Kindle edition.
- 7. PYTHON PROGRAMMING: Python programming: the ultimate guide from a beginner to expert by Clive Campbell.
- 8. Open source for python: <a href="https://hub.gke2.mybinder.org/user/jupyterlab-jupyterlab-demo-zfkdwy4y/lab">https://hub.gke2.mybinder.org/user/jupyterlab-jupyterlab-jupyterlab-demo-zfkdwy4y/lab</a>

## SUGGESTED LIST OF STUDENT ACTIVITY

Note: The following activities or similar activities for assessing CIE (IA) for 10 marks (Any one)

Describe the data collection activity itself (interviews, surveys, library research, etc.) AND why this specific form of data collection was chosen. Be sure to explain why you think this kind of data will help you in your design process. Also be sure to provide details about the activity: how many interviews, how long they took, where they took place, how many questions asked in a survey, how many respondents, etc.

Present the results of your data collection. You do not have to have completely analyzed all your data, but do make sure you present the results of your research. If you did a survey, please attach a copy of the survey as an appendix; if you did interviews, please attach a copy of the interview questions.

Discuss any preliminary analysis of your data. What have you learned thus far from the data should be discussed from an analytical perspective (rather than a data dump). For example, if you surveyed people about their use of the local bus system, and 90% of your respondents said they take the bus when it is raining, and 60% of your respondents said they usually wait more than 10 minutes for a bus, think about what this teaches you rather than just the information itself. In this instance, you can see that people are generally waiting for several minutes in the rain for a bus, so a covered bus stop might be a good idea. Keep in mind that your findings from data should lead directly to the conclusions you make about your design recommendations. This is the time to begin thinking very specifically about your research in those terms. This is also an opportunity to think about your definition of "better" and how it applies to your design goals and your choice of research activities (for example, if you are choosing to make something better by making it cheaper, maybe you are interviewing people to see how much loss of functionality or decrease in features for a technology they are willing to tolerate).

 $\frac{https://ils.unc.edu/courses/2013\ spring/inls541\ 001/Assignments.html\#Assign\ ment\ 9}{}$ 

DOWNLOAD a dataset from the above link and use data visualization tools to analyze it.

Acquire the dataset from <a href="https://www.kaggle.com/datasets">https://www.kaggle.com/datasets</a> (For example acquire the data of IPL ball by ball scores and find the standard deviation and variance of score of a batsmen) and clean the data for the root cause of the problem statement and summarize the date and explain the inference.

2

3

# COURSE ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION CHART

Metho	What	į.	To	When/Wh	Max	Evidence	Course
d			whom	ere	Mar	collected	outcomes
				(Frequenc	ks		
				y in the			
	QIP.	3.6.1	0. 1	course)	20	DI D I	4.0.0
	CIE	Mode	Studen	Two IA	20	Blue Book	1,2,3.
	(Continuo	ls	ts	Tests			
F	us Internal			(Written)	20	26 1 1	4.0.0
4E	Evaluation			Three Skill	20	Model	1,2,3
DIRECT ASSESSMENT	J			tests	20	14 1 1/2	
SES				Student	20	Model/Repo	
AS				Activity		rt	
E	ann.	I		TOTAL	60	26 1 1	4.0.0
KE	SEE	End		End of the	100	Models	1,2,3
FIC	(Semester	Exam		course			
-	End						
	Examinati						
	on)	.111	Ct. l	M: 1 11 C		F 11 1	1 2 2 D.P.
	Student Fee		Studen	Middle of		Feedback	1,2,3, Delivery
<b>—</b>	on cour		ts	the course		forms	of course
E	End of Co			End of the		Questionnai	1,2,3
INDIRECT	Surve	y		course		res	Effectiveness
DIII							of
ISS							Demonstratio
Ā							ns&
							Assessment
							Methods

Sl.No	Assessment	Duration	Max	Conversion
			marks	
1	CIE Assessment 1 (Written Test -1-theory)	60	20	Average of
1	- At the end of <b>3<sup>rd</sup> week</b>	minutes	20	two written
2	CIE Assessment 2 (Written Test -2-theory)	60	20	tests
Z	- At the end of <b>13</b> th <b>week</b>	minutes	20	20
2	CIE Assessment 3 (Skill test)	3 Hrs	20	Average of
3	- At the end of <b>5</b> <sup>th</sup> <b>week</b>	з пгѕ	20	three skill
4	CIE Assessment 4 (Skill test)	3 Hrs	20	tests

	- At the end of <b>7<sup>th</sup> week</b>			20		
5	CIE Assessment 5 (Skill test) - At the end of <b>9</b> <sup>th</sup> <b>week</b>	3Hrs	20			
6	CIE Assessment 6 (Student activity) - At the end of <b>11</b> <sup>th</sup> <b>week</b>	-	20	20		
7	Total Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)	ernal Evaluation (CIE) Assessment		60		
8	Semester End Examination (SEE) Assessment (Practical Test)	3Hrs	100	40		
	Total Marks 10					

#### Note:

- 1. CIE written test is conducted for 20 marks (Two sections). Each section shall have two full questions of same CL, CO. Student shall answer one full question (10 marks) from each section.
- 2. CIE Skill test is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration) as per scheme of evaluation and the obtained marks are scaled down to 20 marks.
- 3. SEE is conducted for 100 Marks (3 Hours duration) as per scheme of evaluation.

## **MODEL QUESTION PAPER**

## CIE, SKILL TEST AND SEMESTER END EXAMINATION

Course & Programme: Common to all Engineering Programmes.Semester: IISubject: Statistics and Analytics PracticeMax Marks: 100Course Code: 20SC21PDuration: 3Hrs

## Instruction to the Candidate: Answer both questions

Qn.No	Question	CL	СО	PO	Marks
1	For the given ungrouped data set plot the bar graph by grouping the data in Microsoft excel spread sheet and interpret the obtained results. (Dataset. bar graphs and interpretation have to be entered in the answer script).  OR  Generate a random data set in Microsoft excel spread sheet containing 50 data and find the mean mode and median in Microsoft excel spread sheet and interpret the obtained results. (Dataset, bar graphs and interpretation have to be entered in the	A	2,3	1,2,4,5,7	50

	answer script).				
2	Write the python program to enter two integers and two strings and to print the sum two integers and two strings.	A	4	1,2,4,5,7	50

Questions are not framed from Unit 1 in the final SEE. Short questions can only be asked from that unit.

## SCHEME OF EVALUATION FOR BOTH CIE AND SEE

Sl. No	Particulars	Marks
1	Short questions from Unit 1	10
2	Observation	30
3	Conduction	20
4	Output and Interpretation of result	20
5	Viva-voce	20
	Total	100

# **EQUIPMENT LIST**

## FOR STATISTICS AND DATA ANALYTICS LAB

2 laboratories. Each containing 30 computers (Desktop) with the following system requirements.

	SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS						
SL NO	REQUIREMENTS	MINIMUM	RECOMMENDED				
1	RAM	4GB FOR FREE RAM	8GB OF TOTAL SYSTEM RAM				
2	DISK SPACE	2.5 GB AND 1 GB FOR CACHES	SSD DRIVE WITH AT LEAST 5 GB OF FREE SPACE				
3	MONITOR RESOLUTION	1024x768	1920×1080				
4	OS(OPERATING SYSTEM)	OFFICIALLY RELEASED 64-BIT VERSIONS OF THE FOLLOWING: MICROSOFT	LATEST 64-BIT VERSION OF WINDOWS				

	WINDOWS 8 OR	
	LATER	

Course Code	20AR12P	Semester	I
Course Title	Architectural Graphics	Course Group	Architecture & Interior decoration
No. of Credits	4	Type of Course	Lecture& Practice
Course Cotegory	AD	Total Contact Hours	6Hrs Per Week
Course Category	AR	Total Contact Hours	78Hrs Per Semester
Prerequisites	Zeal to learn the subject/Visualizing/Creativity	Teaching Scheme	(L:T:P)-1:0:2
CIE Marks	60	SEE Marks	40

#### 1.CourseRationale:

Engineering Drawing is an effective language of engineers. It is the foundation block which strengthens the engineering & architectural structure. Moreover, it is the transmitting link between ideas and realization.

### 2.List ofcompetencies

The course content should be taught and implemented with the aim to develop different types of skills leading to the achievement of the following competencies:

- Prepare engineering drawings manually with given geometrical dimensions using prevailing drawing standards and drafting instruments.
- Visualize the shape of simple object from orthographic views and vice versa

## 3.Course out comes

CO1	Adopt the standards in dimensioning and to reproduce given drawings to given scale.
Visualize solid objects in all planes and to develop two dimensional views using print orthographic projection for graphical communication in design process.	
CO3	Develop the sectional views of solids & development of surface for geometrical objects
CO4	Develop axonometric views like Isometric, dimeric trimetric.
CO5	Develop technique methods in drawing perspective views of geometrical objects.

#### 4.INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

- 1. Teacher should show model of real of the component/part whose drawing is to be made. Emphasis should be given on cleanliness, dimensioning and layout of sheet.
- 2. Focus should be on proper selection of drawing instruments and their proper use.

## **5-a CONTENTS**

The following topics/sub topics are to be taught and assessed in order to ensure acquisition of skill sets by students for achieving CO to attain identified learning topics.

# 5-b COURSECONTENTDETAILS.

		(in cognitive domain)	L-T-P
UNIT-1 Dimensioning & Geometrical constructions	1.1 List the different drawing instruments and application 1.2 Graphical conventions of various types of lines and its application(Thick, Thin, Axis etc) 1.3 Practice use of drawing instruments 1.4 Representative fraction Scales - Full Scale, Reduced Scale and Enlarged Scale 1.6 Dimensioning Aligned system and Unidirectional system in the given drawings. 1.7 Dividing line into given number of equal parts & ratio. 1.8Construct different polygons.	<ol> <li>Drawing equipment's, instruments and materials.</li> <li>Standard sizes of drawing sheets, layout of drawing sheets, title block.</li> <li>Types of lines &amp; their applications, Pencils-grades, applications.</li> <li>Scaling technique used indrawing.</li> <li>DimensioningmethodsAligned system and Unidirectional system.</li> <li>Dividing line into equal parts.</li> <li>Constructions of geometrical figures.</li> </ol>	5-0-10
UNIT-2 Orthographic Projections	2.1 Introduction to Projections- Principal Planes of Projection and Principal Views 2.2 Introduction to First angle method. 2.3 Projection of Solids. 2.4 Draw orthographic views of objects like cube, prism, pyramid, cylinder ,cone  Note:  (1) Problem should be restricted to development of - Front view/Elevation, Top view/Plan and Side views only.  Use First Angle Method only.	1. Reference planes, orthographic projections. 2. Concept of quadrant, first angle projections and their representation.  Projections of solids in various positions with respect to the reference planes. (Parallel, perpendicular and inclined to HP and / or VP  Note:  To consider the object in simple&stable positions	6-0-12
UNIT-3 Section of solids & Development of surfaces	3.1 Draw Section of solids with simple positions of object cube, prism, pyramid, cylinder & cone. 3.2 Draw the development of surfaces of solids, cube, prism, pyramid, cylinder & cone.	Draw Section of solids of simple geometrical objects with their true shape.     Develop the complete lateral surface of solid geometrical objects.	5-0-10

Unit	Major Learning Topics and Sub- Topics	Outcomes (in cognitive domain)	Hours L-T-P
UNIT-4 Axonometric Views	4.1 Introduction to 3d views of objects — Isometric, Dimetric& Trimetric views.  4.2 Develop Isometric views of geometrical objects - cube, prism, pyramid, cylinder & cone.  Develop Isometric views of simple objects — Steps, pedestal, table	<ol> <li>Isometric view and isometricdrawing.</li> <li>Difference between isometric projection and isometricdrawing.</li> <li>Illustrative problems limited to Simple elements</li> <li>Development ofdiametric&amp;trimetric views</li> <li>Note:</li> <li>Focus more on isometric views and give brief information about dimetric and trimetric views.</li> </ol>	5-0-10
UNIT-5 Perspective Drawings	5.1 Introduction to Perspective drawing –  5.2 Technical terms used in perspective  5.3 Techniques & methods of perspective drawing of geometrical objects.  i. One point – simple objects cube, prism, pyramid, cylinder, cone, steps & pedestal  i. Two point – simple objects cube, prism, pyramid, cylinder, cone, steps & pedestal Etc.,	<ol> <li>Principle of Perspective projections</li> <li>Definitions of Perspective elements.</li> <li>Methods of drawing Perspective views.         Visual Ray Method and Vanishing point method.</li> <li>One point perspective or parallel perspective.</li> <li>Two point or Angular perspective</li> </ol>	5-0-10
		TOTAL	26-0-52

# **6.LIST OF PRACTICALEXERCISES**

The exercises/practical/experiments should be properly designed and implemented with an attempt to develop different types of skills leading to the achievement of the competency. Following is the list of exercises/practical/experiments for guidance.

Sr. No.	Unit No.	Practical Exercises (Outcomes in Psychomotor Domain)	Hours
1 1		Teacher will demonstrate the use of drawinginstruments.     Planning and layout as per IS.     C: Scaling technique.	1-0-2
		2. Drawfollowing.  Problem – 1 Drawing horizontal, vertical, 30 degree, 45 degree, 60 & 75 degrees lines using Tee and Set squares/ drafter.(Sketch book)  Problem – 2 Indicate different convention of lines on the drawing.	

		.(Drawing sheet)	
		(Drawing sheet)	
		Problem – 3 Copy the drawing to the required scale and dimensioning adopting right system and positioning of dimensions using Tee and Set squares / drafter.(Drawing sheet)	1-0-2
		Problem 4 Dividing given line in to equal number of parts.	1-0-2
		Problem 5. Draw regular geometric constructions Pentagon, Hexagon, (Drawing sheet)	1-0-2
		Problem 6. Draw regular geometric constructions Square, circle, Triangle and other shapes(Drawing sheet)	1-0-2
		First angle Projection symbol Problem 5: Draw Projection of points in 1 <sup>St</sup> , 2nd,3 <sup>rd</sup> and 4 <sup>th</sup> Quadrants.(Drawing sheet)	1-0-2
		Problem 6: Draw Projection of Lines a) Parallel to both the planes b)Parallel to one and Perpendicular to another c) Parallel to one and Inclined to another(Drawing sheet)	1-0-2
2	2	Introduction to orthographic projection – principal planes of projection – Concept of first angle projection.  Draw plan and elevation of Geometrical objects given the position and location.  Draw plan and elevation of Geometrical objects given the position and location.	1-0-2
		Draw the orthographic views of objects – cubes,	1-0-2
		Draw the orthographic views of objects - prism,	1-0-2
		Draw the orthographic views of objects –pyramids, Cylinder, cone etc.	1-0-2
3	3	Explain the concept of sections of solid objects and their true shapes with the help of auxiliary planes.	3-0-6
		Development of complete surface of solid geometrical objects such as	2-0-4
		cube, prism, pyramid cylinder and cone  -Explain the concept of axonometric views such as isometric diametric and trimetric properties scale & projections	1-0-2
4	4	diametric and trimetric. Isometric scale & projections.  Draw isometric projections of geometrical objects and isometric views	1-0-2
		Draw isometric views of the sketch shown in the figures whose orthographic views are given	3-0-6
5	5	Principle of Perspective projections Definitions of Perspective elements.	1-0-2
		Methods of perspective projections and related problems with one point and two point perspective views	4-0-8
		TOTAL	26-0-52

- 1 Theory & practice should be in first angle projections and IS codes should be followed wherever applicable.
- 2 The dimensions of line, axes, distances, angle, side of polygon, diameter, etc. must be varied for each student in batch so that each student will have same problems, but with different dimensions.
- 3 The sketchbook has to contain data of all problems, solutions of all problems and student activities performed.
- 4 Students' activities are compulsory to be performed. A hand out containing applicable standards from IS codes including title block as per IS standard should be given to each student by concerned teacher.
- 5 SEE (Practical) shall be conducted For 40 marks, students are to be assessed for competencies achieved.

## 7.SUGGESTED LIST OF STUDENTACTIVITIES.

SR.NO.	ACTIVITY
1	Sketch the combinations of set squares to draw angles in step of 15°. (15°, 30°, 45°, 60°, 75°, 90°, 105°, 120°, 135°, 150°, 165°, 180°).
2	Take two simple objects. Sketch isometric of them. Also draw orthographic projections of them (all views).
3	Take one circular shape. Assume one point on circumference and mark it. Roll that shape on flat and circular surface. Observe the path of point.
4	Prepare geometrical objects models such as cube, prism pyramid cylinder and cone.

Note: Concern course coordinator can suggest the relevant student activities apart from the above suggestive activities

#### **8.SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES:**

- 1. Bureau of Indian Standards. *Engineering Drawing Practice for Schools and Colleges IS: Sp-46.* BIS. Government of India, Third Reprint, October 1998; ISBN: 81-7061-091-2.
- 2. Bhatt, N. D. *Engineering Drawing*. Charotar Publishing House, Anand, Gujrat 2010; ISBN: 978-93- 80358-17-8.
- 3. Jain &Gautam, Engineering Graphics & Design, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi (ISBN: 978- 93-86173-478)
- Jolhe, D. A. Engineering Drawing. Tata McGraw Hill Edu. New Delhi, 2010; ISBN: 978-0-07-064837-1
- 5. Dhawan, R. K. *Engineering Drawing*. S. Chand and Company, New Delhi; ISBN: 81-219-1431-0.
- 6. Shah, P. J. Engineering Drawing. S. Chand and Company, New Delhi, 2008, ISBN:81-219-2964-4.

#### 9.SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TJ4jGyDWCw
- 2. <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dmt6">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dmt6</a> n7Sgcg
- 3. https://www.voutube.com/watch?v= MOScnLXL0M
- 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3WXPanCq9LI
- 5. <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fvjk7PlxAuo">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fvjk7PlxAuo</a>
- 6. http://www.me.umn.edu/coursesme2011/handouts/engg%20graphics.pdf
- 7. https://www.machinedesignonline.com

## 10.Mapping of Course Outcomes with Programme Outcomes (Suggestive only)

		Programme Outcomes (PO's)						
Course	CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	CO1	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
	CO2	3	2	0	3	0	0	1
Architectural Graphics	CO3	3	2	0	3	0	0	1
	CO4	3	2	0	3	0	0	1
	CO5	3	2	0	3	0	0	1

Level 3- Highly Mapped, Level 2-Moderately Mapped, Level 1-Low Mapped, Level 0- Not Mapped

Method is to relate the level of PO with the number of hours devoted to the CO s which maps the given PO.

If ≥50% of classroom sessions related to the CO are addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is mapped at Level 3

If 30 to 50% of classroom sessions related to the CO are addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is mapped at Level 2

If 5 to 30% of classroom sessions related to the CO are addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is mapped at Level 1

If < 5% of classroom sessions related to the CO are addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is considered not mapped i.e. Level 0

#### 11.Course Assessment and Evaluation Chart

Sl.No	Assessment	Time frame in semester	Duration	Max marks	Conversion
	Portfolio Evaluation of				30
1.	Drawings		-	30	
2	Skill Test-1	- At the end of 7 <sup>th</sup> week	3 Hrs	20	Average of
					two skill
					tests
3	Skill Test-2	- At the end of 13 <sup>th</sup> week	3 Hrs	20	20
4	Student Activity	-		10	10
5	Total Continuous Intern	nal Evaluation (CIE) Assessm	ent	60	60
6	Semester End Examination(SEE	(Written Test)	3 Hours	100	40
				TOTAL	100

## Note:

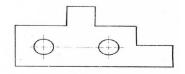
- 1. Graded exercises will be evaluated.
- 2. Skill test to be conducted for 100 marks as per scheme of evaluation. And the obtained marks are scaled down to 40 marks.

## Scheme of Valuation for End Examination(Suggestive)

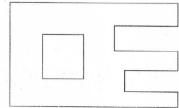
SL NO		QUESTIONS		MARKS
1.	Question 1			50
		OR		
	Question 2			50
2.	Question 3			50
		OR		
	Question 4			50
		OR		
	Question 5			50
			TOTAL	100

## **MODEL QUESTION BANK (Suggestive only)**

- 1. a ) Illustrate the elements of dimensioning with the help of a sketch.
  - 2. b) Illustrate the dimensioning of given common features: diameter, radius, chord, Arc and angle.
  - 3. a) Mention the uses of the following drawing instruments.
    - i) T-square ii) Set square iii) Bow compass iv) Clinograph v) Minidrafter
    - b) Mention the uses of the following drawing instruments.
    - i) French curves ii) Protractor iii) Clips iv) Erasing Shield v) Drafting machine
  - 4. Define RF. Mention the types of scales based on RF.
  - 5. Draw the conventional representation of lines
    - 6. Divide a line of length 170 mm in to seven equal parts.
    - 7. Reproduce the views given in the sketch below, to its full size and dimension the same by unidirectional dimensioning system
    - 8. Construct a octagon in a given 100 mm square
    - 9. Reproduce the top and front views given in the sketch below to a scale of 1:20 and dimension the same by unidirectional dimensioning system.
    - 10. Draw 45° inclined lines in a rectangular box
    - 11. Draw the various types of lines using 0.5 range thickness of line according to the specification
    - 12. Copy the sketch to 1:1 scale and dimension it using Aligned system.



13. Copy the sketch to 1:1 scale and dimension it using unidirectional system with Chain dimensioning method



- 14. Construct a heptagon of side of length 35mm without angular instrument.
- 15. Construct a pentagon of side of length 35mm without angular instrument.
- 16. Reproduce the views given to its full size and dimention the same by unidirectional system of dimensioning.

## **ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTIONS**

- 1. A triangular prism of base edge 40mm and height 65mm rests with its base on HP so that one of the base edges is is parallel to VP and it lies at 20mm from VP. Draw the top view, front view and profile ,view when the axis of the prism is perpendicular to HP. The LPP&RPP are at 25 mm from the nearer edge of the prism.
- 2. A pentagonal prism of base edge 30 mm and 60 mm long is resting on one of its lateral edges such that two of its adjacent rectangular faces containing this lateral edge are equally inclined to H.P. The edge on which it is resting is parallel to VP and lies at a distance of 40 mm in front of it. The two ends of the axis which is nearer to L.P.P and R.P.P at 25mm and 35 mm these two planes of projection. Draw the projections of the prism.
- 3. A Hexagonal pyramid of base edge 25mm and axis length 70 mm is resting on its apex such that the axis of the pyramid is perpendicular to HP. Two of its adjacent base edges make equal inclinations with VP and lies nearer to it. Draw the projections of the pyramid when the axis lies at 30 mm in front of VP 25 mm from L.P.P and 40 mm from R.P.P respectively.
- 4. A triangular pyramid of base edge 60mm and axis length 85mm is resting on its triangular base in such a way that one of its base edge is parallel to VP and lies at a distance of 20mm from the nearer to it. The two base corners which are nearer to LPP and RPP are at 30mmand 35mm from these two planes of projection. Draw the front view, top views and profile views of the pyramid.
- 5. A Hexagonal prism of base edge 30mm and axis length 85mm is resting on one of its rectangular faces such that the axis of the prism is parallel to VP and lies at a distance of 60mm in front of it. The two Hexagonal faces which are nearer to RPP and LPP are at 25mm from these two planes of projections. Draw the top, front and profile views of the prism.
- 6. A Cylinder of base diameter 50mm and axix length 80mm is resting on one of its generators such that the axis of the cylinder is parallel to VP and lies at a distance of 60mm in front of it. The nearest circular faces to LPP and RPP are at 25mm & 365mm from these two planes of projection. Draw the projection of the Cylinder.
- 7. A cone of base dia 60mm and axis length 85mm is resting on its circular base with its axis vertical. A section plane perpendicular to VP and Parallel to one of its end generator is passing through a point on the axis which is 15mm below the apex. Draw the sectional top

- view, sectional front view and true shape of the section. Name the curve obtained in the true shape.
- 8. Draw the top and front views of a square pyramid of base edge 50mm and height 80mm when it lies with one of its square base on HP., the one of base edge is inclined at 60o to VP. With one of its nearest corners lying at a distance of 20mm in front of VP. Axis of the pyramid lies at 60mm from LPP and 50mm from RPP respectively.

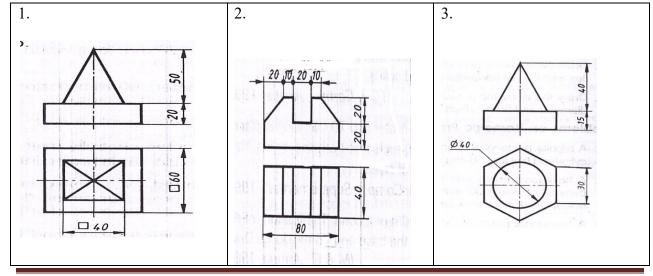
## SECTION OF SOLIDS & DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES

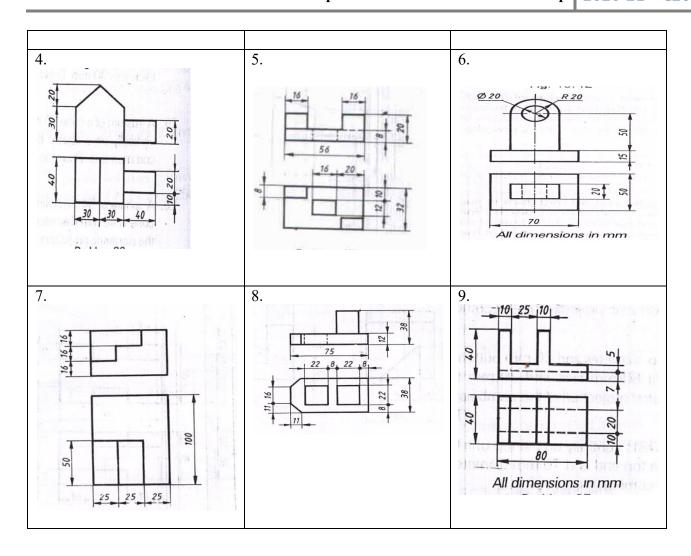
- 1. A square pyramid of base edge 40 mm and axis height 65 mm rests with its base on HP such that the base edges are equally inclined to the V.P. a section plane perpendicular to V P and inclined at 45 degree to the HP bisects the axis of the pyramid. Draw the sectional top view, sectional side view and true shape of the section.
- 2. Develop the complete surface of an Hexagonal prism of base edge 35mm and axis length 75mm.
- 3. A pentagonal prism of base 35mm and height 85mm is standing on HP, with its axis vertical and one of its rectangular faces is perpendicular to VP. A section plane perpendicular to VP and inclined at 45° to HP passes through a point on the axis 10mm below the top face. Draw the sectional front view, Sectional front view, sectional top view and true shape of the section
- 4. A cone of base diameter 50mm and axis length 80mm is resting on its circular base such that the axis of the cone is perpendicular to HP. A section plane parallel to one of its end generator and perpendicular to VP. Passes through a point at a distance of 50mm below its apex. Draw the sectional front view, sectional top view and true shape of the section.
- 5. A cylinder of base diameter 40mm and axis length 80mm is resting on its circular base such that the axis is perpendicular to HP. A section plane inclined at 500 to HP, and perpendicular to VP passes through the top end of the axis. Draw the sectional front view, sectional top view and true shape of the section.
- 6. Develop the complete surface of a pentagonal prism of base edge 30mm and its axis length 80mm.
- 7. Develop the complete surface of a hexagonal pyramid of base edge 30mm and axis length 80mm.
- 8. Develop the complete surface of a cylinder of base diameter 30mm and axis length 80mm.
- 9. Develop the complete surface of a cone of base diameter 30mm and axis length 80mm.
- 10. Develop the complete surface of a pentagonal pyramid of base edge 30mm and axis length 80mm.

#### **AXONOMETRIC VIEWS**

- 1. Draw the isometric view of a Hexagonal Prism of base edge 30 mm and axis length 80 mm.
- 2. The sketch below shows the Orthographic views of an object. Draw the Isometric view of the same.
- 3. Draw the Axonometric view of a Pentagonal Pyramid of base edge 25 mm and axis length 75mm.

- 4. Obtain axonometric view of an object whose orthographic views have been given in the sketch below.
- 5. Draw the isometric view of hexagonal pyramid of base edge 25 mm and axis length 75mm.
- 6. Obtain axonometric view of an object whose orthographic views have been given in the sketch below.
- 7. Draw axonometric view of a Octagonal prism of base edge 30 mm and axis length 80mm.
- 8. Draw axonometric view of an object whose orthographic views have been given in the sketch below.
- 9. Draw the isometric view of a cone of base diameter 50mm and axis length 75 mm.
- 10. Draw the isometric view of an object whose orthographic views have been given in the sketch below.
- 11. Draw axonometric view of Pentagonal pyramid of base edge 25 mm and axis length 75 mm.
- 12. Obtain axonometric view of an object whose orthographic views have been given in the sketch below.
- 13. Draw the isometric view of the sketch whose orthographic views are given below:





- 14 A square pyramid of base edge 40 mm and axis height 65 mm rests with its base on HP such that the base edges are equally inclined to the V.P. a section plane perpendicular to V P and inclined at 45 degree to the HP bisects the axis of the pyramid. Draw the sectional top view, sectional side view and true shape of the section.
- 15 Develop the complete surface of an Hexagonal prism of base edge mm and axis length 75mm.

# PERSPECTIVE DRAWING

- 1. Draw two point perspective of an object whose orthographic views have been in the sketch below along with position of station point, eye level and picture plane.
- 2. A pentagonal prism of base edge 30mm and axis length 80 mm is resting on its pentagonal face such that one of its lateral rectangular face is parallel to PP and 10 mm behind and nearer to it. The station point lies on a central visual ray passing through a point at a distance of 50 mm to the left of the axis of the prism of the station is at a distance of 160 mm in front of PP and 100 mm above the ground. Draw one point perspective view of the prism.

- 3. A rectangular pyramid of sides of base 30 mm x 20 mm and height 50 mm rests with its base on ground such that one of its longer base edges is parallel to picture plane and 30 mm behind it. The station point is 50 mm in front of picture plane, 30 mm to the left of axis of pyramid and 50 mm above ground level. Draw the perspective of pyramid.
- 4. Draw two point perspective of an object whose orthographic projections are given below. Station point is located 90 mm in front of picture plane and 70 mm above Ground level.
- 5. A hexagonal Pyramid of base side 30 mm and axis length 50 mm is resting on ground on its base with a side of base is parallel and 25 mm behind PP. the station point is 60 mm above ground, 90mm in front of PP and lies on a central plan which is 55 mm to the left of the axis of the pyramid. Draw the Perspective view of the Pyramid.
- 6. Draw one point perspective view of an object whose orthographic views have been given in sketch below along with the position of picture plane and station point.
- 7. Draw the perspective view of a pentagonal prism of base edge 30mm and axis length 80mm which is resting on one of its pentagonal faces with its axis vertical. The prism rests in such a way that one of its vertical lateral edge touches PP and two adjacent lateral rectangular faces containing this edge are equally in inclined to PP. The station point lies on a central visual ray which passes through a point at a distance of 40mm to the left of the axis of the prism. The station point is at a distance of 150mm in front of Pp and 100mm above the ground. Draw the perspective view of the prism.
- 8. Draw the point perspective view of an object whose orthographic views have been given along with station point and picture plane position.
- 9. Draw a perspective view of an object whose orthographic views along with the positions of station point and eye level are given in the details.
- 10. A rectangular pyramid of sides of base 30mm and 20mm and height 35mm rests with its base on ground such that one of the longer base edges is parallel to the pitcher plane and 30mm behind it. The station point is 50mm in front of the pitcher plane, 30mm to the left of the axis of the pyramid and 50mm above the ground. Draw the perspective view of the pyramid.

# Government of Karnataka Department of Collegiate and Technical Education Board of Technical Examinations, Bangalore

Course Code	20EE01P	Semester	I/II
Course Title	FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING	Course Group	Core
No. of Credits	4	Type of Course	Lecture & Practice
Course Cotogory	PC	Tabal Carabash Harris	6Hrs Per Week
Course Category		Total Contact Hours	78Hrs Per Semester
Prerequisites	Basic Science	Teaching Scheme	(L:T:P)= 1:0:2
CIE Marks	60	SEE Marks	40

#### 1. RATIONALE

Fundamentals of Electrical and Electronics Engineering is essential for all streams of diploma engineering to work in any industry as it covers basic electrical safety,troubleshooting and repairing of simple electrical systems. Basic knowledge of electrical wiring circuits, protective devices, electrical machines and basic electronics devices is required to work in any engineering field.

#### 2. COURSE SKILL SET

The aim of the course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching –learning experiences

- 1. Perform and test domestic wiring
- 2. Can operate electrical machine
- 3. Test different electronics devices

#### 3. INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

- 1. Expose to different learning tools used in respective labs, Operational safety and Procedure to be followed in the laboratory.
- 2. Instructor should give examples from daily routine as well as, engineering/technology applications on various concepts and principles in each topic so that students are able to understand and grasp these concepts and principles. In all contents, SI units should be followed.
- 3. Activity- Theory Demonstrate/practice approach may be followed throughout the course so that learning may be skill and employability based.

#### **4.COURSE OUT COMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

CO1	Comply with the safety procedures
CO2	Apply the fundamentals of electricity.
CO3	Install and test electrical wiring system.

CO4	Identify and Operate electrical machines, Batteries and UPS.
CO5	Identify and test the different electronic devices.

## **5. COURSE TOPICS:**

Unit No	Unit Name	Hours
1	Electrical Safety	6
2	Electrical Fundamentals	15
3	Protective Devices and Wiring circuits	15
4	Electric Machines and Batteries and UPS	15
5	Introduction to Electronic Devices and Digital Electronics	27
	Total	78Hr

## 6. COURSE CONTENT

The following topics/sub topics is to be taught and assessed in order to develop Unit Skill sets for achieving CO to attain identified skill sets

SI No	Unit skill set (In cognitive domain) On successful completion of the class, the students will be able to	Topics/Sub topics	Practical	Hours L-T-P
		UNIT-1		
		Electrical Safety		
1	Comply with the Electrical safety	<ol> <li>Electrical Symbols</li> <li>Electrical safety</li> <li>Identify Various types of safety signs and what they mean</li> <li>Demonstrate and practice use of PPE</li> <li>Demonstrate how to free a person from electrocution</li> <li>Administer appropriate first aid to victims, bandaging, heart attack, CPR, etc.</li> <li>Fire safety, causes and precautionary activities.</li> <li>Use of appropriate fire extinguishers on different types of fires.</li> <li>Demonstrate rescue techniques applied during fire hazard, correct</li> </ol>	1. Electrical symbols related to electrical engineering.     2. Electrical safety     3. Electrical earthing	02-00- 04
		<ul> <li>method to move injured people during emergency</li> <li>Inform relevant authority about any abnormal situation</li> <li>Earthing: Types</li> </ul>		

		N 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	T	
		http://nreeder.com/Flash/symbols.htm		
		http://bouteloup.pierre.free.fr/		
		iufm/as/de/house/safety.html		
		UNIT-2		
		Electrical Fundamentals		
2	1. Identify and select the	1. Describe the sources of electrical		1:0:2
	different measuring	energy.	1. Connect voltmeter	
	devices.	2. Electrical current, voltage, emf,	and ammeter in a	
	2. Identify different	potential difference, resistance with their SI units.	simple circuit.	
	electrical supply systems 3. Identify open circuit,		(Practicing of	
	close circuit and short	measure different electrical	identification and	
	circuit conditions.	quantities.	connection of	
		Identification Measuring devices	different meters)	
		• Ammeter		
		• Voltmeter		
		<ul><li>Wattmeter</li><li>Ohmmeter</li></ul>		
		Digital Multimeter		
		Megger		
		Tong tester		
		4. Explain supply systems like AC, DC.		
		http://nreeder.com/Flash/units.ht		
3	Calculate basic electrical	<ul> <li>Relationship between V, I and</li> </ul>	1. Measure current,	1:0:2
	quantities	R. (Ohms law)	voltage and analyze	11012
	•	Behavior of V, I in Series and	effective resistance in	
		Parallel DC circuits.	seriescircuit	
		Describe open circuit, close circ	2. Demonstrate effects	
		uit and short circuit	of shorts and opens in	
			a circuit	
		• http://nreeder.com/Flash/ohm	a circuit	
		sLaw.htm		
4	Connect resistances in	1. Equation to find the effective	1. Determine the	1:0:2
	different combination	Resistances connected in series	equivalent Resistance of	
		2. Equation to find effective Resistances	parallel connected	
		connected in parallel 3. Resistances connected series and	resistances.	
		parallel combinations		
L		4. Simple problems.		
5	Calculate and measurement	Ac sinewave: Sinusoidal voltage,	Generate and	1:0:2
	of different parameters of	current, amplitude, time-period, cycle,	demonstrate the	
	an AC quantity.	frequency, phase, phase difference,	measurement of	
		and their units.  http://nreeder.com/Flash/freqPe	frequency, time period	
		riod.htm	and phase difference of	
		http://nreeder.com/Flash/oscillo	AC quantity using CRO	

		scope.htm	and function generator.	
		<u>scope.ntm</u>	and function generator.	
6	4. Calculate and measure electric power and energy 5. Identify and differentiate Single phase and Three phase supply	<ul> <li>1. Electrical work, power and power factor         <ul> <li>SI units</li> <li>Mention the meters used to measure them</li> <li>http://nreeder.com/Flash/powerLaw.htm</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Measure the voltage, current, powerusing relevant measuring instruments in a Single- phase load.	1:0:2
7.		<ul> <li>1. Electrical energy</li> <li>SI units</li> <li>Mention the meters used to measure them</li> <li>2. Single phase and Three phase supply.</li> </ul>	Measure single phase energy using relevant measuring instruments in a Single-phase load.     Measure the voltages in Three phase supply.	
		UNIT-3 Protective Devices and Wiring circuits		
8.	1. Identify and select	<ul> <li>Protective Devices and Wiring circuits</li> <li>Necessity of Protective Devices</li> </ul>	1. Wire up and test PVC	1:0:2
	Protective Devices for given current and voltage rating 2. Identify and select the various electrician tools	<ul> <li>Various Protective devices and their functions</li> <li>fuse wire,</li> <li>Glass cartridge fuse</li> <li>HRC fuse</li> <li>Kit-kat fuse</li> <li>MCB</li> <li>MCCB</li> <li>RCCB</li> <li>ELCB</li> <li>Relay</li> <li>Different types of electrician tools and their function.</li> <li>Describe various wiring tools.</li> <li>State procedure of care and maintenance of wiring tools.</li> </ul>	Conduit wiring to control one lamp from two different places using suitable protective devices.	

9	1. Identify and select Wiring systems for a given applications 2. Identify and select the cables used for different current and voltage ratings. 3. Draw the wiring diagram	<ul> <li>5. Describe different types of wiring systems.</li> <li>Surface conduit</li> <li>concealed conduit</li> <li>PVC casing capping</li> <li>6. Wiring systems and their applications.</li> <li>7. Describe the types of wires, cables used for different current and voltage ratings.</li> </ul>	1. Wire up and test PVC Conduit wiring to control of 2 sockets and 2 lamps.	2:0:4
10	Estimate and plan electrical wiring	Explain Plan and estimate the cost of electrical wiring for one 3m × 3m room consisting of 2 lamps, 1ceiling fan, 2 three pin sockets.	Prepare the estimation and plan	1:0:2
		UNIT-4		
	1	Electrical Machines and Batteries and U		<del> </del>
11	<ol> <li>Identify the types of transformer.</li> <li>verify the transformation ratio.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Transformer</li> <li>working principle</li> <li>Transformation ratio</li> <li>Types and applications with their ratings</li> </ul>	Connect the Single- phase transformer as Step-Up, Step-Down transformer and verify the transformation ratio.	1:0:2
12	Start and run the induction motor.     Troubleshoot DOL/Stardelta starter and induction motor	<ul> <li>1. Induction motor</li> <li>Single phase and three phase Induction motor.</li> <li>Necessity of starters.</li> <li>Describe DOL AND STAR-DELTA starters.</li> <li>2. What are different causes and remedies for a failure of starter and induction motor.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Construct a suitable circuit to start and reverse the direction of three phase induction motor using DOL/ Stardelta starter.</li> <li>Troubleshoot the DOL/S tar-delta starter and induction motor</li> </ol>	2:0:4
13	Select and test the battery for a given application	<ul> <li>Battery</li> <li>Types of batteries (Lead acid battery, lithium, sealed maintenance free (SMF) battery, Modular battery).</li> <li>Selection criteria of batteries for different applications.</li> <li>Ampere-Hour Capacity.</li> <li>Efficiency</li> </ul>	Testing Condition of charging and discharging of a Lead-acid battery	1:0:2
14	Select the size of the UPS for a given application	<ul> <li>UPS</li> <li>List the types and applications</li> <li>Selection criteria of UPS</li> <li>Sizing of UPS</li> </ul>	Sizing of UPS	1:0:2

	Introduc	UNIT-5 ction to Electronic Devices and Digital E	lectronics	
15	Identify and differentiate Conductors, insulators and semiconductors.	<ul> <li>1.Compare Conductors, insulators and semiconductors with examples.</li> <li>2. Identification of types and values of resistors-color codes.</li> <li>http://nreeder.com/Flash/resistor.</li> </ul>	Determine the value of resistance by color code and compare it with multimeter readings.	1:0:2
16	Identify and test PN junction Diode	htm  PN junction diode  Symbol  Characteristics  Diode as switch.  Types of diodes and ratings  Applications	Identify the terminals of a Diode and test the diode for its condition.	1:0:2
17	Build and test bridge rectifier circuit	<ul> <li>Rectifier</li> <li>Need for AC to DC conversion</li> <li>Bridge rectifier with and without C filter,</li> <li>Rectifier IC.</li> </ul>	Construct and test bridge rectifiers using semiconductor diode and rectifier IC. Compare the waveforms using CRO.	1:0:2
18	<ol> <li>Identify and test         Transistor     </li> <li>Build and test transistor         as an electronic switch     </li> </ol>	Transistor (BJT)	<ol> <li>Identification of transistor terminals and test.</li> <li>Construct and test the transistor as an electronic switch</li> </ol>	1:0:2
19.	Identify and test different digital IC     I.	<ul> <li>Comparison of analog and digital signal</li> <li>Digital systems, examples.</li> <li>Binary numbers, Boolean identities and laws.</li> <li>Digital system building blocks: Basic logic gates, symbols and truth tables.</li> <li>IC-Definition and advantages.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Test a Digital IC.</li> <li>Identification and selection of suitable ICs for basic gates.</li> <li>Verify NOT, AND, OR, NOR, EXOR and NAND gate operations (two inputs).</li> </ul>	2:0:4
20	Identify and test various Sensors and actuators.	<ul> <li>1.Sensors</li> <li>Concept</li> <li>Types: Temperature, Pressure, Water, Light, Sound, Smoke, proximity Sensors, Flow, humidity, voltage, vibration, IR (Principle/working, ratings/specifications, cost, and applications)</li> <li>2.Actuators</li> <li>Concept</li> <li>Types and applications.</li> <li>Relay as an actuator.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2. Connect and test an IR proximity sensor to a Digital circuit.</li> <li>Connect and test a relay circuit using an Optocoupler. (Photo Diode &amp; Transistor)</li> <li>Refer note</li> </ul>	2:0:4

21	Know the application of Microcontroller and PLC	<ul> <li>Microcontroller as a programmable device, and list of real-world applications.</li> <li>PLC and Their applications.</li> <li>(Activity based learning)</li> </ul>	•	Identify different application microcontroller. Identify commercially available PLC and their specifications	1:0:2
				TOTAL	26-0-
					52=78
					Hours

# 7. PRATICAL SKILL EXERCISES

Sl. No.	Practical Out Comes/Practical exercises	Unit No.	PO	СО	L: T:P Hrs.
1	<ul> <li>Identify Various types of safety signs and what they meanDemonstrate and practice use of PPE</li> <li>Demonstrate how to free a person from electrocution appropriate first aid to victims, bandaging, heart attack, CPR, etc.</li> <li>Fire safety, causes and precautionary activities.</li> <li>Use of appropriate fire extinguishers on different types of fires.</li> <li>Demonstrate rescue techniques applied during fire hazard.</li> <li>Inform relevant authority about any abnormal situation during fire hazard.</li> </ul>	1	1,4	1	0:0:2
2	<ul> <li>Demonstrate different types of earthing/using videos.</li> <li>Prepare a Report on types of Earthing</li> </ul>	1	1,4	1	0:0:2
3	Connect voltmeter and ammeter in a simple circuit. (Practicing of identification and connection of different meters)	2	1,4	2	0:0:2
4	<ul><li>1.Determine the equivalent Resistance of series connected resistances.</li><li>2.Demonstrate effects of shorts and opens in a circuit</li></ul>	2	1,4	2	0:0:2
5	Determine the equivalent Resistance of parallel connected resistances.	2	1,4	2	0:0:2
6	Generate and demonstrate the measurement of frequency, time period and phase difference of AC quantity using CRO and function generator.	2	1,4	2	0:0:2
7	Measure the voltage, current, power using relevant measuring instruments in a Single-phase load.	2	1,4	2	0:0:2
8.	1.Measure single phase energy using relevant measuring instruments in a Single-phase load.				

9.	Wire up and test PVC Conduit wiring to control one lamp from two different places using suitable	3	1,4	3	0:0:2
	protective devices.				
10	2. Wire up and test PVC Conduit wiring to control of 2 sockets and 2 lamps.	3	1,4	3	0:0:2
11	Wire up and test PVC Conduit wiring to control one lamp from two different places.	3	1,4	3	0:0:2
12	Plan and estimate the cost of electrical wiring for one 3mx3m room consisting of 2 CFL 1ceiling fan, 2 three pin sockets.	3	1,4	3	0:0:2
13	Connect the Single- phase transformer as Step-Up, Step-Down transformer and verify the transformation ratio.	4	1,4	4	0:0:2
14	Construct a suitable circuit to start and reverse the direction of three phase induction motor using DOL/star-delta starter.	4	1,4	4	0:0:2
15	Troubleshoot the DOL/Star-delta starter and induction motor	4	1,4	4	0:0:2
16	Testing Condition of charging and discharging of a Lead-acid battery.	4	1,4	4	0:0:2
17	Estimate the UPS rating for a computer lab with 50 computers/domestic.	4	1,4	4	0:0:2
18	Determine the value of resistance by color code and compare it with multimeter readings	5	1,4	5	0:0:2
19	Identify the terminals of a Diode and test the diode for its condition.	5	1,4	5	0:0:2
20	Construct and test bridge rectifiers using semiconductor diode and rectifier IC. Compare the waveforms using CRO.	5	1,4	5	0:0:2
21	Identification of transistor terminals and test. Construct and test the transistor as an electronic switch.	5	1,4	5	0:0:2
22	Test an IC. Verify the truth-table AND, OR, NOT logic gates.				
23	Verify the truth-table NAND, NOR, EX-OR, EX-NOR logic gates.	5	1,4	5	0:0:2
24	Connect and test anIR proximity sensor to a Digital circuit. <b>NOTE:</b> Any sensor listed in the theory may be used for condition appropriately.				
25	Connect and test a relay circuit using an Optocoupler. (Photo Diode & Transistor)	5	1,4	5	0:0:2
26	1.Identify MCS-51 variants 2.Identify commercially available PLC and their specifications.	5	1,4	5	0:0:2
	Total				0:0:52
Total					

#### 8.MAPPING OF CO WITH PO

со	Course Outcome	PO Mapped	Experimen t	Cognitive Level R/U/A	Lecture & Practical Sessions in Hrs	TOTAL
CO1	Comply with the safety	PO1,	1-2	A	6	
	procedures	PO4				
CO2	Apply the fundamentals of	PO1,	3-7	Α	15	
	electricity.	PO4				
CO3	Install and test electrical wiring	PO1,	8-12	Α	15	
	system and protective devices.	PO4				
<b>CO4</b>	Identify and Operate electrical	PO1,	13-17	Α	15	
	machines, Batteries and UPS.	PO4				
<b>CO5</b>	Identify and test the different	PO1,	18-26	Α	27	
	electronic devices.	PO4				

Course	CO's	Programme Outcomes (PO's)						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Fundamentals of Electrical	CO1	3	0	0	3	0	0	0
and Electronics Engineering	CO2	3	0	0	3	0	0	0
	CO3	3	0	0	3	0	0	0
	CO4	3	0	0	3	0	0	0

Level 3- Highly Mapped, Level 2-Moderately Mapped, Level 1-Low Mapped, Level 0-Not Mapped

#### 9. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES:

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. ABC of Electrical Engineering by B. L. Theraja and A. K. Theraja, S Chand Publishers, New Delhi, 2014 Edition.
- 2. Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering by S. K. Bhattacharya, Pearson Education India, 2012 Edition.
- 3. Electronic Devices and Circuits by I. J. Nagrath, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2007 Edition.
- 4. Basic Electrical Engineering by V. Mittle and ArvindMittle, McGrawHill Companies, 2005 Edition.
- 5. The 8051 Microcontroller & Embedded systemsusinkbnnnjbbh bb vvvvg assembly and C (2ndEdition)–M.A.Mazidi , J.C. Mazidi&R.D.McKinlay ISBN: 81-317-1026-2
- 6. Programmable Logic controllers, W BOLTON

#### e-Resources

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mc9790hitAg&list=PLWv9VM947MKi 7yJ0 FCfzTBXpQU-0d3K
- 2.https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CWulQ1ZSE3c
- 3. en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Transformer
- 2. www.animations.physics.unsw.edu.au//jw/AC.html
- 3. www.alpharubicon.com/altenergy/understandingAC.htm
- 4. www.electronics-tutorials

- <u>5. learn.sparkfun.com/tutorials/transistors</u>
- 6. www.pitt.edu/~qiw4/Academic/ME2082/Transistor%20Basics.pdf
- 7. www.technologystudent.com/elec1/transis1.htm
- 8. www.learningaboutelectronics.com
- 9. www.electrical4u.com
- 10.https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zLW 7TPf310
- 11. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8PTNjw-hQIM

## 10.SUGGESTED LIST OF STUDENTS ACTIVITYS for CIE

# Note: the following activities or similar activities for assessing CIE (IA) (Any one)

Each student should conduct different activity and no repeating should occur

Using suitable meters/instruments give the practical working circuits to measure
osing suitable inecers, mist aments give the practical working circuits to ineasure
Resistance, Current, Voltage, Power and Energy in DC and AC (Single phase) Circuits.
List out the different types of wiring systems used in your laboratories or house with their representation.
Mini-Projects: Like preparing extension box, switch box and wiring models,
List out the different protective devices used in your laboratories or house with their
ratings.
Applications of Electro Magnetic Induction, statically induced and dynamically induced emf, self and mutual induced emfs.
Prepare a report on types of starters and enclosures used for various industrial applications of AC motors.
Types of Cells and Battery maintenance
Visit nearby Battery charging shop or show room and prepare a report of the visit.
Prepare a report on various types of diodes used for various industrial applications.
Prepare a report on various types of sensors and actuators used for various industrial applications.
Mini-Projects: Connect and test a sensor (domain application) to a Digital circuit

## 11. COURSE ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION CHART

Sl.No	Assessment	Duration	Max marks	Con	version
1.	CIE Assessment 1 (Written Test -1-theory) - At the end of 3 <sup>rd</sup> week	60 minutes	20		erage of written tests
2.	CIE Assessment 2 (Written Test -2-theory) - At the end of 13 <sup>th</sup> week	60 minutes	20		20
3.	CIE Assessment 3 (Skill test) - At the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> week	3 Hours	100		Average of three
4	CIE Assessment 4 (Skill test) - At the end of 7 <sup>th</sup> week	3 Hours	100	20	skill tests
5	CIE Assessment 5 (Skill test) - At the end of 9 <sup>th</sup> week	3 Hours	100		20
6	CIE Assessment 6 (Student activity) - At the end of 11 <sup>th</sup> week	-	20		20

7.	7. Total Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) Assessment			
8.	Semester End Examination (SEE) Assessment (Practical Test)	3 Hours	100	40
	100			

#### Note:

- 2. CIE written test is conducted for 20 marks (Two sections). Each section shall have two full questions of same CL, CO. Student shall answer one full question (10 marks) from each section.
- 3. CIE Skill test is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration) as per scheme of evaluation and the obtained marks are scaled down to 20 marks

# 12. SCHEME OF VALUATION FOR SKILL TEST (CIE) & SEE

## (CONTINOUS INTERNAL & SEMESTER END EXAMINATION)

Sl.	Particulars	Marks
No.		
1.	Identification of meters/ equipment/wires/tools etc.	10
2.	Writing Circuit/writing diagram and Procedure*	25
3.	Conduction	35
4.	Results	10
5	Viva-voce	20
	Total	100

## 12. RUBRICS FOR ACTIVITY

RUBRICS FOR ACTIVITY (Example only) Faculty need to develop appropriate rubrics for respective activity								
Dimension	Beginning	Developing	Satisfactory	Good	Exemplary	Student		
	1	2	3	4	5	Score		
Collection of data	Does not collect any information relating to the topic	Collects very limited information; some relate to the topic	Collect much information; but very limited relate to the topic	Collects some basic information; most refer to the topic	Collects a great deal of information; all refer to the topic			
Fulfil team's roles & duties	Does not perform any duties assigned to the team role	Performs very little duties but unreliable.	Performs very little duties	Performs nearly all duties	Performs all duties of assigned team roles			

Shares work equally	Always relies on others to do the work	Rarely does the assigned work; often needs reminding	Usually does the assigned work; rarely needs reminding	Normally does the assigned work	Always does the assigned work without having to be reminded.
Listen to other Team mates	Is always talking; never allows anyone else to speak	Usually does most of the talking; rarely allows others to speak	Talks good; but never show interest in listening others	Listens, but sometimes talk too much	Listens and speaks a fair amount
				Average /	Total Marks:

# **Lab Equipment Requirement**

The following are the specification of the apparatus required for FEEE lab and number of apparatus required for the batch of 20 students.

Sl. No.	Name of Equipment and Specification	Quantity Required
1	Dual Channel 30 V, 2 A continuously variable DC Regulated Power Supply with Current and Overload Protection	05 Nos.
2	+/- 15 V, 2 A, fixed DC Regulated Power Supply	05 Nos.
3	Portable Moving Coil DC Voltmeters  a) 0 - 1 V  b) 0 - 10 V  c) 0 - 30 V	Each 05 Nos.
4	Portable Moving Iron AC Voltmeters  a) 0 - 300 V  b) 0 - 600 V	Each 05 Nos.
5	Portable Moving Coil DC Ammeters  a) 0 - 100 mA  b) 0 - 1 A  c) 0 - 2 A	Each 05 Nos.
6	Portable Moving Iron AC Ammeters  a) 0 - 2 A  b) 0 - 5 A  c) 0 - 10 A	Each 05 Nos.
7	Watt-meters a) 150/300V, 2 A, UPF b) 300/600 V, 5/10 A, LPF	Each 02 Nos.
8	Rheostats – 25 Ohms, 50 Ohms, 150 Ohms, 220 Ohms (all rated at 3 A)	Each 05 Nos.
9	Rheostat Loads s – 1 KW, 230 V	02 Nos.

10	Wire wound Resistors- 5 Ohms 2 Watts, 25 Ohms 5 Watts, 330 Ohms 2 Watts, 560 Ohms 2 Watts, etc.	Each 05 Nos.
11	Soldering Iron 60 W	05 Nos.
13	Single Phase Energy meter 10 A, 230 V, 50 Hz, Digital type	05 Nos.
14	Multi-meter Digital ¾"	06 Nos.
15	Duel Trace Oscilloscope – 30 MHz	02 Nos.
16	Three Phase Induction Motors :1 HP – 440 V 50 Hz,2 HP – 440 V 50 Hz.	Each 02 Nos.
17	Three phase DOL, Star-Delta, Auto transformer starter	Each 02 Nos.
18	UPS 1 KVA	01 Nos.
19	Battery Lead-Acid type, 140 A-hr and Hydrometers	02 Nos.

Sl. No.		Name of Equipment and Specification	Quantity Required
20		I C Trainer kit	05 Nos
21		Digital IC's 7400, 7402, 7404, 7408, 7486 etc	Each 10 Nos.
22		Wooden Wiring board (2x3) ft	10
23		Wiring accessories	
	2	a) PVC conduit - ¾" - 10 lengths b) Cap and casing - ¾" - 10 lengths c) Switches Single Pole- 5A, 230 V d) Switches two way - 5 A, 230 V e) 3 Pin Sockets 5A, 230 V f) Bulb Holders - 5 A, 230 V g) 3 Pin Plug 5A, 230 V h) 60 Watts Lamps i) 100 Watts Lamps j) 15 W CFL lamps k) Copper Wires of sizes 1.5 mm², 2.5 mm², 4 mm² - 1 coil each l) Gang boxes (1+1, 2+1, 2+2) m) Kit -Kat fuses 5A, 15 A n) MCB 16 A & 32 A/230 V, Single and Double Pole o) ELCB 16 A & 32 A/230 V, Double Pole p) Neutral link- 16 A, 230 V q) Screws of assorted sizes r) Testers	Each 10 Nos.

24	Electronic Components	Each 10 Nos.
	a) Diodes - BY 127 and IN 4001	
	b) Zener Diodes – 6.2 V, 5.6 V, 7.8 V	
	c) Relays – solid state Sugar cube type, SPST, Coil 6V, Power circuit 230 V, 5 A.	
	d) Spring Boards	
	e) Bread Boards	
	f) Tag Boards.	
25	Simple PANEL BOARD/ CUBICAL consisting of bus-bars, CB/MCB/ELCB, meters, HRC fuses, magnetic contactors, cables, earthing points.	1 No

# Government of Karnataka Department of Collegiate and Technical Education Board of Technical Examinations, Bangalore

Course Code	20AU01T	Semester	I
Course Title	ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY	Course Group	Audit
No. of Credits	2	Type of Course	Lecture
Course Cotogowy	ATT	Total Contact House	2Hrs Per Week
Course Category	AU	Total Contact Hours	26Hrs Per Semester
Prerequisites	Basic Environmental Science	Teaching Scheme	(L:T:P)= 2:0:0
CIE Marks	50	SEE Marks	No

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

Technicians working in industries or elsewhere essentially require the knowledge of environmental science so as to enable them to work and produce most efficient, economical and eco-friendly finished products.

- 1. Solve various engineering problems applying ecosystem to produce eco friendly products.
- 2. Use relevant air and noise control methods to solve domestic and industrial problems.
- 3. Use relevant water and soil control methods to solve domestic and industrial problems.
- 4. To recognize relevant energy sources required for domestic and industrial applications.
- 5. Solve local solid and e-waste problems.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course student will be able to know:

	,
CO1	Importance of ecosystem and terminology.
CO2	The extent of air pollution, effects, control measures and acts.
CO3	The extent of noise pollution, effects, control measures and acts.
CO4	The water and soil pollution, effects, control measures and acts
CO5	Different renewable energy resources and efficient process of harvesting.
CO6	Solid Waste Management and Environmental acts.

## **COURSE CONTENT:**

COUNDE CONTENT							
Marks: 15	Unit-1 Ecosystem	Allotted Hrs: 03					
Structure of ecosystem, Biotic & Abiotic components, Aquatic (Lentic and Lotic) and terrestrial ecosystem.							
Global warming - Causes, effects, Green House Effect, Ozone depletion.							
Marks: 20	Unit-2Air Pollution	Allotted Hrs: 03					
Air pollution, Natural and	Air pollution, Natural and manmade sources of air pollution, Effects of air pollution. Air Pollutants and Types.						
Control of air pollutants b	y Cyclone separator and Electrostatic Precipitator, Air	(prevention and control of					
pollution) act 1981							
Marks: 10	Unit-3 Noise Pollution:	Allotted Hrs: 02					
Noise pollution: sources of	pollution, measurement of pollution level, Effects and Co	ontrol of Noise pollution,					
Noise pollution (Regulation	and Control) Rules, 2000						
Marks: 20	Unit- 4Water and Soil Pollution:	Allotted Hrs: 06					
Water pollution and Source	es of water pollution, Types of water pollutants, Characte	eristics of water					
pollutants,control measure	es of water pollution.						
	perations in water and WasteWater Treatment proce						
	74, Water conservation – Importance of Rain Water Har						
	ects and Preventive measures of Soil Pollution due to E	excessive use of Fertilizers,					
Pesticides and Insecticides							
Marks: 20	Unit-5 Renewable sources of Energy	Allotted Hrs: 07					
	ar energy. Definition and advantages of advanced solar co	ollectors. Solar water					
heater and Solar stills and	their uses.						
	ass as energy source. Thermal characteristics of biomass						
Wind energy: Current status and future prospects of wind energy. Wind energy in India.							
Need of new Energy sources, Different type's new energy sources. Environmental benefits of New Energy							
Sources-Hydrogen energy, Ocean energy resources, Tidal energy conversion.							
Marks: 15	Unit-6 Solid Waste Management and	Allotted Hrs: 05					
	Environmental Acts						
Solid waste generation, Sources and characteristics of Municipal solid waste, Solid Waste Management rules							

Solid waste generation, Sources and characteristics of Municipal solid waste, Solid Waste Management rules 2016-3R in SWM.

E- Waste generation, Sources and characteristics, E waste management rules 2016

Plastic Waste generation, Sources and characteristics, Recycled plastic rules 2016

Importance of Environment (protection) act 1986

Occupational health and safety measures.

Unit No & Name	Detailed Course Content	СО	PO	Contact Hrs
1.	Structure of ecosystem, Biotic & Abiotic components, Aquatic (Lentic and Lotic) and terrestrial ecosystem.	CO1	1,5,7	1
Ecosystem	Global warming - Causes, effects.	CO1	1,5,7	2
	Green House Effect, Ozone depletion - Causes, effects	CO1	1,5,7	3
	Air pollution, Natural sources of air pollution, Man Made sources of air pollution	CO2	1,5,7	4
2.	Air pollutants and Types, Effects of Particulate Pollutants and control by Cyclone separator	CO2	1,5,7	5
Air and Pollution	Effects of Particulate Pollutants and control by Electrostatic Precipitator, Air (prevention and control of pollution) act 1981.	CO2	1,5,7	6
3.	Noise pollution: sources of pollution, Measurement of Noise pollution level.	CO3	1,5,7	7
Noise Pollution	Effects and Control of Noise pollution. Noise pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000	CO3	1,5,7	8
4.	Sources of water pollution. Types of water pollutants,	CO4	1,5,7	9

astic Waste Sources and characteristics ecycled plastic rules 2016,Importance of Environment protection) act 1986, eccupational health and safety measures.	C06	1,5,7 1,5,7	25 26
ecycled plastic rules 2016,Importance of Environment			
	600	1,0,7	
astic Waste generation Sources and characteristics,	C06	1,5,7	24
E- Waste generation Sources and characteristics, E waste management rules 2016		1,5,7	23
olid waste generation, Sources, Characteristics of solid waste olid Waste Management rules 2016	C06	1,5,7	22
Environmental hanefits of New Energy Sources-Tidal energy		1,5,7	21
nvironmental benefits of New Energy Sources- Ocean energy esources	CO5	1,5,7	20
eed of new Energy sources, Different type's new energy ources. nvironmental benefits of New Energy Sources-Hydrogen nergy	CO5	1,5,7	19
ind energy: Current status and future prospects of wind nergy. Ind energy in India.	CO5	1,5,7	18
iomass: Overview of biomass as energy source. Thermal naracteristics of biomass as fuel.			17
olar water heater, Solar stills and their uses.	CO5	1,5,7	16
olar Energy: Basics of Solar energy. Olar collectors and advantages of Advanced solar collectors.	CO5	1,5,7	15
reventive measures of Soil Pollution due to Excessive use of ertilizers, Pesticides and Insecticides.	CO4	1,5,7	14
oil pollution, Causes and Effects due to Fertilizers, Pesticides and Insecticides	CO4	1,5,7	13
Vater conservation – Importance of Rain Water Harvesting	CO4	1,5,7	12
Treatment process, Water (prevention and control of			11
ontrol measures of water pollution.	CO4	1,5,7	10
	efinition and list unit operations in water and WasteWater eatment process, Water (prevention and control of sillution) act 1974.  atter conservation – Importance of Rain Water Harvesting il pollution, Causes and Effects due to Fertilizers, Pesticides d Insecticides eventive measures of Soil Pollution due to Excessive use of rtilizers, Pesticides and Insecticides. lar Energy: Basics of Solar energy. lar collectors and advantages of Advanced solar collectors. lar water heater, Solar stills and their uses. omass: Overview of biomass as energy source. Thermal aracteristics of biomass as fuel. ind energy: Current status and future prospects of wind ergy. ind energy in India. eed of new Energy sources, Different type's new energy urces. evironmental benefits of New Energy Sources-Hydrogen ergy evironmental benefits of New Energy Sources-Ocean energy sources evironmental benefits of New Energy Sources-Tidal energy nversion. lid waste generation, Sources, Characteristics of solid waste lid Waste Management rules 2016 Waste generation Sources and characteristics, waste management rules 2016 astic Waste generation Sources and characteristics,	Introl measures of water pollution.  Introl measures of water pollution.  Introl measures of water pollution.  Introl measures of water pollution in water and WasteWater eatment process, Water (prevention and control of allution) act 1974.  Inter conservation – Importance of Rain Water Harvesting il pollution, Causes and Effects due to Fertilizers, Pesticides de Insecticides  I	Introl measures of water pollution.  Introl measures of water pollution.  Introl measures of water pollution.  Introl measures of water pollution in water and WasteWater  Introl measures of water (prevention and control of codd)  Introl measures of the prevention and control of codd)  Introl measures of the prevention and control of codd codd)  Introl measures of the prevention and control of codd)  Introl measures of the prevention and control of codd)  Introl measures of the prevention and control of codd)  Introl measures of the prevention and water harvesting codd)  Introl measures of the prevention and water harvesting codd)  Introl measures of the prevention and water and WasteWater haves and Effects due to Fertilizers, Pesticides codd in pollution, Causes and Effects due to Fertilizers, Pesticides codd in pollution, Causes and Insecticides.  Introl measures of Solar energy codd in pollution, Causes and Insecticides.  Introl measures of Solar Pollution due to Excessive use of codd in pollution, Causes and Advanced solar collectors.  Interpretation of Solar energy.  Introl measures of Soil Pollution due to Excessive use of codd in pollution, Causes and Fertilizers, Pesticides codd in pollution, Causes and Fertilizers, Pesticides codd in pollution, Causes and Characteristics of Solid wasters and Codd in pollution, Causes and Characteristics, codd in pollution due to Excessive use of codd i

#### **References:**

## (a) Suggested Learning Resources:

#### **Books:**

- 1. S.C. Sharma & M.P. Poonia, Environmental Studies, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi
- 2. C.N. R. Rao, Understanding Chemistry, Universities Press (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2011.
- 3. Arceivala, Soli Asolekar, Shyam, Waste Water Treatment for Pollution Control and Reuse, Mc-Graw Hill Education India Pvt. Ltd., New York, 2007, ISBN:978-07-062099.
- 4. Nazaroff, William, Cohen, Lisa, Environmental Engineering Science, Willy, New York, 2000, ISBN 10: 0471144940.
- 5. O.P. Gupta, Elements of Environmental Pollution Control, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi

- 6. Rao, C. S., Environmental Pollution Control and Engineering, New Age International Publication, 2007, ISBN: 81-224-1835-X.
- 1. Rao, M. N.Rao, H.V.N, Air Pollution, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publication, New delhi, 1988, ISBN: 0-07-451871-8.
- 2. Frank Kreith, Jan F Kreider, Principles of Solar Engineering, McGraw-Hill, New York; 1978, ISBN: 9780070354760.
- 7. Aldo Vieira, Da Rosa, Fundamentals of renewable energy processes, Academic Press Oxford, UK; 2013. ISBN: 9780123978257.
- 3. Patvardhan, A.D, Industrial Solid Waste, Teri Press, New Delhi, 2013, ISBN:978-81-7993-502-6
- 4. Metcalf & Eddy, Waste Water Engineering, Mc-Graw Hill, New York, 2013, ISBN: 077441206.
- 5. Keshav Kant, Air Pollution & Control, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi (Edition 2018)

## (b) Open source software and website address:

- 1) www.eco-prayer.org
- 2) www.teriin.org
- 3) www.cpcp.nic.in
- 4) www.cpcp.gov.in
- 5) www.indiaenvironmentportal.org.in
- 6) www.whatis.techtarget.com
- 7) www.sustainabledevelopment.un.org
- 8) www.conserve-energy-future.com

## Teachers should use the following strategies to achieve the various outcomes of the course.

- Different methods of teaching and media to be used to attain classroom attention.
- Massive open online courses (MOOCs) may be used to teach various topics/subtopics.
- $\bullet$  15-20% of the topics which are relatively simpler or descriptive in nature should be given to the students for self-learning and assess the development of competency through classroom presentations.
- Micro-projects may be given to group of students for hand-on experiences
- Encouraging students to visit sites such as Railway station and research establishment around the institution.

## **Mapping of Course Outcomes with Programme Outcomes**

CO	Course Outcome	PO Mapped	Cognitive Level	Theory Sessions In Hrs	Allotted marks for CIE on cognitive levels		TOTAL
			R/U/A		R	U	
CO1	Importance Of ecosystem and terminology	1,5,7	R,U	03	02	02	04
CO2	The extent of air pollution, effects, control measures and acts.	1,5,7	R,U	03	03	02	05
CO3	The extent of noise pollution, effects, control measures and acts.	1,5,7	R,U	02	03	02	05

CO4	The water and soil pollution, effects, control measures and acts	1,5,7	R,U	06	03	02	05
CO5	Different renewable energy resources and efficient process of harvesting.	1,5,7	R,U	07	03	02	05
C06	Solid Waste Management and Environmental acts.	1,5,7	R,U	05	02	04	06
	Total Hours of instruction			26	30		

R-Remember; U-Understanding;.

## Level of Mapping PO's with CO's

Course		Programme Outcomes (PO's)						
	CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	CO1	3	0	0	0	2	0	1
	CO2	3	0	0	0	2	0	1
Environmental Caionae	CO3	3	0	0	0	2	0	1
Environmental Science	<b>CO4</b>	3	0	0	0	2	0	1
	<b>CO5</b>	3	0	0	0	2	0	1
	C06	3	0	0	0	2	0	1

Level 3- Highly Mapped, Level 2-Moderately Mapped, Level 1-Low Mapped, Level 0- Not Mapped

Method is to relate the level of PO with the number of hours devoted to the CO s which maps the given PO. If ≥50% of classroom sessions related to the CO are addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is mapped at Level 3 If 30 to 50% of classroom sessions related to the CO are addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is mapped at Level 2 If 5 to 30% of classroom sessions related to the CO are addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is mapped at Level 1 If < 5% of classroom sessions related to the CO are addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is considered not mapped i.e. Level 0

#### **Course Assessment and Evaluation Chart**

Sl.	Assessment	Duration	Max marks	Conversion
No				
1.	CIE Assessment 1 ( Written Test -1 - At the end of	80 minutes	30	Average of
	3 <sup>d</sup> week			three written
2.	CIE Assessment 2 (Written Test -2) - At the end	80 minutes	30	tests
	of 7 week			30
3.	CIE Assessment 3 (Written Test -3) - At the end of	80 minutes	30	
	13 week			
4	CIE Assessment 4 (MCQ/Quiz) - At the end of 5	60 minutes	20	Average of
	week			three
5	CIE Assessment 5 (Open book Test) - At the end	60 minutes	20	20
	of 9 week			
6	CIE Assessment 6 (Student activity/Assignment)-	60 minutes	20	
	At the end of 11 week			
7.	50			
	50			

#### Note:

- 1. Average marks of Three CIE shall be rounded off to the next higher digit.
- 2. Assessment of assignment and student activity is evaluated through appropriate rubrics by the respective course coordinator. The secured mark in each case is rounded off to the next higher digit.

#### MANDATORY STUDENT ACTIVITY: EACH STUDENT HAS TO SELECT ANY ONE OF THE LISTED

- 1. Students chose one thing to reduce at home each week and write journal entries about their successes and challenges implementing the change. In class, they form groups and create "Do You Know?" posters.
- 2. Students pretend they are architects, and come up with a series of design changes to make their school more environmentally friendly. They then grade their projects according to a rubric.
- 3. A presentation for Green Team Club members to introduce themselves and the purpose of their club. They explain how to use their new recycling bins, in the classroom and in the cafeteria.
- 4. Ever wonder what's in your school's waste? This hands-on activity helps students assess their school's waste in order to think of ways to reduce it. The results can be incorporated into the school's recycling plan.
- 5. How do we measure climate change? What activities contribute to climate change?
- 6. Start a compost or worm bin. Composting is a hands-on way to learn about important life science concepts such as ecosystems, food webs and biodegradation. Students experience how worms and other decomposers recycle fruits and vegetable scraps into compost. Use the compost in your college garden! Have green team students make up a skit and present details about the new composting program to all classrooms. Have them make signs for the bins (compost, recycle, and landfill), monitor the waste collection at lunchtime, cart the food waste to the compost, and decide how and where the compost will be used.
- 7. Paint posters and decorate bulletin boards or the doors to the cafeteria with waste- free lunch messages to announce or support a waste-free event, and have students vote for their favorite poster.
- 8. Conduct a classroom audit to identify waste and look for ideas to reduce and reuse. Empower the student to set goals, search for solutions and review progress.
- 9. Go on a field trip. Visit your local landfill, recycling center, or a nearby composing facility where the students can see first-hand what is happening to waste, and learn about the lifecycle of waste and its affect on the environment.
- 10. Home energy audit: Have students make a list of all the appliances and light bulbs in their house. How much energy does their house use if all the lights are on for 4 hours per day? If their appliances are on for 2 hours per day? How much energy could they save if they switched to energy-efficient appliances or light bulbs?
- 11. Use recycled material in art projects:Recycled materials can make beautiful art projects such as jewelry, planters, and bird houses. Incorporating materials that would otherwise be thrown away into art projects can show your students how to find new uses for these items.

12. Life cycle :One way to show students what happens when you put something in the trash versus recycling or reusing the object is to do a life cycle analysis. This is a flow chart that shows the environmental impacts of an object, from extracting the raw materials to decomposition and everything in between. When something is put in the trash instead of being reused or recycled, the life cycle assessment will show a bigger environmental impact. When something is reused or recycled, the environmental impact is less because raw materials don't need to be extracted to create something new.

# Model Question Paper I A Test (CIE)

Progran	nme :	Semester: I			
Course	:		larks :		
Course		Duration: 1 Hr 20 minutes			
	f the course coordinator:		: : I/II,	/III	
Note: An	swer one full question from each section. One full question	carries 10 ma	rks.		
Qn.No	Question	CL	CO	PO	Marks
	Section-1				
1.a)					
b)					
c)					
2.a)					
b)					
c)					
	Section-2				
3.a)					
b)					
c)					
4.a)					
b)					
c)					
	Section-3	•			
5.a)					
b)					
c)					
6.a)					
b)					
c)					

# Government of Karnataka Department of Collegiate and Technical Education Board of Technical Examinations, Bangalore

Course Code	20SC01T	Semester	I/II
Course Title	ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS	Course Group	Core
No. of Credits	4	Type of Course	Lecture
Course Cotegory	Theory	Total Contact House	4Hrs Per Week
Course Category	Theory	Total Contact Hours	52Hrs Per Semester
Prerequisites	10 Level Mathematics	Teaching Scheme	(L:T:P) = 4:0:0
CIE Marks	50	SEE Marks	50

#### **RATIONALE**

Engineering Mathematics specification provides students with access to important mathematical ideas to develop the mathematical knowledge and skills that they will draw on in their personal and work lives. The course enable students to develop mathematical conceptualization, inquiry, reasoning, and communication skills and the ability to use mathematics to formulate and solve problems in everyday life, as well as in mathematical contexts. At this level, the mathematics curriculum further integrates the three content areas taught in the higher grades into three main learning areas: Algebra; Measurement of angles and Trigonometry and Calculus.

#### 1. COURSE SKILL SET

Student will be able to:

- 1. Solve system of linear equations arise in different engineering fields
- 2. Incorporate the knowledge of calculus to support their concurrent and subsequent engineering studies
- 3. Adept at solving quantitative problems
- 4. Ability to understand both concrete and abstract problems
- 5. Proficient in communicating mathematical ideas
- 6. Detail-oriented

#### 2. COURSE OUT COMES

At the end of the course, student will be able to

CO1	Determine the inverse of a square matrix using matrix algebra. Apply the concepts of matrices and determinants to solve system of linear equations and find eigen values associated with the square matrix.
CO2	Find the equation of straight line in different forms. Determine the parallelism and perpendicularity of lines.
CO3	Calculate trigonometric ratios of allied angles and compound angles. Transform sum or difference of trigonometric ratios into product and vice versa.

CO4	Differentiate various continuous functions and apply the concept in real life situations.
CO5	Integrate various continuous functions and apply the concept in evaluating the area and volume through definite integrals.

#### 3. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE WITH HOURS & MARKS

			DISTRIBUTION(THEORY)				
UNIT NO	UNIT TITLE	TEACHING HOURS	R LEVEL	U LEVEL	A LEVEL	TOTAL	
1	Matrices and Determinants	10	8	20	12	40	
2	Straight lines	10	8	20	12	40	
3	Trigonometry	10	8	20	12	40	
4	Differential Calculus and applications	11	8	20	12	40	
5	Integral Calculus and applications	11	8	20	12	40	
	Total	52	40	100	60	200	

**Legends:** R = Remember; U = Understand; A = Apply and above levels (Bloom's revised taxonomy)

#### 4. DETAILS OF COURSE CONTENT

The following topics/subtopics is to be taught and assessed in order to develop Unit Skill sets for achieving CO to attain identified skill sets.

UNIT	Unit skill set	Topics/Subtopics	Hours
NO	(In cognitive domain)		L-T-P
UNIT-1 MATRICES AND DETERMINANTS	Use algebraic skills which are essential for the study of systems of linear equations, matrix algebra and eigen values	<ul> <li>1.1 Matrix and types</li> <li>1.2 Algebra of Matrices (addition, subtraction, scalar multiplication and multiplication)</li> <li>1.3 Evaluation of determinants of a square matrix of order 2 and 3. Singular matrices</li> <li>1.4 Cramer's rule for solving system of linear equations involving 2 and 3 variables</li> <li>1.5 Adjoint and Inverse of the nonsingular matrices of order 2 and 3</li> <li>1.6 Characteristic equation and Eigen values of a square matrix of order 2</li> </ul>	10-0-0

S	Able to find the equation of a straight line in different forms	<ul> <li>2.1 Slope of a straight line</li> <li>2.2 Intercepts of a straight line</li> <li>2.3 Intercept form of a straight line</li> <li>2.4 Slope-intercept form of a straight line</li> </ul>	
UNIT-2 STRAIGHT LINES	Determine whether the lines are parallel or perpendicular	<ul> <li>2.5 Slope-point form of a straight line</li> <li>2.6 Two-point form of a straight line</li> <li>2.7 General form of a straight line</li> <li>2.8 Angle between two lines and conditions for lines to be parallel and perpendicular</li> <li>2.9 Equation of a straight line parallel to the given line</li> </ul>	10-0-0
		2.10 Equation of a straight line perpendicular to the given line	
UNIT-3 TRIGONOMETRY	<ul> <li>Use basic trigonometric skills in finding the trigonometric ratios of allied and compound angles</li> <li>Able to find all the measurable dimensions of a triangle</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3.1 Concept of angles, their measurement, Radian measure and related conversions.</li> <li>3.2 Signs of trigonometric ratios in different quadrants (ASTC rule)</li> <li>3.3 Trigonometric ratios of allied angles (definition and the table of trigonometric ratios of standard allied angles say 90°±Θ, 180°±Θ, 270°±Θ and 360°±Θ)</li> <li>3.4 Trigonometric ratios of compound angles (without proof)</li> <li>3.5 Trigonometric ratios of multiple angles</li> <li>3.6 Transformation formulae</li> </ul>	10-0-0
UNIT-4 DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS AND APPLICATIONS	<ul> <li>Able to differentiate algebraic, exponential, trigonometric, logarithmic and composite functions</li> <li>Able to find higher order derivatives</li> <li>Understand and work with derivatives as rates of change in mathematical models</li> <li>Find local maxima and minima of a function</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>4.1 Derivatives of continuous functions in an interval (List of formulae)</li> <li>4.2 Rules of differentiation</li> <li>4.3 Successive differentiation (up to second order)</li> <li>4.4 Applications of differentiation</li> </ul>	11-0-0
UNIT-5 INTEGRAL CALCULUS AND APPLICATIONS	<ul> <li>Understand the basic rules of integration and Evaluate integrals with basic integrands.</li> <li>Identify the methods to evaluate integrands</li> <li>Apply the skills to evaluate integrals representing areas and volumes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>5.8 List of standard integrals and Basic rules of integration</li> <li>5.9 Evaluation of integrals of simple function and their combination</li> <li>5.10 Methods of integration</li> <li>5.11 Concept of definite integrals</li> <li>5.12 Applications of definite integrals</li> </ul>	11-0-0

#### 5. MAPPING OF CO WITH PO

CO	Course Outcome	PO	UNIT	CL	Theory	TOT
CO	Course Outcome	Mapped	Linked	R/U/A	in Hrs	AL
CO1	Determine the inverse of a square matrix using matrix algebra. Apply the concepts of matrices and determinants to solve system of linear equations and find eigen values associated with the square matrix.	1,7	1	R/U/A	10	40
CO2	Find the equation of straight line in different forms. Determine the parallelism and perpendicularity of lines.	1,7	2	R/U/A	10	40
CO3	Calculate trigonometric ratios of allied angles and compound angles. Transform sum (difference) of trigonometric ratios into product and vice versa.	1, 7	3	R/U/A	10	40
<b>CO4</b>	Differentiate various continuous functions and apply the concept in real life situations.	1, 3, 7	4	R/U/A	11	40
CO5	Integrate various continuous functions and apply the concept in evaluating the area and volume through definite integrals.	1, 3, 7	5	R/U/A	11	40
					52	200

Course	CO's		Programme Outcomes (PO's)					
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	CO1	3	1	0	0	0	0	3
ENGINEEDING MATTUEMATING	CO2	3	1	0	0	0	0	3
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS	CO3	3	1	0	0	0	0	3
	CO4	3	1	3	0	0	0	3
	CO5	3	1	3	0	0	0	3

Level 3- Highly Mapped, Level 2-Moderately Mapped, Level 1-Low Mapped, Level 0- Not Mapped

#### 7. INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes

- 6. Explicit instruction will be provided in intervention classes or by using different differentiation strategies in the main classroom.
- 7. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching method and media that are employed to develop the outcomes.
- 8. Observing the way their more proficient peers use prior knowledge to solve current challenges and persevere in problem solving will help struggling students to improve their approach to engaging with rich contextual problems.
- 9. Ten minutes a day in homeroom, at the end of class, or as a station in a series of math activities will help students build speed and confidence.
- 10. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 11. The teacher is able to show different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 12. In a perfect world, teacher would always be able to demonstrate how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. When a concept cannot be applied in that manner, we can still share how it might be applied within mathematics.

#### 8. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES:

Sl. No.	Author	Title of Books	Publication/Year
1	B.S. Grewal	Higher Engineering Mathematics	Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 40th Edition,2007
2	G. B. Thomas, R. L. Finney	Calculus and Analytic Geometry	Addison Wesley, 9th Edition, 1995
3	S.S. Sabharwal, Sunita Jain, Eagle Parkashan	Applied Mathematics, Vol. I & II	Jalandhar.
4	Comprehensive Mathematics	Comprehensive Mathematics Vol. I & II	Laxmi Publications, Delhi
5	ReenaGarg &Chandrika Prasad	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi

#### 9. COURSE ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION CHART

Sl.No.	Assessment	Duration	Max marks	Conversion
1	CIE Assessment 1 (Written Test -1) At the end of 3 d week	80 minutes	30	Average of three written tests
2	CIE Assessment 2 (Written Test -2) At the end of 7 week	80 minutes	30	30
3	CIE Assessment 3 (Written Test -3) At the end of 13 week	80 minutes	30	
4	CIE Assessment 4 (MCQ/Quiz) At the end of 5 week	60 minutes	20	
5	CIE Assessment 5 (Open book Test) At the end of 9 week	60 minutes	20	Average of three
6	CIE Assessment 6 (Student activity/Assignment) At the end of 11 week	60 minutes	20	20
	Total Continuous Internal E	valuation (CIE) Assessn	nent	50
8	Semester End Examination (SEE) Assessment (Written Test)	3 Hours	100	50
	Total 1	Marks		100

#### Note:

- 1. SEE (Semester End Examination) is conducted for 100 Marks theory courses for a time duration of 3 Hours.
- 2. Three CIE (written test), each of 30 marks for a time duration of 80 minutes shall be conducted. Also, three CIE (MCQ or Quiz/Open book test/student activity or assignment) each of 20 marks for the time duration of 60 minutes shall be conducted. Any fraction at any stage during evaluation will be rounded off to the next higher digit
- 3. Assessment of assignment and student activity is evaluated through appropriate rubrics by the respective course coordinator. The secured mark in each case is rounded off to the next higher digit.

### **10 DETAILED COURSE CONTENT**

UNIT NO AND NAME	DETAILED COURSE CONTENT	со	PO	CONTACT HRS	TOTAL
	Definition and types of matrices	1	1,7	1	
	Algebra of Matrices (addition, subtraction and scalar multiplication) problems	1	1,7	1	
	Multiplication of Matrices(problems)	1	1,7	1	
	Evaluation of 2x2,3x3 determinants and Singular matrices and problems in finding unknown variable	1	1,7	1	
	Cramer's rule to solve system of linear equation with 2 and 3 variables	1	1,7	1	
	Cramer's rule to solve system of linear equation with 2 and 3 variables.problems	1	1,7	1	10
	Minors, Cofactors of elements of square matrices of order 2 and 3	1	1,7	1	
	Adjoint of a square matrix(2x2 and 3x3),Inverse of a non singular square matrix	1	1,7	1	
	Adjoint of a square matrix(2x2 and 3x3),Inverse of a non singular square matrix and problems	1	1,7	1	
	Characteristic equation and eigen values of a 2x2 matirx and problems	1	1,7	1	
	Slope of the straight line(provided with inclination and two points on the line as well) and problems	2	1,7	1	
	Intercepts of a straight line and problems	2	1,7	1	
(0	Intercept form of a straight line and problems	2	1,7	1	
E	Slope-intercept form of a straight line and problems	2	1,7	1	
	Slope-point form of the straight line and problems	2	1,7	1	
2 HTLINES	Two-point form of a straight line and problems	2	1,7	1	10
(5	General form of a straight line.problems on finding slope and intercepts.	2	1,7	1	10
STRAIG	Angle between two straight lines and conditions for the lines to be parallel and perpendicular and problems	2	1,7	1	
	Equation of a line parellel to the given line and problems	2	1,7	1	
	Equation of a line perpendicular to the given line.problems	2	1,7	1	

Concept of angles and their measurement. Radian measures and related conversions (degree to radian and vice-versa) and problems			1,7	1	
	Signs of trigonometric ratios in different quadrants (ASTC rule)		1,7	1	
ſŔŶ	Trigonometric ratios of allied angles (definition and the table of trigonometric ratios of standard allied angles say $90^{\circ}\pm\theta$ , $180^{\circ}\pm\theta$ , $270^{\circ}\pm\theta$ and $360^{\circ}\pm\theta$ )	3	1,7	1	
匝	Problems on allied angles. (proving identities)	3	1,7	1	
3 NOM	Problems on allied angles. (Finding values of x in an identity)	3	1,7	1	10
3 TRIGONOMETRY	Trigonometric ratios of compound angles (without proof)	3	1,7	1	
TR	Trigonometric ratios of multiple angles (sin2A, cos2A, tan2A, sin3A, cos3A and tan3A)	3	1,7	1	
	Problems on multiple angles sin2A, cos2A, tan2A, sin3A, cos3A and tan3A	3	1,7	1	
	Transformation formulae (without proof) as sum to product. (Simple problems)	3	1,7	1	
	Transformation formulae (without proof) as product to sum. (Simple problems)	3	1,7	1	
4 DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS AND APPLICATIONS	Definition of a derivative of a function. Listing the derivatives of standard functions. (Algebraic, trigonometric, exponential, logarithmic and inverse trigonometric functions)	4	1,3,7	1	
ST ST ST	Addition and subtraction rule of differentiation and problems	4	1,3,7	1	
4 ENTIAL CALCUI APPLICATIONS	Product rule and quotient rule of differentiation and problems	4	1,3,7	1	
AL C	Product rule and quotient rule of differentiation and problems	4	1,3,7	1	11
SNTL	Composite functions and their derivatives. (CHAIN RULE)	4	1,3,7	1	
FERE	Composite functions and their derivatives. (CHAIN RULE). Problems	4	1,3,7	1	
)IF	Successive differentiation up to second order	4	1,3,7	1	
	Slope of the tangent and normal to the given curve and their equations and problems	4	1,3,7	1	

r					
	Rate measure: velocity and acceleration at a point of time and problems	4	1,3,7	1	
	Local Maxima and Minima of a function	4 1,3,7 1			
	Local Maxima and Minima of a function. Problems	4 1,3,7 1			
APPLICATIONS	Definition of an indefinite integral. Listing the Integrals of standard functions. (Algebraic, trigonometric, exponential, logarithmic and inverse trigonometric functions)	5	1,3,7	1	
TIC	Rules of Integration. Evaluation of integrals with simple integrands and their combinations	5	1,3,7	1	
	-   Simple micegranas and then combinations, i robiems		1,3,7	1	
AND	Evaluation of integrals with simple integrands and their combinations. Problems	5	1,3,7	1	11
$\overline{\mathbf{N}}$	Evaluation of integrals by Substitution method	5	1,3,7	1	
[ ]	Evaluation of integrals by Integration by parts	5	1,3,7	1	
CALCULUS	Evaluation of integrals by Integration by parts. Problems	5	1,3,7	1	
Y.	Definition of definite integrals and their evaluation	5	1,3,7	1	
	Evaluation of Definite integrals. Problems	5	1,3,7	1	
INTEGRAL	Area enclosed by the curves by integral method	5	1,3,7	1	
N. N.	Volume generated by the curve rotated about an axis by integral method	5	1,3,7	1	

# First Semester Examination, Model Question Paper – 2020 **Engineering Mathematics**

**Subject Code: 20SC01T Duration: 3Hours**] Max. Marks:100

**Instruction:** Answer one full question from each section. One full question carries 20 marks.

#### SECTION - 1

1

a If the matrix 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 & 6 \\ 2 & x & 2 \\ 6 & 8 & 14 \end{bmatrix}$$
 is singular then find  $x$ .

**b** Find the A<sup>2</sup> for the matrix 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
.

**c** Solve 
$$2x - y = 3$$
 and  $x + 2y = 4$  by using determinant method.

c Solve 
$$2x - y = 3$$
 and  $x + 2y = 4$  by using determinant method.  
d Find the inverse of the matrix 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 5 & 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
.

2

**a** If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 4 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 4 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  then find  $(AB)^{T}$ .

Verify whether AB=BA for the matrices  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 5 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 5 & 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  and b

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & -2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

**c** Find the Adjoint of the matrix 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
.

**d** Find the charcteristic equation and eigen values for the matrix 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
.

#### SECTION – 2

3

If the straight line is passing through the points (1, 2) and (3, 5) then find the slope of the line.

4

Write the standard intercept form of the straight line and hence find the b equation of the straight line whose x and y intercepts are 2 and 3 respectively.

5

Write the standard slope-intercept form of a straight line. Find the equation C of the straight line passing through the point (3, 5) and slope 4 units.

5

Find the equation of the straight line parallel to the line passing through the d points (1, 3) and (4, 6).

6

4

i) If a line inclined at 45° with x-axis find its slope. ii) Write a 2+2 the x and y intercept of the line 2x+3y=10.

Find the equation of the straight line whose angle of inclination is 45<sup>0</sup> and b passingthrough the origin.

5

Find the equation of the straight line perpendicular to the line 2x+6y=3 and with the y intercept 2 units.

5

Find the acute angle between the lines 7x-4y=0 and 3x-11y+5=0.

6

#### **SECTION – 3**

5 a Express 75° in radian measure and  $3\pi/2$  in degree.

4

Prove that  $cos(A + B)cos(A - B) = cos^2 A - sin^2 B$ . b

5

Show that  $\cos 2\theta = 2\cos^2 \theta - 1$ . C

5

Find the value of  $\sin 120^{\circ} \cdot \cos 330^{\circ} - \sin 240^{\circ} \cdot \cos 390^{\circ}$  without using d calculator.

6

Find the value of sin 15°. 6 a

4

- **c** Prove that  $\sin 3\theta = \sin 3\theta 4\sin^3 \theta$ .
- **d** Prove that  $\sin 20^\circ \cdot \sin 40^\circ \cdot \sin 80^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{8}$ .

#### **SECTION - 4**

7 a Find the derivative of  $y = x^2 + e^{2x} + \cos 2x - 2\log x$  with respect to x.

**b** Find dy/dx of  $y = \frac{\sec x + \tan x}{\sec x - \tan x}$ .

Find dy/dx of  $y = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{1+x}{1-x} \right)$ .

If the  $s = 2x^3 + 3x + 4$  repersents the displacement of the particle in motion at time x, then find the velocity of the particle at x = 2 secs and acceleration at x = 3 secs.

8 a Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  of  $y = 3x^4 + 4\log x + 2e^{3x} + \tan^{-1} x$ .

**b** If  $y = e^{2x} \sin 3x$  then find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .

**c** Find  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$  if  $y = 3\sin x + 4\cos x$  at x = 1.

**d** Find the equation of tangent and normal to the curve  $y = x^2$  at the point (1, 1).

#### SECTION - 5

**b** Evaluate 
$$\int_{0}^{p/2} \sin^2 x \ dx$$

- c Evaluate  $\int x \sin x dx$ .
- **d** Find the area bounded by the curve  $y = 4x x^2 3$ , x-axis and ordinates x = 1 and x = 3.
- 10 a Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{2} e^{x} dx$ .
  - **b** Evaluate  $\int \frac{4\cos(\log x)}{x} dx$ .
  - c Evaluate  $\int xe^x dx$ .
  - **d** Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the curve  $y = \sqrt{x^2 + 5x}$  **6** between x = 1 and x = 2.

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# Government of Karnataka Department of Collegiate and Technical Education Board of Technical Examinations, Bangalore

Course Code	20PM01T	Semester	II
Course Title	Project Management Skills	Course Group	PM
No. of Credits	4	Type of Course	Activity based study
Course Category	Theory with Activities	Total Contact Hours	6 Hrs Per Week (2Theory +4 hrs of classroom activities) 78 Hrs Per Semester
Prerequisites	10 <sup>th</sup> Level Mathematics	Teaching Scheme	4 hrs per week classroom sessions dedicated to case studies & activities
CIE Marks	50	SEE Marks	50

#### **RATIONALE**

**Project Management is a confluence of Management principles and Engineering subject area. This course enables** the students to develop conceptualisation of Engineering Management principles and apply the same for their engineering projects, in their domains, example, Software Development project or Construction Project and so on. The course integrates three core areas of Planning, Execution and Auditing of Projects.

#### 1. COURSE SKILL SET

Student will be able to:

- 1. Understand what constitutes a project, Plan for the execution of the project by breaking into manageable work units, and Prepare necessary project artefacts
- 2. Track and control the Project while preparing verifiable records for Project Inspections and Audits
- 3. Inspect and Audit projects for Milestones or other project completion criteria and other metrics, Defects and remediation, Project learning
- 4. Gain knowledge and develop curiosity on latest technology trends in Project management

#### 2. COURSE OUT COMES

## At the end of the course, student will be able to

CO1	Apply the concepts of Project Management to real projects which are expressed in the form of the Project reports or Engineering drawings
CO2	Estimate Project resources needed Time, Material and Effort, and Plan for execution
CO3	Understand, analyse and assess the risks involved in a project and plan for managing them
CO4	Use Project Management Software and processes to track and control Projects
CO5	Conduct inspection of Projects and audit progress and bills
CO6	Understand the Digital Technology trends in Project management and concepts like Smart cities

#### 3. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE WITH HOURS & MARKS

LINIUT		TEACHING	MARKS DISTRIBUTION(THEORY)					
UNIT NO	UNIT TITLE	HOURS (L-T-P)	R LEVEL	U LEVEL	A LEVEL	TOTAL		
1	Introduction	02-00-04	8	8	4	20		
2	Project Administration	06-00-12	8	12	20	40		
3	Project Lifecycle	04-00-08	8	12	20	40		
4	Project Planning, Scheduling and Monitoring	06-00-12	8	12	20	40		
5	Project Control, Review and Audit	06-00-12	8	12	20	40		
6	Digital Project Management	02-00-04	8	8	4	20		
	Total	26-00- 52=78	48	64	88	200		

Legends: R = Remember; U = Understand; A = Apply and above levels (Bloom's revised taxonomy)

#### 4. DETAILS OF COURSE CONTENT

The following topics/subtopics is to be taught and assessed in order to develop Unit Skill sets for achieving CO to attain identified skill sets.

UNIT NO Unit skill set	Topics / Subtopics	Hours
------------------------	--------------------	-------

	(In cognitive		L-T-P
1 Introduction	Use Basic Science, Maths skills to understand Project management and project planning, execution and control.	Introduction and definition, Features of a Project, Types of Projects, Benefits and Obstacles in Project Management, Project Management Profession, Role of Project manager, Consultants, Project and Operation, Project Management Process, Project Scope	02-00-
2 Project Administration	Able to develop WBS, PEP and PM processes for Project with given inputs	Project Administration, Project Team, Project Design, Work Breakdown Structure (WBS), Project Execution Plan (PEP), Systems and Procedure Plan, Project Direction, Communication and Co- ordination, Project Success  Case Study I	06-00- 12
3 Project Lifecycle	Use project administration and project lifecycle knowledge to Assess and plan for project risk	Project Life Cycle, Phases - Project Planning, Project Execution, Project Closure, Project Risks, Project Cost Risk Analysis, Time and Cost overruns  Case Study 2a	04-00- 08
4. Project Planning, Project Scheduling and Project Monitoring and Implementation	Able to develop a detailed project plan given the inputs on manpower, funds availability and time availability	Project Planning Function, Structure, Project Scheduling, Project monitoring and Project evaluation  Case Study 2b	06-00- 12
5.Project Control, Review and Audit	Use Project Management lifecycle knowledge to Control project parameters, review and audit project performance	Project Control, Problems of Project Control, Gantt Charts, Milestone Charts, Critical Path Method (CPM), Network Technique in Project Scheduling, Crashing Project Duration through Network, Project Review, Initial Review, Performance Evaluation, Abandonment Analysis, Project Audit Case Study 2c	06-00- 12

6.Digital Project Management	Understand latest trends of digital technologies impacting the domain of project management and application of the same in multiple scenario	Digital Technology trends in Project management, Cloud Technology, IoT, Smart cities, Data and analytics, case studies Case study 3	02-00- 04
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## 1. MAPPING OF CO WITH PO

CO	Course Outcome	PO	UNIT	CL D/II/A	Sessions	TOT
		Mapped	Linked	R/U/A	in Hrs	AL - Marks
CO1	Understand the concepts of Project Management in relation to real projects which are expressed in the form of the Project reports or Engineering drawings	1, 2, 5, 7	1, 2	R/U/A	06	10
CO2	Case Study - I Estimate Project resources needed Time, Material and Effort, and Plan for execution Case study 2a	1, 2, 3, 7	2, 3	R/U/A	18	20
CO3	Evaluate the risks involved in a project and Plan for managing them  Case Study - 2a	1,2,3,7	2,3	R/U/A	12	20
CO4	Use Project Management methods with Software and/or processes to track and control Projects  Case Study 2b	1, 4, 6, 7	4	R/U/A	18	20
CO5	Conduct inspection of Projects and audit progress and bills  Case Study 2c	1, 2, 5, 7	5	R/U/A	18	20

C06	Understand the Digital Technology trends in Project management, and Engineering Industries Case Study 3	1, 5, 7	6	R/U/A	06	10
					78	100

	CO's		Programme Outcomes's) (PO					
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Project Management	CO1	3	3	0	0	2	0	1
	CO2	3	3	3	0	0	0	1
	CO3	3	0	0	3	0	3	1
	CO4	3	0	0	3	0	3	1
	CO5	3	2	0	0	2	0	1
	C06	3	0	0	0	2	0	2

Level 3- Highly Mapped, Level 2-Moderately Mapped, Level 1-Low Mapped, Level 0- Not Mapped

#### 7. INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes

- 1. Explicit instruction will be provided in intervention classes or by using different differentiation strategies in the main classroom.
- 2. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching method and media that are employed to develop the outcomes.
- 3. Observing the way their more proficient peers use prior knowledge to solve current challenges and persevere in problem solving will help struggling students to improve their approach to engaging with rich contextual problems.
- 4. Topics be introduced always with a reallife example and then answering What, how, why and when.
- 5. The teacher is able to show different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.

6. In a perfect world, teacher would always be able to demonstrate how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. When a concept cannot be applied in that manner, we can still share how it might be applied within mathematics.

#### **8. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES:**

SlNo.	Author	Title of Books	Publication/Year
1	Dr. Lalitha Balakrishnan & Dr. Gowri Ramachandran	Project Management	Himalaya Publishing, 2019
2	Shailesh Kumar Shivakumar	Complete Guide to Digital Project Management	Apress, 2019
3	Prasanna Chandra	Project planning, analysis, selection, implementation and review	Tata McGraw Hill
4	Gopala Krishnan	Project Management	Mcmillan India Ltd.

#### 9. COURSE ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION CHART

Sl. No	Assessment	Duration	Max	Conversion
			marks	
	CIE Assessment 1			Average of three
	( Written Test -1)			written tests
1	At the end of 3 <sup>rd</sup> week	80 minutes	30	30
	CIE Assessment 2			50
	(Written Test -2)			
2	At the end of 7 <sup>th</sup> week	80 minutes	30	
	CIE Assessment 3			
	(Written Test -3)			
3	At the end of 13 <sup>th</sup> week	80 minutes	30	
	CIE Assessment 4			Average of three
	(Group Assignment -1)			20
4	At the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> week	60 minutes	20	20
	CIE Assessment 5			
	(Group Assignment -2)			
5	At the end of 9 <sup>th</sup> week	60 minutes	20	

Sl. No	Assessment	Duration	Max	Conversion
			marks	
	CIE Assessment 6			
	(Individual Student			
	activity/Assignment) At			
6	the end of 11 <sup>th</sup> week	60 minutes	20	
	Total Continuous Internal Eval	50		
8	Semester End Examination (SEE) Assessment (Written Test)	3 Hrs	100	50
	Total Mark	KS		100

#### Note:

- 3. SEE (Semester End Examination) is conducted for 100 Marks theory course for a time duration of 3 Hrs
- 4. Three CIE (written test), each of 30 marks for a time duration of 80 minutes shall be conducted. Also, three CIE (MCQ or Quiz/Group Assignment/Individual student activity or assignment) each of 20 marks for the time duration of 60 minutes shall be conducted. Any fraction at any stage during evaluation will be rounded off to the next higher digit
  - 5. Assessment of assignment and student activity is evaluated through appropriate rubrics by the respective course coordinator. The secured mark in each case is rounded off to the next higher digit.

#### 10 DETAILED COURSE CONTENT

Unit No And Name	DETAILED COURSE CONTENT	CONTACT HRS	TOTAL
	1.1 Introduction	3	
	1.2 Meaning of Project		
	1.3 Definition and No Change Mode		
1.	1.4 Features of a Project		6
Introduction	1.5 Types of Projects		
	1.6 Benefits of Project Management		
	1.7 Obstacles in Project Management		
	1.8 Project Management A Profession		
	1.9 Project Manager and His Role		
	1.10 Project Consultants		

Unit No And Name	DETAILED COURSE CONTENT	CONTACT HRS	TOTAL
	1.11 What is Operation?	3	
	1.12 Difference between Project and Operation	-	
	1.13 What is Process in Project Management and Process Groups?		
	1.14 What is Scope? Difference between Project Group Objectives and		
	1.15 Project Scope		
2. Project	2.1 Essentials of Project Administration	3	18
Administrat	2.2 Project Team		
ion	2.3 Project Design	_	
	2.4 Work Breakdown Structure (WBS)		
	2.5 Project Execution Plan (PEP)	6	
	2.6 Contracting Plan		
	2.7 Work Packing Plan	_	
	2.8 Organisation Plan	3	
	2.9 Systems and Procedure Plan		
	2.10 Project Procedure Manual		
	2.11 Project Diary	3	
	2.12 Project Execution System		
	2.13 Project Direction		
	2.14 Communication in a Project	3	
	2.15 Project Co-ordination	_	
	2.16 Pre-requisites for Successful Project Implementation		
3. Project	3.1 Introduction	6	12
Lifecycle	3.2 Phases of Project Life Cycle		
	3.3 Project Management Life Cycle General		
	3.4 Project Planning		
	3.5 Project Execution		
	3.6 Project Closure		
	3.7 Project Risks	3	
	3.8 Types of Risks: Illustrations	]	
	3.9 Risk Assessment Techniques with Illustrations		
	3.10 Project Cost Risk Analysis	3	
	3.11 Estimating Time and Cost Overrun Risks	j l	

	3.12 Organisation/Procedural/Systemic Reasons for Project Cost Overruns 3.13 Time Overruns		
4. Project	4.1 Introduction	6	18
Planning, Scheduling	4.2 Nature of Project Planning		
and Monitoring	4.3 Need for Project Planning		
	4.4 Functions of Project Planning		
	4.5 Steps in Project Planning		
	4.6 Project Planning Structure		
	4.7 Project Objectives and Policies		
	4.8 Tools of Project Planning		
	4.9 Project Scheduling	6	
	4.10 Time Monitoring Efforts		
	4.11 Bounding Schedules		
	4.12 Scheduling to Match Availability of Manpower		
	4.13 Scheduling to Match Release of Funds		
	4.14 Problems in Scheduling Real-life Projects		
	4.15 Introduction	3	
	4.16 Situation Analysis and Problem Definition		
	4.17 Setting Goals and Objectives		
	4.18 Generating Structures and Strategies		
	4.19 Implementation		
	4.20 What is Project Evaluation?	3	
	4.21 Why is Project Evaluation Important?		
	4.22 What are the Challenges in Monitoring and Evaluation?		
5. Project	5.1 Introduction	6	18
Control, Review and	5.2 Projected Control Purposes		
Audit	5.3 Problems of Project Control		

ı		•	
	5.4 Gantt Charts		
	5.5 Milestone Charts		
	5.6 Critical Path Method (CPM)	6	
	5.7 Construction of a Network		
	5.8 Network Technique in Project Scheduling		
	5.9 Crashing Project Duration through Network		
	5.10 Project Review	3	
	5.11 Initial Review		
	5.12 Post Audit		
	5.13 Performance Evaluation		
	5.14 Abandonment Analysis		
	5.15 Objectives of Project Audit	3	
	5.16 Functions of Project Auditor		
	5.17 Project Audit Programme		
	5.18 Difficulties in Establishing Audit Purpose and Scope		
6. Digital Project	6.1 Digital Technology trends in Project management	1	6
Management	6.2 Cloud Technology, IoT, AR and VR applications in Project management, Smart Cities	1	
	6.3 Data Science and Analytics in Project Management	1	
	6.4 Case Studies	3	

### Case Studies:

Please note: The Tutors can either use the following Case studies and activities or Design on their own, with the overall Learning Outcomes being met.

#### Case Study I: Residential House - Project Execution Plan

- 1. Dr. Sunil Kulkarni wants to build a house on his 9000 square feet (90x100) vacant plot in Bengaluru. His requirements were given below.
  - i) He lives with his wife, parents and two college going children.
  - He likes open space around his house and likes to do gardening during free time ii)
  - His wife teaches Yoga and about 30 middle aged and old people attend the daily iii) sessions.
  - He has a budget limitation of INR 230,00,000 for this project and wants to present iv) to his wife on their  $20^{\text{th}}$  wedding anniversary which is 18 months away.

- His parents can not climb stairs and hence prefer a ground floor room v)
- All the rooms should have attached bathrooms vi)

How-ever the Civil contractor who took the work, overshot the time and money available and hence Dr Sunil was unhappy with the Architect firm who recommended the Contractor.

#### Task:

- Split the class into groups of three
- Ask them to prepare 2D drawings with Plan, Elevation, Sections and perspectives.
- Prepare the detailed WBS, a Project execution plan and Project communication plan for contractors
- Estimate the quantities
- Discuss on the possible reasons for delay and methods with which performance to both time and budget could have been achieved
- Present it in a seminar, with each group getting 5-10 minutes to present their idea.

#### Case Study 2a:

The Columbus Hospital proposed in Hubli is a 200 bed speciality private hospital for treatment of Cancer. The hospital will come up on a 12 acre plot between Hubli-Dharwad. A leading construction company has come forward to complete the hospital works from concept to commissioning in 9 months. The promoters are willing to spend a premium to complete the hospital in 9 month time and are not particular about type of construction, ie, RCC, Steel frame etc. The key requirements are as follows:

- 200 bed hospital of which 40 are for critical care (ICU), 40 for pre and post-Operative i)
- 4 Operation Theatres 2 Major (Minimum 800 SFT each) and 2 minor (minimum 400 ii) sft each)
- iii) One full-fledged Diagnostic laboratory (1500 Sft)
- One 24x7 pharmacy (360 Sft min) iv)
- Doctors rooms, Nurses enclosures, Change rooms v)
- Office with billing counters (min 2000 sft) for all administrative staff vi)
- Wheel chair parking bays, Stretcher parking bays in all floors vii)
- One Cafeteria with 50 person capacity viii)
- One conference room with Multimedia equipment (300 sft min) ix)
- Parking for ambulances, 4 wheelers, two wheelers x)
- Reception and enquiry counter xi)
- All amenities should be accessible for disabled persons xii)
- xiii) Incinerator, Waste storage and disposal area
- Generator and fuel storage area xiv)

- i) The various alternative approaches available to complete the hospital.
- ii) Look into National Building Code and BIS standards for arriving at approximate (+/-10%) super built-up area required, amenities to be planned
- iii) The various phases of the project according to Project lifecycle and durations
- iv) Prepare the detailed WBS, Project Organization required and Project Dairy template
- v) Prepare a Project Plan with risks involved and the risk management plan.
- vi) Estimate the cost of time overrun if the project is delayed by 114 calendar days due to issues with approvals

#### Case Study 2b:

For case study 2 above, prepare an Implementation Plan using a spread sheet software.

#### **Discuss**

- i) What happens if a pandemic affects the project in its 7<sup>th</sup> Month. How do you mitigate the possible issues in implementation?
- ii) What happens if during the fourth month of projects the client decides to reduce funds for the month by 50%?

#### Case Study 2c:

For case study 2 above, prepare a Critical Path method Chart (CPM) showing all main activities in the WBS with milestones.

#### **Discuss**

- xvi) What happens if the client decides to complete the ground floor roof 15 days earlier?
- xvii) What happens if the client reduces the inflow of project funds by 50% for the month 4?
- xviii) Write an Audit report for the project at the end of 6th month

#### Case Study 3:

This will be done as a student activity and has two components.

- i) Research on 3D printing in any industry and prepare a three page article
- ii) Study usage of Drones in different Industries and evaluate the Cost benefits of using the same for any one scenario.

# **Model Question Paper**

# I A Test (CIE)

Prograi	nme:	Semes	ter: II			
		Max Marks: 30 Duration: 1 Hr 20 minutes				
		Noto, Ar	Note: Answer one full question from each section. One full question carries 10 marks.			
					1	
Qn.No	Question	CL	co	PO	Marks	
	Section-1			_		
1.a)						
b)						
c)						
2.a)						
b)						
c)						
	Section-2	·			•	
3.a)						
b)						
c)						
4.a)						
b)						
c)						
	Section-3					
5.a)						
b)						
c)						
6.a)						
b)						
c)						

# Model Question Paper Semester End Examination

Programme: Semester: II					
Course:			rks: 100		
Course Code: Duration: 3 H			n: 3 Hrs	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Instruction to the Candidate:  Answer one full question from each section. One full question carries 20 marks.				
		ation. One full question carrie	es 20 ma	rks.	
Qn.No	Question	CL	CO	Marks	
	Section-1	·			
1.a)					
b)					
2.a)					
b)					
	Section-2				
3.a)					
b)					
4.a)					
b)					
	Section- 3	}			
5.a)					
b)					
6.a)					
b)					
	Section-4				
7.a)					
b)					
8.a)					
b)					
	Section-5	l			
9.a)					
b)					
10.a)					
b)					
,					

# Government of Karnataka **Department of Technical Education** Board of Technical Examinations, Bangalore

Course Code	20AR21P	Semester	П	
Course Title	Visual Art & Drawing	Course Group	Architecture	
No. of Credits	4	Type of Course	Lecture& Practice	
Course Cotogomy	PC	<b>Total Contact Hours</b>	6 Hrs Per Week	
Course Category			78 Hrs Per Semester	
Prerequisites	Enthusiasm to learn the subject/ Visualizing/Creativity	Teaching Scheme	(L:T:P)-1:0:2	
CIE Marks	60	SEE Marks	40	

#### 1. Course Rationale:

Visual Art is an effective language of Architects. Visual skills are essential for a refined workforce in Architecture Education, these arts can help students in bringing out creativity as well as developing an overall personality. Moreover, it is the transmitting link between ideas and realization.

#### 2. List of competencies

The course content should be taught and implemented with the aim to develop different types of skills leading to the achievement of the following competencies:

- Facilitate to use one's visual perception to develop a sense of scale, proportion, depth, mass, light and shade
- Explore different media for visual communication.

#### 3. Course out comes

CO1	Apply the knowledge of various techniques in free hand drawing of man-made form.
CO2	Apply the knowledge of Free Hand Lettering and calligraphy.
CO3	Represent proportionate natural forms.
CO4	Sketch manmade forms.
CO5	Reproduce symmetrical forms.
CO6	Prepare artistic drawing by applying principles of rendering in different media.

#### 4. INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

- 1 Different methods of teaching and media to be used to attain classroom attention.
- 2 Massive open online courses (MOOCs) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- 3 15-20% of the topics which are relatively simpler of descriptive in nature should be given to the students for self-learning and assess the development of competency through classroom presentations.
- 4 Micro-projects may be given to group of students for hand-on experiences
- 5 Encouraging students to observe and replicate the existing design and forms.

#### 5-a CONTENTS

The following topics/sub topics is to be taught and assessed in order to develop Unit Skill sets for achieving CO to attain identified skill sets

# 5-b COURSECONTENT DETAILS.

Unit	Major Learning Topics and Sub- Topics	Outcomes (in cognitive domain)	Hours L-T-P
UNIT – I Introduction to Visual Art	1.1 Use and understanding of different materials like pencil, charcoal, pastels, water colour, poster colour, brushes, Frottage, collage and mono prints.  1.2 Express sensitivity of using line, volume, tone, texture, pencil and paints.etc.	Prepare Collage and mono prints.      Express sensitivity of using line, volume, tone, texture etc.	2-0-4
UNIT – II Lettering	2.1 Free Hand Lettering in different styles 2.2 Calligraphy	Practice Free Hand Lettering in different styles     Create Roman and Gothic Letterings     Identify Lettering in calligraphy	4-0-8
UNIT – III Sketching Of Natural Forms	3.1 Sketching of natural forms - plants, trees etc.  3.2 Free hand drawing  3.3 Sketching natural elements and rendering	Sketch Natural Forms      Prepare Free hand sketch using Natural Forms     Create Light and Shadow effect by using rendering principles to a natural form.	5-0-10
UNIT – IV Sketching Of Manmade Objects	4.1 Study of manmade objects  4.2 Sketch Manmade objects and rendering  4.3 Draw and render furniture's like stool, chair, dressing table, etc.	Study and Sketch manmade objects like stool, chair, table and dressing unit.      Create Light and Shadow effect by using rendering principles to furniture's like stool, chair, dressing table, etc.	5-0-10
UNIT – V Symmetrical Forms	5.1Study and design symmetrical forms 5.2 Draw Using geometrical, ornamentals and natural forms. 5.3 Sketch and render geometrical forms 5.4 Sketch and render ornamental forms 5.5 Sketch and render natural forms	1.Study symmetrical forms     2. Prepare Symmetrical forms using geometrical shapes.     3. Create Symmetrical design using natural forms.     4. Practice Symmetrical forms using Ornamental design.	3-0-6
UNIT – VI Object Drawing	6.1 Draw and render different objects 6.2 Sketch different objects using materials 6.3 Study of shade and light by using different media like pencil, pastel, charcoal etc. 6.4 Composition of multiple objects and render using different media like	Prepare an object drawing using different types of models.     Produce object drawing using different materials.     Create a composition of multiple objects and render the same.	7-0-14
	pencil, pastel, charcoal etc.	TOTAL	26-0-52

# **6.LIST OF PRACTICALEXERCISES**

The exercises/practical/experiments should be properly designed and implemented with an attempt to develop different types of skills leading to the achievement of the competency. Following is the list of exercises/practical/experiments for guidance.

Unit No.	Practical Exercises (Outcomes in Psychomotor Domain)	Hours L-T-P
1	<ol> <li>Teacher will demonstrate the use of a. Drawinginstruments.</li> <li>Material application like pencil, charcoal, pastels, water colour, poster colour, brushes, Frottage, collage and mono prints.</li> </ol>	2-0-4
	Practice Free Hand Lettering in different styles	1-0-2
2	Create Roman and Gothic Letterings with application of pencil	1-0-2
2	Lettering in calligraphy using calligraphy pen.	2-0-4
	Sketch and prepare free hand sketch using Natural Forms.	2-0-4
3	Create Light and Shadow effect by using rendering principles to a natural form using application of material like pencil, charcoal, pastels, etc.	3-0-6
4	Study and Sketch manmade objects like stool, chair, table and dressing unit.	2-0-4
4	Create Light and Shadow effect by using rendering principles to furniture's like stool, chair, dressing table, etc.	3-0-6
	Study and prepare symmetrical forms using geometrical shapes.	1-0-2
5	Create and practice Symmetrical design using natural forms and geometrical shapes.	1-0-2
	Sketch and rendering principles to a natural form using application of material like pencil, charcoal, pastels,etc.	1-0-2
6	Prepare and reproduce an object drawing using different types of models.	5-0- 10
	Create a composition of multiple objects and render the same.	2-0-4
	TOTAL	26-0-52

# 7. SUGGESTED LIST OF STUDENTACTIVITIES.

SL.NO.	ACTIVITY
1	Create a greeting Card using different type of Lettering.
2	Take two simple objects. Sketch isometric of them and render the same.
3	Reproduce the existing Facade of small building.
4	Create an outdoor Landscape using Colours, Pencil, Charcoal, Pastels, etc.

#### 8. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES:

- 1. The Thames and Hudson manual of rendering with Pen and Ink -Robert W Gill
- 2. Architectural rendering Techniques- Mike W.Lin, Alsa
- 3. Lettering for Architects and designers I& II Martha SutherlandWeb link:

#### 9. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- 5. www.visualartists.co
- 2. www.visual-arts-cork.com/definitions/

#### 10. Mapping of Course Outcomes with Programme Outcomes (Suggestive only)

	CO's	Programme Outcomes (PO's)						
Course		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	CO1	3	1	2	3	1	1	1
Visual Art and Drawing	CO2	3	ı	1	3	ı	ı	1
	CO3	3	ı	3	3	ı	ı	1
	CO4	3	ı	3	3	ı	1	1
	CO5	3	1	3	-	1	1	1
	CO6	3	-	3	-	-	-	1

#### Level 3- Highly Mapped, Level 2-Moderately Mapped, Level 1-Low Mapped, Level 0- Not Mapped

Method is to relate the level of PO with the number of hours devoted to the CO s which maps the given PO.

If ≥50% of classroom sessions related to the CO are addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is mapped at Level 3

If 30 to 50% of classroom sessions related to the CO are addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is mapped at Level 2

If 5 to 30% of classroom sessions related to the CO are addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is mapped at Level 1

If < 5% of classroom sessions related to the CO are addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is considered not mapped i.e. Level 0

#### 11. Course Assessment and Evaluation Chart

Sl. No	Assessment	Time frame in semester	Duration	Max marks	Conversion
	Portfolio Evaluation of				30
1.	Drawings		-	30	
		- At the end of 7 <sup>th</sup>			Average of
2	Skill Test-1	week	3 Hrs	20	two skill
		- At the end of 13 <sup>th</sup>			tests
3	Skill Test-2	week	3 Hrs	20	20
4	Student Activity	-		10	10

5	Total Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) As	60		
	Semester End Examination (SEE) Assessment			40
6	(Written Test)	3 Hrs	100	
			TOTAL	100

## Note:

- 1. Graded exercises will be evaluated by Continuous internal evaluation.
- 2. Student Activity will be evaluated by appropriate rubrics.

# SCHEME OF EVALUATION FOR

Sl. No	Particulars	Max. Marks
1	Graceful lettering	15
2	Composition	30
3	Proportion	10
4	Rendering	25
6	Viva Voce	20
	Total	100

# **Model Question Bank**

Sl.no	Questions	CL	CO	Marks
	UNIT-I			
1	Collage and mono prints. Express sensitivity of using line, volume,	R	1	05
	tone, texture etc.			
	UNIT-II			
2	Free Hand Lettering in different styles	R	2	05
3	Write a given sentence in a gothic style or calligraphy.	R	2	05
	UNIT-III			
4	Draw a natural forms and render the same using different materials like pencil, charcoal through expressing sensitivity of using line,	R	3	10
	volume, tone, texture etc.			
	UNIT-IV			
5	Sketch manmade objects like stool, chair, table and dressing unit. Rendering the same using different materials like pencil, charcoaletc.	R	4	15
	Compose the manmade objects using stool and dressing table.Render the same using different materials like pencil, charcoaletc.	R	4	15
	UNIT-V			
6	Draw a symmetrical design within an area of 15cm x 20cm using decorative forms.  Render the same with attractive colours.	R	5	10

7	Recreate and design the remaining half of the given symmetrical form with an area of 20cm x 20cm. Ink the design and render with attractive colors using color pencils.	R	5	10
8	UNIT-VI  Draw and render different objects and show the effect of shade and light by using different media like pencil, pastel, charcoal etc.	R	6	15
9	Compose any five vegetables and fruits of your imagination. Show the same with light, shade and texture to impart the depth effect.	R	6	15

10	Make an interesting three dimensional stable composition by using cuboid, ball and a pyramid. Show the same with effect of light and shadow of the composition.	R	6	15	

#### **Government of Karnataka**

#### **Department of Collegiate and Technical Education**

#### **Board of Technical Examinations, Bangalore**

Course Code	20CS01P	Semester	I/II
Course Title	IT SKILLS	Course Group	ES/CS
No. of Credits	4	Type of Course	Lecture + Practice
Course Category	ES	Total Contact Hours	6Hrs Per Week
			78Hrs Per Semester
Prerequisites	Basic Computer Skills	Teaching Scheme	(L:T:P)= 1:0:2
CIE Marks	60	SEE Marks	40

#### 1. RATIONALE

Information Technology is crucial to the majority of the business and has a great influence on innovation and engineering. Every branch of engineering and every organization opt for computers and IT skills for business automation, communication/connectivity, resource planning, work automation and securing information etc. All engineering diploma students must be conversant with the basic IT skills which empower them to learn new technologies, adapt to changes, business development, communication etc.

#### 2. COURSE SKILL SET

The aim of the course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching –learning experiences.

Perform jobs related to web design and maintenance, business process automation tool management, cyber security and safety and program assistant.

#### 3. COURSE OBJECTIVES

- 1. Demonstrate the basics of coding.
- 2. Design and develop web pages that include static and dynamic content.
- 3. Describe the basic concepts of Cloud and IoT.
- 4. Express the workflow and business automation
- 5. Recognize the best practices of Cyber Safety and security.

## 4. JOB ROLE

SL.NO	LEVEL	JOB ROLES
1	3	Junior software developer - web.
2	3	Junior Creative Designer/Digital Artist

## **5. PREREQUISITES**

STUDENT	Basic Computer skills (Students without basic computer skills should be taught basic skills)
TEACHER	Computer science faculty with required knowledge of IT Skills.

#### **6. COURSE OUT COMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to demonstrate industry oriented Cos associated with the above mentioned competency:

	COURSE OUTCOME	UNIT	CL	LINKED	TEACHI NG HOURS
CO1	Illustrate the basics of coding and develop simple applications for android phones.	1	U, A	1,4,7	15
CO2	Design and Develop websites.	2	U, A	1,4,7	30
CO3	Identify Cloud Services IoT applications	3	U	1,4,7	12
CO4	Apply workflow and use ERP for a simple project plan	4	U	1,4,7	09
CO5	Implement best practices of cyber safety and security in the workplace.	5	U, A	1,4,7	12
	TOTAL				78

Legends: R = Remember; U = Understand; A = Apply and above levels CL = Cognitive Level (Bloom's revised taxonomy)

#### 8. INSTRUCTIONAL STRATERGY

These are sample strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes

- 1. Lecturer method(L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching method and media visual/graphical content that are employed to develop the outcomes
- 2. Massive Open on-line courses (MOOCS) can be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- 3. Online coding platform wherever mentioned.
- 4. Hands on coding should be practiced.
- 5. About 15 to 20% of the topics/sub topics which are relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for self-directed learning

#### 9. DETAILS OF COURSE CONTENT

The following topics/sub topics is to be taught and assessed in order to develop Unit Skill sets for achieving CO to attain identified skill sets

UNIT	Topics/Sub topics		nit skill set/Learning outcomes	Hours
NO			(In cognitive domain)	L-T-P
1	UNIT 1 - INTRODUCTION TO B		CS OF CODING	05-0-10
	1.1 Introduction to computer programming	1.	Understand computer	
	1.2 Algorithms –With sufficient examples		programming	
	1.3 Flowcharts – With sufficient examples	2.	Create and write Algorithm for	
	1.4 Execute simple programs		programmable problems.	
	Note: Below listed or any other suitable	3.	Design Flowchart for	
	online/offline coding platforms should be		programmable problems.	
	used to demonstrate and provide coding		Develop simple Android	
	experience to students.		application.	
	a. <a href="https://scratch.mit.edu/">https://scratch.mit.edu/</a>			

	b. <a href="https://studio.code.org/projects">https://studio.code.org/projects</a>		
	Suggested programs are listed in Table 1		
	1.5 Introduction to Application		
	development		
	1.6 Simple android application development		
	(No knowledge of programming language is		
	required).		
	Note:		
	i. The purpose of application		
	development is to ignite and promote		
	programming skills.		
	ii. Application development should be		
	done using any App builder platforms		
	such as		
	iii. MITApp Inventor:		
	https://appinventor.mit.edu/		
	iv. Thunkable: https://thunkable.com/		
	v. ibuildapp: https://ibuildapp.com/		
	vi. The student should be introduced to the android application development		
	environment for further research and		
	learninghttps://developer.android.com/		
	1.7 Activity: create a simple Android		
	application (Unique for each student)		
	publish on the learning management		
	system.		
2	UNIT 2 - DESIGN AND DEVE	CLOP WEB PAGES	10-0-20
2	2.1 Basic web technologies	1. Understand and examine basic	
	<ul><li>Browser</li></ul>	web technologies	
	<ul><li>Web –Server</li></ul>	2. Creating static web pages	
	<ul><li>Client-Server Model</li></ul>	3. Formatting Webpages with	
	<ul><li>URL</li></ul>	cascading style sheets (CSS)	
	<ul><li>SEO techniques</li></ul>	4. Creating Dynamic web pages	
	Domain names and domain name system.	with JavaScript	

- 2.2 Creating Web-pages with HTML5 Static web pages.
  - Introduction, Editors
  - Tags, Attributes, Elements, Headings
  - Links, Images, List, Tables, Forms
  - Formatting, Layout, Iframes.
- 2.3 Formatting web pages with style sheets (CSS3).
  - Introduction to CSS
  - Inline CSS, Internal CSS, Classes and IDs
  - div, Color, Floating, Positioning
  - Margins, Padding, Borders
  - Fonts, Aligning Text, Styling Links
- 2.4 Creating a web page dynamic using JavaScript.
  - Dynamic web page and Introduction to JS
  - Basic syntax
  - Functions
  - Events

Note: Refer https://www.w3schools.com

- **2.6** Creating dashboards in websites.
- 2.6 Activity: Personal website design and launch with a free platform or Create a Blogging website.
  - Online platforms (Learning and executing)
  - https://www.w3schools.com/
  - https://studio.code.org
  - https://www.khanacademy.org

#### Note:

1) The student must be introduced to website development platforms - worldpress.com.

Creating and launching dashboard based personal website.

	2) The student must be made familiar			
	with launching websites.			
	Certification available:			
	HTML - W3schools			
	CSS - W3schools			
	JavaScript - W3schools			
3	UNIT 3 -BUSINESS PROCESS	AU'	TOMATION/ERP	03:0:06
3	3.1 Introduction to business process	1.	Identify and examine the needs	
	automation.		of business process	
	3.2 Organization structure and functions		automation.	
	composition-Properties and applications	2.	Understand Organization	
	■ Structure		structure and functions	
	■ Types	3.	Create and use workflows	
	<ul> <li>Functional Units</li> </ul>	4.	Use Enterprise resource	
	Note: Students should be made familiar with		planning in workplace.	
	organization, types and components of a big			
	enterprise to make him understand the			
	working of organization keeping him as part			
	of org.			
	3.3 Workflows			
	<ul><li>Introduction</li></ul>			
	<ul><li>Components</li></ul>			
	<ul> <li>Use and use cases</li> </ul>			
	Note: Use free and open-source platform to			
	demonstrate and create workflows.			
	Example:			
	https://airflow.apache.org/			
	https://taverna.incubator.apache.org/			
	https://trello.com/			
	https://www.processmaker.com/			
	3.4 Enterprise resource planning			
	<ul><li>History</li></ul>			
	<ul><li>Evolution</li></ul>			
	<ul><li>Uses of ERP</li></ul>			

	■ FRP software tools	T	
	Litt Software tools.		
	Note: The student should be introduced		
	into Enterprise resource planning software		
	tools to understand importance of ERP.		
	Examples:		
	https://erpnext.com/		
	www.bitrix24.com		
	https://www.odoo.com/		
	3.5 Activity:		
	<ul> <li>Project plan for summer internship -</li> </ul>		
	use open source ERP Software		
	Identify different components of		
	nearby organization with recourse		
	plan and workflow design.		
	Identify types of ERP software		
	available with their market share.		
4	UNIT 4 - INTRODUCTION TO CLO	UD AND IOT CONCEPTS	04-0-8
	4.1 Fundamentals of cloud	1. Understand Cloud concepts	
	4.2 Cloud service models	2. Identify and use Cloud comings	
	<ul> <li>IaaS (Infrastructure-as-a-Service)</li> </ul>	2. Identify and use Cloud services	
	<ul><li>PaaS (Platform-as-a-Service)</li></ul>	3. UnderstandIoT concepts	
	<ul><li>SaaS (Software-as-a-Service)</li></ul>	4. Identify IoT applications	
	4.3 Cloud deployment types		
	<ul><li>Public,</li></ul>		
	<ul><li>Private,</li></ul>		
	<ul><li>Hybrid</li></ul>		
	<ul><li>Community Cloud</li></ul>		
	4.4 Cloud services:		
	<ul> <li>Google Drive - file storage and</li> </ul>		
	synchronization service developed by		
	Google;		
	<ul> <li>Google docs- bring your documents to life</li> </ul>		
	with smart editing and styling tools to help		
	you easily format text and paragraphs;		
	you cashy format text and paragraphs,		1

- Google Co-lab (Usage of Jupyter Notebook): Colab notebooks allow you to combine executable code and rich text in a single document, along with images, HTML, LaTeX, and more.
- Google App Engine: Google App Engine is a Platform as a Service and cloud computing platform for developing and hosting web applications in Google-managed data centers. Applications are sandboxed and run across multiple servers.

Note: Above cloud services are not compulsory for all branches; teacher can recommend other cloud service based on need of engineering branch.

- 4.5 Working of IoT and IoT components (Only brief introduction and demonstration through videos)
- 4.6 Explain concept of Internet of Things with examples
  - Smart home
  - Smart city
  - **Smart farming**

#### Note:

- a. Teacher can also select specific area of work where **Things** (autonomous could computing devices) be interconnected over TCP/IP to establish IoT.
- b. The students should be introduced to IoT environment for further research and study.

#### **Example:**

<ul> <li>https://www.raspberrypi.org/</li> <li>https://www.arduino.cc/</li> <li>4.7 Activity:</li> <li>Create your cloud service account and demonstrate using cloud services.</li> <li>Identify cloud service provider with respect to service models and deployment types.</li> <li>Identify areas where Internet of Things could bring positive changes.</li> </ul>	AND CAPPEN	4-0-8
5.1 Introduction to Cyber security and cyber safety.  Brief awareness on cyber safety measures  Identification of basic security issues in mobile phones and personal computers  Installation of Antivirus software  Firewall concepts  Browser settings  Importance of privacy and Password policy (Best practices).  5.2 Common threats - Demonstration  Phishing  DoS attack  Man in the middle attack  Eavesdropping  Spamming  5.3 Activity  Identification of basic security issues in computers of your college and fixing the same.  Visit nearby government organization.  Identify basic cybersecurity issues and fixing the same  Demonstrate the importance of cybersecurity, password policy, and cyber safety.	1. Identify need for Cyber security and cyber safety 2. Identify basic security issues in mobile phones and personal computers 3. Examine Importance of privacy, Password policy 4. Implement best practices of cyber safety and security in work place	T-0-0

# 10. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL SKILL EXERCISES

#### TABLE-I

Sl. No.	Practical Out Comes/Practical exercises	Unit No.	PO	со
	Write an algorithm for programmable problems			
	Example for Reference:			
1	Add/subtract two numbers	1	1,4,7	1
	Find the largest/smallest of 3 numbers			
	Calculate and print sum of 'N' numbers			
	Design a flowchart for programmable problems			
	Example for Reference:			
2	Add/subtract two numbers	1	1,4,7	1
	Find the largest/smallest of 3 numbers			
	Calculate and print sum of 'N' numbers			
3	Design and create simple game using MIT-scratch/Code.org	1	1,4,7	1
4	Design and create simple android application (MIT App Inventor)	1	1,4,7	1
F	Design and create webpage for displaying your poem (Title,	2	1 4 7	2
5	header, paragraph, formatting tags)	2	1,4,7	2
	Design and create webpage for your wish list (What you want to			
6	do). Also list challenges and opportunities along with images to	2	1,4,7	2
	present your dreams (List ordered and unordered, Image, table)			
7	Design and create webpage using HTML and CSS about an	2	1 4 7	2
7	awesome animal (Use necessary CSS tags)	_ Z	1,4,7	_ Z
8	Design and create web page for a travel book/recipe book with	2	1 47	2
O	more than 3 pages, table to list places/recipes (iframe, hyperlink)	2	1,47	_ Z
	Design and create web page with JavaScript to design a simple			
9	calculator to perform the following operations: sum, product,	2	1,4,7	2
	difference and quotient			
10	Design and create a personal webpage with dashboard	2	1,4,7	2
11	Design and create web page about advantages of business process	2.2	1 / 7	2.2
11	automation with respect to your branch of engineering	2,3	1,4,7	2,3
12	Create a workflow for education loan approval in bank/diploma	3	1 / 7	3
14	admission process (Use any tool)	3	1,4,7	3

13	Demonstrate ERP with ERPNext Demo for manufacturing, retail	3	1,4,7	3
	and service sector (Use any other ERP tools)  Create user account and demonstrate use of Google drive, Google			
14	docs, Google Co-lab (Usage of Jupyter Notebook)	4	1,4,7	4
	1.1 Demonstrate Internet of Things using with examples a. Smart home			
45	b. Smart city			
15	c. Smart farming  Note: Teacher can also select specific area of work where Things  (autonomous computing devices) could be interconnected over	4	1,4,7	4
	TCP/IP to establish IoT.			
16	Installation of Antivirus software	5	1,4,7	5
17	Demonstration and hands on browser settings	5	1,4,7	5
18	Demonstration and hands on privacy settings and password policy	5	1,4,7	5
19	Demonstration of common security threats (using videos)  a. Phishing  b. DoS attack  c. Man in the middle attack  d. Spamming  e. Virus	5	1,4,7	5

The suggested practical activities (TABLE-I) in this section are demonstrated for the attainment of the competency. These practical activities can also be used for the student assessment in portfolio mode for awarding CIE marks. **The lecturer can enhance the competency level of the students by sketching more practical exercises.** 

#### **NOTES:**

- 1. It is compulsory to prepare log book/record of exercises. It is also required to get each exercise recorded in logbook, checked and duly dated signed by the teacher
- 2. Student activities are compulsory and are also required to be performed and noted in logbook.
- 3. Student activity is compulsory and part of skill assessment. The activity enable student to explore the course, help student to demonstrate creativity & critical thinking.
- 4. Student activity report is compulsory part to be submitted at the time of practical ESE
- 5. Term work report is compulsory part to be submitted at the time of practical ESE.
- 6. Student activity and student activity reports must be uploaded to Learning management

system.

7. For CIE, students are to be assessed for Skills/competencies achieved.

#### 11. MAPPING OF CO WITH PO

COURSE	CO'S	PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (PO'S)						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
IT SKILLS	CO1	3	0	0	3	0	0	3
	CO2	3	0	0	3	0	0	3
	CO3	3	0	0	3	0	0	0
	CO4	3	0	0	3	0	0	3
	CO5	3	0	0	3	0	0	0

Level 3- Highly Mapped, Level 2-Moderately Mapped, Level 1-Low Mapped, Level 0- Not Mapped

## 12 SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

	BOOKS
1	The Art of Programming Through Flowcharts & Algorithms, A. B. Chaudhuri, Firewall
1	Media publication
2	HTML5 Black Book, by Publishing company Limited. Kogent Learning Solutions Inc.
3	"World Wide Web design with HTML", Xavier, Tata McGraw-Hill
4	Internet of Things – A Hands on Approach, By ArshdeepBahga and Vijay Madisetti
T	Universities Press, ISBN: 9788173719547
	URL'S
1	https://scratch.mit.edu
2	https://studio.code.org
3	http://ai2.appinventor.mit.edu
4	https://www.w3schools.com
5	https://www.tutorialspoint.com/javascript/index.htm
6	https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/html-tutorials/
7	Android
	https://developer.android.com
8	https://www.khanacademy.org
	Tools for Web Development
9	a. https://www.wix.com
	b. https://atom.io/

- c. <a href="https://www.openelement.com/">https://www.openelement.com/</a>
- d. <a href="https://www.layoutit.com">https://www.layoutit.com</a>

#### 13. SUGGESTED LIST OF PROPOSED STUDENTS ACTIVITY

Note: Refer activities mentioned in DETAILS OF COURSE CONTENT table

#### 14. COURSE ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION CHART

SL.N	ASSESSMENT	DURATIO	MAX	CONVERSION
0		N	MARKS	
		(in		
		minutes)		
1	CIE Assessment 1 ( Written Test -1 TH) -	60	20	Average of
	At the end of 3 <sup>d</sup> week			two written
2	CIE Assessment 2 (Written Test -2 TH) -	60	20	tests
	At the end of 13 week			20
3	CIE Assessment 3 (Skill Test) - At the end of	3 hrs	20	Average of
	5 week			three skill test
4	CIE Assessment 4 (Skill Test) - At the	3 hrs	20	20
	end of 7 week			
5	CIE Assessment 5 (Skill Test) - At the end of	3 hrs	20	
	9 week			
6	CIE Assessment 6 (Student activity)- At the	-	20	20
	end of 11 week			
7	Total Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) Assessment			60
8	Semester End Examination(SEE)	3 hrs	100	40
	Assessment (Practical Test)			
	TOAL MARKS			100

Note: CIE written test is conducted for 20 marks (Two sections). Each section shall have two full questions of same CL, CO. Student shall answer one full question from each section.

## **15. RUBRICS FOR ACTIVITY**

RUBRICS FOR ACTIVITY (Example Only)  Appropriate rubrics shall be developed by the concerned faculty						
Dimensio	Poor	Below	Average	Good	Exemplary	Student
n		Average				Score
	4	8	12	16	20	
Concept	Does not collect	Collects very	Collect much	Collects some	Collects a great	8
	any information	limited	information;	basic	deal of	
	relating to the	information;	but very	information;	information; all	
	concept	some relate to	limited relate	most refer to	refer to the	
		the concept	to the	the concept	concept	
			concept			
Design	Design is not	Design is poor	Design	Design &	Design	6
	acceptable/very	and not well	Fallowed	convey both	considered all	
	poorly structured	structured.	layout	content and	aspect of	
			samples and	context	concept,	
			well		concept and	
			structured		presentation	
					(UI)	
Creativity	Very little	Creativity in	Creativity in	Creativity in	Creative	8
	creativity in	concept or	concept	concept	concept,	
	design/impleme	design or	/design/impl	/design/imple	content,	
	ntation	implementatio	ementation	mentation	presentation	
		n		which	and	
				complements	implementation	
				each other		
Impleme	Poorly	Partially	Implemented	Product convey	Product is	8
ntation	implemented	implemented	on time with	both content	creative with	
			results	and context	easy-to-use UI,	
			(content)		structure	
	L	<u> </u>	Ave	erage / Total Marl	ks: (8+6+8+8)/4	7.5 = 8

# 16. RUBRICS for Skill Test Evaluation (Both for CIE & SEE)

Sl No	Parameter to be Observed	Marks
		Allotted
1	Design-Written	
	Skill Test 1: Algorithm / Flowchart/Visual Design	30
	Skill Test 2: Web site visual design	
	Skill Test 3: Work flow or Project plan or cyber security	
	plan or Cloud service Concept	
2	Implementation	50
	Skill Test 1: Android application	
	Skill Test 2: Web site / Web pages	
	Skill Test 3: Create or use cloud service account or	
	Cyber safety and security- Antivirus	
	Installation or browser settings	
3	Appeal and Presentation	20
	Total	100

# **17. SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS:**

Sl. No.	Specification	Quantity
1.	Computers with HD Graphics Card	20
2.	Software: GIMP, KRETA, BLENDER, PHOTOSHOP or any other relevant open-source software.	-
	Televant open source software.	
3.	Internet Connectivity	-

Note: Above specification is for a batch of 20 students

## Government of Karnataka **Department of Collegiate and Technical Education Board of Technical Examinations, Bangalore**

Course Code	20EG01P	Semester	I/II
Course Title	COMMUNICATION SKILLS	Course Group	Core
No. of Credits	4	Type of Course	Lecture + Practice
Course Category	Workplace Skills / Humanities & Social	Total Contact Hours	6Hrs Per Week
, and the same of	Sciences		78Hrs Per Semester
Prerequisites	Nil	Teaching Scheme	(L:T:P)= 0:1:2
CIE Marks	60	SEE Marks	40

#### **Preamble**

Today, Communication is a very important skill for the success of every millennial student. Millennials affinity to use digital media for communication, changing career and working landscapes, and greater competition in colleges and workplaces makes enhancing student communication skills beyond language a must. Rote learning a few tips or tricks the night before an interview or performance review won't do the job if students are trying to make an impression in highly collaborative workplaces of the future. Expectations from students aspiring to be part of such future workplaces are that they have not just good verbal and non-verbal communication skills but also a good understanding of how to use modern tools for effective communication.

#### Scope

To enable students to communicate clearly and effectively, by improving their verbal and nonverbal communication skills, as well as enhancing interpersonal skills and knowledge of appropriate tools for specific communication strategies.

#### **Course Objectives**

The objectives of communication skills course are:

- Build better communication skills: oral and written expressions and body language
- Enable critical thinking
- Empower with active listening skills
- Enable team work/collaboration

#### **Instructional Strategy**

To achieve course objectives, it is important to provide the blended mode of instruction for each of the concepts. This blended mode of instruction enables and empowers students with:

- **Understanding of Concept (Theory):** 
  - o Through definitions, discussions, explanation, conclusions.
  - Through demonstrations: Show films or other workplace clips that model various conversation skills. This provides greater clarity of the concept by
    - Enabling observation skills
    - Helping in expression of gesture
    - building confidence
- **Application of Concept (Learning by doing):** It is imperative that to become a good communicator, the skills have to be built by applying the concept in the hypothetically created real life situations. Students are encouraged to participate in each of these activities during lab session to help build the effective communication skills.
  - Use of technology tools like audio books, apps like voice thread or paper telephone, etc.
    - To help in workplace conversions.
    - To increase active listening, pronunciation
    - To help in voice modulation
  - Group discussion
    - Reinforce active listening
    - Enable group debate to imbibe healthy communication strategies
    - Sharpen the skills of "Asking clarifying questions"
    - Sharpen Feedback / Response skills
    - Time management skills
  - Group presentations/peer reviews
    - Enable team work
    - Assess concept understanding
    - Sharpen both oral and written communication skills
  - Group activities:
    - foster critical thinking
    - enable reflective learning
  - Tools usage:
    - Understand the difference between a Dictionary and a Thesaurus
    - Understand "When" and "How" to use these tools for communication

#### **Course Outcomes**

After completion of this course, the student shall be able to;

- Communicate
  - Identify audience (colleagues, management, customers/vendors) and use the right methodologies for communication using the right terminology, names, grades and other nomenclature pertaining to the trade, tools and specific equipment.
- Write
  - o in at least one language correctly
  - basic level notes and observations
  - o job cards, work sheets, basic report writing and responding to emails, simple presentations, job applications, resume
- Read
  - o Technical manuals, task sheets/job orders, policies and regulations pertinent to the job, including OEM guidelines.
  - o all instructions given in memos, manuals, documents or those put up as posters across the premises

- safety precautions mentioned in equipment manuals and panels to understand the potential risks associated
- Question
  - Ask right questions
  - Use different ways of asking questions
    - Clarifying/Open ended (What, Why, When, Who, Where, How)
    - Close ended
- Present
  - With right Posture & Gesture
  - With greater concept/content clarity
  - With high confidence
  - o With voice modulation to capture the attention of audience
- Use technology tools
  - Office productivity 0
    - Word : Report writing
    - PowerPoint : Creating effective presentations
    - Excel: Data handling/Charts

#### **Course Content**

The following are the various units to be taught and assessed in order to ensure the student is able to demonstrate the Course Outcomes mentioned in the **Course Outcome** section.

#### **Pre-assessment:**

Teachers are required to administer pre-assessment before starting the actual instruction. This helps in gathering information about students' like their attitude, beliefs, interests, and learning abilities.

#### **Pre assessment expectations:**

- To assess current language skill (Pronunciation, usage, sentence formation)
- To assess their ability to comprehend and respond to the instruction
- To assess their interest towards accepting ideas and learning
- To assess their current communication skills: asking questions, listening, communicating with confidence

# **UNIT 1: English - Introduction**

## **Learning outcome:**

Learn English pronunciation, functional grammar concepts& Reading. To gain confidence in spoken English. This section also covers phonemic awareness, grammar rules to set a strong base for application mode of communication.

Phonemic awareness	Going over 42 sounds	Examining the understanding of sounds Spelling patterns (Consonant and Vowel blending: CVC words) Pronunciation    List of words given above (Commonly used words)   Diction (speech)	0:2:2
Functional Grammar Concepts	Revision of Grammar concepts	Parts of speech Sentence structure Examples of right sentences Gender, Singular, Plural Usage of voice (active and passive) and tenses	2:0:0 0:1:0 0:1:0 0:2:0
Comprehens ion activities	Reading conversations (check the unitwise activity table)	Written test for each comprehension	0:0:2

#### **UNIT 2: Communication**

#### **Lesson outcome:**

At the end of the session:

- Students should be able to
  - o Understand the communication process, influence of voice/tone, logical organization of thought, comprehension, listening skills.
  - o Understand the basic building blocks of communication and strategies for working with each of these blocks.
  - o Learn about carrying self, etiquettes of communication.
  - o Build positive attitude about self and towards handling communication.
  - o Learn the process for effective communication, problem solving techniques, to be confident communicator.

	What is		1: 2:0
	communication?		
	Why communication?		
INTRODUCTI	How do we		
ON:	communicate?		
	Communication		
	Theory and Process	How communication happens?	0:2:2
		<ul> <li>Pictorial representation of</li> </ul>	

ers to nunication	communication framework  • Elements of communication: sender, receiver, message  • Refer to activity in Unit activity section.  Language  • Lack of linguistic ability • Grammar  Context  • Psychology • Physiology  • Inefficient or inappropriate information systems	0:2:2 (video clip play, content tutorial, role play)
	<ul><li>Attitude</li><li>Perceptions</li><li>Preconceived notions</li></ul>	

Tune into contextTimingLocationRelationship

Listening:
Importance of listening
Barrier to listening:
Mental filters
Multitasking
Information overload
Strategies for listening:
Recall
Acknowledge
Summarize
Listen with eyes for connecting to
non-verbal connection
Empathize
Pay attention
Ask clarifying questions
Effective Listening Behaviors:
Maintaining relaxed body posture
Leaning slightly forward if sitting
Facing person squarely at eye level
Maintaining an open posture
Maintaining appropriate distance
Offering simple acknowledgements
Reflecting meaning (paraphrase)
Reflecting emotions
Using eye contact
Providing non-distracting environment
Behaviors that hinder effective listening
• Acting distracted
Autobiographical (Telling your own
story without acknowledging theirs first)
• No response
Invalidating response, put downs
• Interrupting
• Criticizing
• Judging
Giving advice/solutions
Changing the subject
Reassuring without acknowledgment

#### **UNIT 3: Verbal Communication**

#### **Lesson outcome:**

At the end of this session, Students should be able to:

- Understand and define the communication framework structure for each of the verbal communication(in person/telephonic/video conference).
- Understand and apply the verbal communication techniques.
- Use technical jargons in communication.
- Use right body language during verbal communication
- Understand and practice the Active Listening techniques
- Confidently articulate or present the content

	articulate or present ti		
Different types	In person	Use ABC's : Accuracy, Brevity, Clarity	<b>0:2:4</b>
of verbal		<ul> <li>Introduction</li> </ul>	
communication:	Telephonic	<ul> <li>Main body of the</li> </ul>	
		content	
	Video conference	o Summary	
		<ul> <li>Use voice/tone effectively</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Reinforcement of Listening</li> </ul>	
		skills: Active and Empathetic	
		listening skills	
		Body language	
		o Eye contact	
		o Body posture	
		o Gesture	
		<ul> <li>Facial expression</li> </ul>	
		o Space	
Listening Skills	Effective Listening	Effective Listening Behaviours:	
	behaviors	Maintaining relaxed body posture	
		• Leaning slightly forward if sitting	
		Facing person squarely at eye level	
		Maintaining an open posture	
		Maintaining appropriate distance	
		Offering simple acknowledgements	
		Reflecting meaning (paraphrase)	
		Reflecting emotions	
		Using eye contact	
		Providing non-distracting	
		environment	
	D. 1		
	Behaviours that	Behaviours that hinder effective	
	hinder effective	listening	
	listening	Acting distracted	
		Autobiographical (Telling your own	
		story without acknowledging theirs	
		first)	
		No response	

<ul> <li>Invalidating response, put downs</li> <li>Interrupting</li> <li>Criticizing</li> <li>Judging</li> <li>Giving advice/solutions</li> </ul>
• Criticizing • Judging
• Judging
Giving advice/solutions
Changing the subject
Reassuring without acknowledgment
Using technical Assignment based
Jargons: project encouraging
pupil to use the
technical terms in
the written and
verbal
communication.
This requires
understanding of
the core concepts
(from subject
teacher) and
integrating the
concept with
communication
concepts to gain the
real time application
knowledge.

#### **UNIT4: Non-Verbal Communication:**

#### **Lesson outcome:**

At the end of this unit, students should be able to:

- Understand the importance of Body language and its impact.
- Use the strategies for effective body language.
- Understand the relevance of different elements of emails and how to use them.
- Develop the confidence in presenting written content in logical and organized manner with a definitive email framework.
- Write different email formats confidently: Job application, Request email, apology email, email responses/feedback.
- Confidently write Resume/Curriculum-vitae, Reports, Formal letters and portfolio.
- Confidently communicate using technical jargons and with increased vocabulary.

Body		Body language tips:	0:3:4
Language	Strategies	Keep appropriate distance	
		Take care of your appearance	
		Maintain eye contact	
		Smile genuinely	
		Do's and Don'ts:	
		dos:	
		• smile	

## stand up confident and straight use appropriate hand gestures Make eye contact with audience Hold neat note cards while presenting content Don'ts • point at anyone rock backwards and forwards pace across front of room read off slides read off notes Different types of emails: Job application, 0:2:4 request letter, letter writing and quick notes Structure of email text: Introduction - Beginning of the letter and this plays crucial role as it provides first impression to the reader. Written Who: author (name + Art of communication position and organisation) **Professiona** o what: purpose - controlling l writing: idea (what author does or **Emails:** feels) Development: Expand on the Structured Controlling Idea/purpose of the framework for email by answering relevant WH writing formal questions emails to o what, when, where, who, emphasize on whom, which, whose, why, professional and how communication Conclusion: Positive words in English o Verb: thank, appreciate, hope, wish o Phrases: be glad about, look forward to Email writing samples and practice content in the activity section. Additional essential writing skills -Framework will be provided and assignments will be advised:

	<ul> <li>Resume writing /CurriculumVitae</li> <li>Report Writing</li> <li>Portfolio writing</li> <li>Formal letters</li> </ul>	
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## **UNIT5: English - Reading Skills, Grammar & Vocabulary Lesson Outcome:**

At the end of the session, student should be able to:

- Read sentences with punctuation.
- Understand the techniques of reading complex words.
- Understand and apply the reading techniques for efficient reading.
- Understand the usage of communication tools like Thesaurus and Dictionary that aids in improving vocabulary and reading.
- Understand and apply the functional grammar aspects in day today communication.

	Comprehension activities	Passage comprehension	
	_	Conversation comprehension	0:2: 2
Reading skills	Techniques for smart reading		
Functional Grammar	List of Commonly	Strategies for smart reading:  • Skimming and scanning through the text, inferring the meaning  • Questioning, summarizing  Set of words to accelerate the English	0:1: 2
Gi allillai	confused words and how to use/avoid them	language learning and usage. Strategies to use these words effectively	0.1. 2
Vocabulary	Sentences:	Techniques of categorizing sentences, understanding how to build with punctuation and effectively use in the verbal and non-verbal communication. This involves more of hands on activities.	0:1: 2

Punctuation, Content organization and Comprehension	Comprehension remains as a main activity to accelerate the learning of spoken and written English language	0:1: 2
comprehension	spoken and written English language	
<ul> <li>Learning new words from comprehension by way of repetition and usage of these words in communication</li> <li>Listing technical jargons and repeatedly using in the communication</li> </ul>	Increases vocabulary, builds confidence and helps in becoming a good communicator.  Activities are done, tips are provided to efficiently implement these strategies.	
with peers and teachers <ul><li>Chunking and reading words</li></ul>		
Tools		0.4.0
<ul> <li>Understand the difference between a Dictionary and a Thesaurus</li> <li>Understand "When" and "How" to use these tools for communication</li> </ul>		0:1:0

#### **Unit 6 - Communication Tools**

#### **Lesson Outcome:**

At the end of the session, student should be able to:

- Use Email technology efficiently for communication
- Present content in the PPT format efficiently
- Understand different platforms available for web conferencing and efficiently work with
- Create reports and data management.

	Evolution of	Traditional vs. modern communication tools	1:0:0
Introduction	communication tools	Advantages and Disadvantages	
	Email using Gmail	How to use the tools effectively?	0:1:1
		Formatting, layout	
One-to-One		Including attachment	
		Working with "To, CC, BCC" and Subject	
		fields effectively	

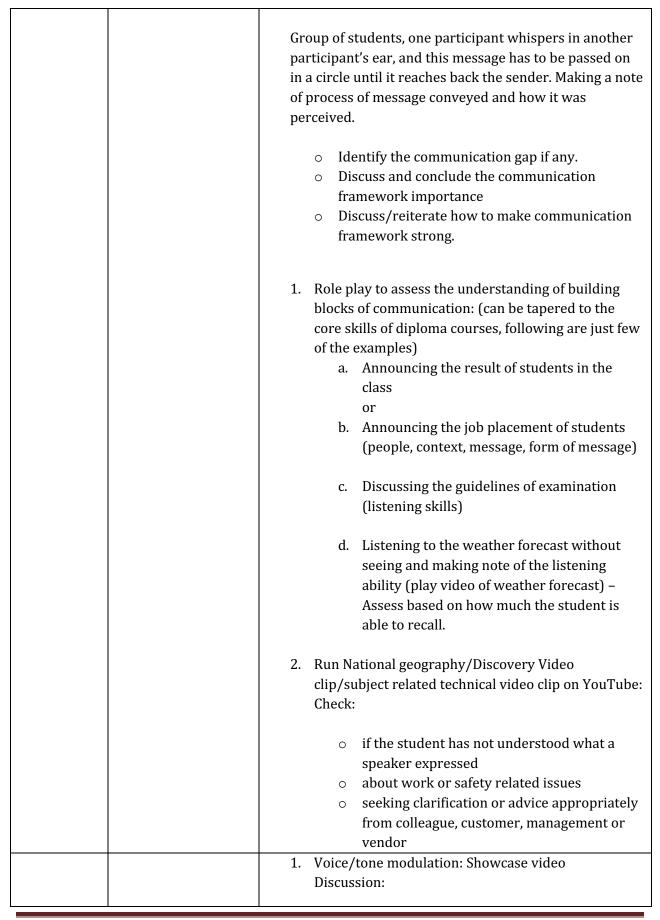
	Using signature	
Presentation using	Creating, Editing, Saving slides	0:1:2
PowerPoint	Using Animation	
	Formatting options	
Webinar / Web	Hosting online meeting using online meeting	0:1:1
Presentation (zoom,	tools	
Google meet, Skype)	Inviting people	
	Sharing screen	
Reports using MS	Open, close, Edit and Save usage with	0:1: 2
Word	documents	
	Layout and strategies for creating report	
	Sample report creation demo with follow on	
	assignment	
	Core subject project report submission	
	assignment	
Data & Graphs using	Open, close, save and edit the excel	0:1: 2
MS Excel	document	
	Creating data	
	Using basic maths operation in Excel for	
	working with data	
	Creating simple graphs	
	Assignment: For example, creating statistics	
	of subject wise activities completed for 6	
	months in the credit course	
	months in the create course	
	PowerPoint  Webinar / Web Presentation (zoom, Google meet, Skype)  Reports using MS Word  Data & Graphs using	Presentation using PowerPoint  Creating, Editing, Saving slides Using Animation Formatting options  Hosting online meeting using online meeting tools Inviting people Sharing screen  Open, close, Edit and Save usage with documents Layout and strategies for creating report Sample report creation demo with follow on assignment Core subject project report submission assignment  Data & Graphs using MS Excel  Open, close, save and edit the excel document Creating data Using basic maths operation in Excel for working with data Creating simple graphs Assignment: For example, creating statistics of subject wise activities completed for 6

# **Course Class Activity List (Unit-wise)**

The following are the various activities that faculty could conduct for each unit are presented below:

Unit No.	Unit Title	Unit Activities
		1. 42 sounds revision:
UNIT 1: Activities:	English – Introduction	<ol> <li>s, a, t, i, p, n</li> <li>ck, e, h, r, m, d</li> <li>g, o, u, l, f, b</li> <li>ai, j, oa, ie, ee, or</li> <li>z, w, ng, v, ∞, oo</li> <li>y, x, ch, sh, th, th</li> <li>qu, ou, oi, ue, er, ar</li> </ol>
		<ul> <li>This helps in reducing the native language impact</li> <li>Helps in understanding Short and Long vowel words</li> </ul>

		77 1 1 11
		Helps in spelling
		Helps in pronunciation
		2. Reading commonly used words loud from the list (list
		will be provided in the workbook):
		This helps in getting familiarity with the word
		pronunciation and helps in reading.
		3. Blending words activity:
		<ul> <li>Write simple three letter words (CVC/CVCC/CVCV)     pattern words: Can, Cap, Snap, cape (list will be     provided in the workbook)</li> </ul>
		Show how to blend with the sound.
		<ul> <li>Starting with 3 letter words and continuing to 6 to 8</li> </ul>
		letter words. Note: Remember before going through
		big words, it is always important to assess and ensure
		the student is aware of all the 42 sounds and are
		comfortable making small words.
		Songer value maning small works
		Parts of Speech:
		building sentence using parts of speech: Demonstration by
		teacher: (Will be explained in the book as an example)
		Jumbled parts of speech: Student should pick the right order
		to build meaningful sentence:
		(More samples will be provided in the workbook)
		College go to youeveryday.
		Makes spider web the a
		Gender, Singular and Plurals:
		Match the following activity for singular and plural
		Fill in the blanks activity for genders
		Reading & Comprehension: Conversation
		<ul> <li>Conversation at the bank (provided in the</li> </ul>
		workbook along with few more conversation
		samples)
		<ul> <li>Questions based on this conversation will be</li> </ul>
		provided in the workbook
		Oral:
		• Introduce yourself?
Unit 2	Communication	Visual:
		Video clip on communication etiquette
		Pictures (in addendum section): do's and don'ts of
		communication



		What was right?
Unit 3	Verbal	What was wrong?
	communication	How it should have been better?
		<ol> <li>Picture description activity (memory test): Class split into groups A, B C,D: (two or four groups of at least 5 people each): Teacher shows different picture to each group for three minutes. Now each group has to remember what was on the picture and discuss with each other, write down the elements on a piece of sheet and share it with the teacher. Group that remembers more will be the winner.</li> <li>Teacher to observe the body language of a student in the group, listening skills of a student, presentation skill, comprehension skill, content delivery skill, confidence level, team work. And reiterate the concepts, dos and don'ts, and discuss what could have been done better. (details of pictures will be given in the workbook)</li> <li>Telephonic conversation:         Role play by a teacher: Call Airtel/Vodafone department and asking for the phone number portability process.     </li> </ol>
		<ul> <li>After teacher demonstrates, teacher divides the class in to small groups of three people.</li> <li>Each group will be given a different telephone conversation assignment (samples will be provided in workbook).</li> <li>Two people in the group pretend to converse over the phone, and the third person makes a note of right and wrong approaches during the communication.</li> </ul>
Unit 4:	Non-verbal communication	Body language
		Simon Says:
		Instructions and set up :

		1. Series of instructions to the group that are to be copied/reproduced. Start slowly and increase the pace
		copied/reproduced. Start slowly and increase the pace
		2. State the following actions as YOU do them:
		<ul> <li>Put your hand to your nose</li> <li>Clap your hands</li> <li>Stand up</li> </ul>
		o Turn around
		o Touch your shoulder
		o Sit down
		o Stamp your foot
		o Cross your arms
		<ul> <li>Put your hand to your forehead – <u>BUT WHILE</u></li> </ul>
		SAYING THIS PUT YOUR HAND TO YOUR NOSE
		3. Observe the number of group members who copy what you did rather than what you said.
		Outcome of this activity:
		Discuss how body language can reinforce/influence verbal communication and drive the importance of body language and how to work on it
		Email communication & Using technical jargons:
		Sample letter writing as assignment to students. (list will be provided in the text book – Request, apology, job application and relevant email formats that are useful for students post diploma course)  • There will be at least one assignment that utilizes
		technical jargons in email communication.
	English - Reading Skills, Grammar &	<ul> <li>Reading passage (Provided in workbook)</li> <li>Reading passage from the text book</li> <li>Comprehension: Passage &amp; Conversation (will be</li> </ul>
UNIT 5:	Vocabulary	provided in workbook)
		Chunking words and reading activities
	Communication	Email writing activities: Writing emails using email  provider. Thems based email writing.
Unit 6:	tools	<ul><li>provider. Theme based email writing</li><li>Report writing assignment</li></ul>
		Writing about a machinery tool/interior designing

plan? Related to the diploma stream.
Resume writing assignment
Data handling: Collecting data about
machines/number of students passed out of college
for last three years and creating graph about it.
Presentation:
<ul> <li>About learning in the communication class</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Concept presentation</li> </ul>

## **Course Assessment Strategies**

## **Assessment Methodology**

- a. Observation (role play activities, team activities, demonstration)
- b. Questions & Answer Periodic Assessment

## **Assessment Grading RUBRICS**

Language Basics	
Beginner	Doesn't know / understand
Intermediate	can read and identify commonly used words
Good	Confident, able to communicate well with known people
Advanced	Confident, able to communicate well with anyone using a English
Expert	Can read, understand; Also comprehend & can train others
Reading	
Beginner	Beginning to read, has native language impact
Intermediate	can read, identify words, build simple 3/4/5 letter words easily
Good	Can read, understand, build words, read simple sentences; Also comprehend
Advanced	Can read, understand, build words, read simple sentences; Also comprehend
Expert	Confident, read simple and complex sentences with punctuation, comprehend, spell also build words
Inter personal communication	
Beginner	is shy, doesn't talk/express
Intermediate	hesitates to communicate – due to lack of confidence / ability, can talk to known people
Good	can talk to unknown people, less confident, does not express, has hard time working as a team
Advanced	can talk to unknown people, confident, can't express, has hard time working as a team
Expert	confident, can talk to anyone, express well, works well in the team
Body language	
Beginner	Is shy, not open to communicate, has hard time making friends
Intermediate	Knows basics of Body language, practices sometimes
Good	Knows basics of Body language, practices most times, has less confidence in presenting content

Advanced	Knows and practices good body language all times, can present content
Expert	Knows and practices good body language all times, is an example, Leads the pack to get better
Listening Skills	
Beginner	Just hears, no attention
Intermediate	Listens, pays attention, does not ask any question
Good	Listens, pays attention, ask questions
Advanced	listens, pays attention, asks questions, cannot empathize
Expert	Listens, pays attention, asks clarifying questions, able to understand the message communicated
Acceptability to Learn	
Low	is not receiving to information
Average	receives information but resists to implement
Good , Above Average	receives information and implements per instructions
Strong	receives information and proactively implements and seeks feedback
Verbal Communication	
Beginner	Does not communicate, shy, low on confidence: has problem expressing in his/her native language or English language
Intermediate	Can communicate in native language, low confidence, shy, yet to try in English language
Good	Can communicate in native language, good confidence, tries to communicate in English language
Advanced	Can communicate in native language, express view points, good confidence, comfortable talking to people in the team, tries to communicate in English language aswell
Expert	Can communicate in native language, express view points, very good confidence, can communicate with anyone without any fear, asks clarifying questions, communicates well in English, or tries hard to communicate in English language as well
Non-Verbal Communication	
Beginner	Struggles to understand the non-verbal cues, has to work on body language, has hard time understanding the written communication aspects
Intermediate	Can understand the non-verbal cues, has to practice, tries to apply written communication aspects
Good	Can understand non-verbal cues, practices well, works hard to get hold on written communication skills, exhibits confidence in whatever task is given
Advanced	Can understand non-verbal cues, can work on written communication aspects, exhibits confidence, practices well, help others to identify non-verbal cues
Expert	Can understand non-verbal cues, train others, confident, exhibits good non-verbal cues at all times, can train the pack, has good hold on written communication as well.

Comprehension	
Beginner	Tries to read the passage, has hard time to comprehend
Intermediate	Can read the conversation passage, has hard time understanding the regular passage
Good	Can read the conversation passage, regular passage, but stutters in answering questions if there are technical jargons
Advanced	Can read the conversation passage, comprehend but regular passage comprehension is good
Expert	Can read the conversation passage, comprehend but regular passage comprehension is good, explain better to others, help others, lead the pack
Writing Communication	
Beginner	Has trouble forming right sentences for written communication
Intermediate	Can form sentences, has problem with the layout, gets confused between layout for different form of written communication
Good	Can form sentences, has fair understanding of the layout to be used for particular type of written communication, but stutters for words and expression
Advanced	Can form sentences, has good understanding of the layout to be used for particular type of written communication, confident, can express thoughts well
Expert	Can form sentences, has good understanding of the layout to be used for particular type of written communication, confident, can express thoughts well and train others and lead the pack

## **Recommended Learning Resources**

https://www.englishclub.com/grammar/parts-of-speech.htm Watch Amy Cuddy's TED Talk: Your Body Language Shapes Who You Are Additional Reading: <a href="http://money.cnn.com/2000/05/03/career/q">http://money.cnn.com/2000/05/03/career/q</a> body language/

# **Course Assessment and Evaluation**

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)**

Sl.No	Assessment	Schedule	Duration	Max. Test marks
1	Skill Test 1	At the end of 3 <sup>rd</sup> week of the sem	2 Hrs	20
2	Skill Test 2	At the end of 7th week of the sem	2 Hrs	20
3	Skill Test 3	At the end of 13th week of the sem	2 Hrs	20
			Total	60

# **Scheme of Valuation for CIE**

Serial no	Assessment	Marks
1	Portfolio Evaluation of activities / exercises conducted upto the schedule of Skill Test. (Work Book Based)	10
2	Assessment of any one through qualitative assessment (Rubrics)	10
	TOTAL	20

RUBRICS FOR ASSESSMENT OF ACTIVITY (10marks) (Qualitative Assessment)								
Dimension	Dimension Beginner Intermediate Good Advanced Expert							
	2	4	6	8	10	Score		
	Descriptor	Descriptor	Descriptor	Descriptor	Descriptor			
	Descriptor	Descriptor	Descriptor	Descriptor	Descriptor			
	Descriptor	Descriptor	Descriptor	Descriptor	Descriptor			
	Descriptor	Descriptor	Descriptor	Descriptor	Descriptor			
	Average / Total Marks:							

	Example Only						
Faculty need	RUBRICS d to develop ap		MENT OF ACT brics as per th			ssment	
Dimension	Beginner	Intermediate	Good	Advanced	Expert	Student	
	2	4	6	8	10	Score	
Language Basics	Doesn't know / understand	Can read and identify commonly used words	Confident, able to communicate well with known people	Confident, able to communicate well with anyone using a English	Can read, understand; Also comprehend & can train others	8	
Reading	Beginning to read, has native language impact	Can read, identify words, build simple 3/4/5 letter words easily	Can read, understand, build words, read simple sentences; Also comprehend	Can read, understand, build words, read simple sentences; Also comprehend	Confident, read simple and complex sentences with punctuation, comprehend, spell also build words	6	
Inter personal communication	Is shy, doesn't talk/express	Hesitates to communicate - due to lack of confidence / ability, can talk to known people	Can talk to unknown people, less confident, does not express, has hard time working as a team	Can talk to unknown people, confident, can't express, has hard time working as a team	Confident, can talk to anyone, express well, works well in the team	8	
Body language	Is shy, not open to communicate, has hard time making friends	Knows basics of Body language, practices sometimes	Knows basics of Body language, practices most times, has less confidence in presenting content	Knows and practices good body language all times, can present content	Knows and practices good body language all times, is an example, Leads the pack to get better	8	
			Average / 7	Total Marks: (	8+6+8+8)/4	7.5 = 8 marks	

# Scheme of Valuation for Semester End Examination (SEE)

Serial no	Assessment	Evidence	Marks	Conversion
1	Portfolio Evaluation- UNIT 1: English - Introduction	Work Book	15	
2	Portfolio Evaluation- UNIT 2: Communication	Work Book	15	
3	Portfolio Evaluation- UNIT 3: Verbal Communication	Work Book	15	
4	Portfolio Evaluation- UNIT-4: Non-Verbal Communication:	Work Book	15	40 Marks
5	Portfolio Evaluation- UNIT-5: English - Reading Skills, Grammar & Vocabulary	Work Book	15	
6	Any one activity through communication tools- By qualitative assessment (Rubrics).	BTE Answer scripts	25	
		TOTAL	100	

TT1 ·

#### **Pre-assessment:**

#### **Activity** 1:

Make a group, read random words from the list, build sentence for few words from the list.

Create a group of 3 or 5 students. Randomly pick 5 words from the word list write down on the board/show them as a chart if you have created a word chart/make chit of words and ask them to pick one chit and READ the word.

Main idea: Testing the pronunciation ability, language ability, confidence in speaking, ability to understand and accept the instruction

#### **Activity 2:**

Simple reading test – Reading passages (Simple passage from the current course book) Show the reading passage, let each one of them read 2 lines, after first student is done with reading two lines, then the next student must pick up from there and read next two lines. This process has to be followed until the entire class is done with reading or at least ten students are done with reading.

Main idea: Testing listening skills, attentiveness, language ability, pronunciation ability

#### **Activity 3:**

Students getting to know each other. Create a group of 3 or 5 students. Each student gets chance to talk to another student, introduce him/herself to the student, ask question, make a note of the answer against the name of the student who is answering the question on a sheet of paper.

Main idea: To assess current communication level, body language when students talk with each other, and confidence.

-

only Used Wo	rd List			Yes	To	Girl	This	
Today	For	Off		On	Am	Α	Could	
Stop	There	Often		Been	Where	You	Now	
Little	Than	Myself	:	Of	Way	Be	Fun	
Large	At	Over		He	Which	Were	Only	
Both	Like	Along		It	Write	Or	Much	
Name	Said	Why		More	Goes	One	Tell	
Few	They	Has		My	Great	All	Out	
Home	Look	Bring		Any	Number		That	Fast
Big	Know	Part		Their	First	Cat	Is	
Should	Done	By		We	Find	His	Small	
Once	High	As		She	Me	Have	Dog	
Thought		So	Into	Did	In	How	See	
Better	Them	Away		Went	Before	Water	Here	
Many	Does	No		Full	Saw	And	People	
Get	Always	Other		Some	Never	Use	School	
Please	These	With		Then	Boy	Take	Two	
Ask	Last	An		If	Right	The	Call	
Say	Got	What		Night	After	Will	Might	
Ten	Next	Come		Made	About	Was	May	
I	Those	Would		Up	Far	Are	Walk	
Show	Play	Who						
	Today Stop Little Large Both Name Few Home Big Should Once Thought Better Many Get Please Ask Say Ten I	Stop There Little Than Large At Both Like Name Said Few They Home Look Big Know Should Done Once High Thought Better Them Many Does Get Always Please Ask Last Say Got Ten Next I Those	Today For Off Stop There Often Little Than Myself Large At Over Both Like Along Name Said Why Few They Has Home Look Bring Big Know Part Should Done By Once High As Thought So Better Them Away Many Does No Get Always Other Please These With Ask Last An Say Got What Ten Next Come I Those Would	Today For Off Stop There Often Little Than Myself Large At Over Both Like Along Name Said Why Few They Has Home Look Bring Big Know Part Should Done By Once High As Thought So Into Better Them Away Many Does No Get Always Other Please These With Ask Last An Say Got What Ten Next Come I Those Would	Today For Off On Stop There Often Been Little Than Myself Of Large At Over He Both Like Along It Name Said Why More Few They Has My Home Look Bring Any Big Know Part Their Should Done By We Once High As She Thought So Into Did Better Them Away Went Many Does No Full Get Always Other Some Please These With Then Ask Last An If Say Got What Night Ten Next Come Made I Those Would	Today For Off On Am Stop There Often Been Where Little Than Myself Of Way Large At Over He Which Both Like Along It Write Name Said Why More Goes Few They Has My Great Home Look Bring Any Number Big Know Part Their First Should Done By We Find Once High As She Me Thought So Into Did In Better Them Away Went Before Many Does No Full Saw Get Always Other Some Never Please These With Then Boy Ask Last An If Right Say Got What Night After Ten Next Come Made About I Those Would Up Far	Today For Off On Am A Stop There Often Been Where You Little Than Myself Of Way Be Large At Over He Which Were Both Like Along It Write Or Name Said Why More Goes One Few They Has My Great All Home Look Bring Any Number Big Know Part Their First Cat Should Done By We Find His Once High As She Me Have Thought So Into Did In How Better Them Away Went Before Water Many Does No Full Saw And Get Always Other Some Never Use Please These With Then Boy Take Ask Last An If Right The Say Got What Night After Will Ten Next Come Made About Was I Those Would	Today For Off On Am A Could Stop There Often Been Where You Now Little Than Myself Of Way Be Fun Large At Over He Which Were Only Both Like Along It Write Or Much Name Said Why More Goes One Tell Few They Has My Great All Out Home Look Bring Any Number That Big Know Part Their First Cat Is Should Done By We Find His Small Once High As She Me Have Dog Thought So Into Did In How See Better Them Away Went Before Water Here Many Does No Full Saw And People Get Always Other Some Never Use School Please These With Then Boy Take Two Ask Last An If Right The Call Say Got What Night After Will Might Ten Next Come Made About Was May I

To assess current communication skill: Activity based

# ದ್ವಿತೀಯ ಸೆಮಿಸ್ಟರ್ ಕನ್ನಡ ಬಾರದ / ಕನ್ನಡೇತರ ಡಿಪ್ಲೋಮಾ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ ನಿಗಧಿಪಡಿಸಿದ ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮ

# ಬಳಕೆ ಕನ್ನಡ – 1

Course Code	20KA21T	Semester: II	Course Group – AU/KA
Course Title	ಬಳಕೆ ಕನ್ನಡ – I	Category: AU	Lecture Course
No. of Credits	2	Type of Course	CIE Marks : 50
Total Contact Hours	2 Hrs Per Week 26Hrs Per Semester	Teaching Scheme (L:T:P)= 2:0:0	SEE Marks : Nil

# Table of Contents (ಪರಿವಿಡಿ)

Part - 1	Teaching Hour
Introduction to the Book, Necessity of learning a local language, Tips to learn the language easy methods. Easy learning of a Kannada Language: A few tips. Hints for correct and politic conservation. Instructions to Teachers for Listening and Speaking Activities.	
Part – II	
Key to Transcription for Correct Pronunciation of Kannada Language, Instructions to Teach to teach Kannada Language	ners <b>02</b>
Part – III Lessons to teach Kannada Language - Listening and Speaking Acti	vities
<b>Lesson</b> − 1 Personal Pronouns, Possessive Forms, Interrogative words	02
<b>Lesson</b> − 2 Possessive forms of nouns, dubitive question and Relative nouns	02
<b>Lesson – 3</b> Qualitative, Quantitative and Colour Adjectives, Numerals	02
Lesson – 4 Predictive Forms, Locative Case	02
Lesson – 5 Dative Cases, and Numerals	02
Lesson – 6 Ordinal numerals and Plural markers	02
Lesson – 7 Defective / Negative Verbs and Colour Adjectives	02
Lesson – 8 Permission, Commands, encouraging and Urging words (Imperative words a sentences)	nd <b>02</b>
Lesson – 9 Accusative Cases and Potential Forms used in General Communication	02
Lesson – 10 Helping Verbs "iru and iralla", Corresponding Future and Negation Verbs	02
Lesson – 11 Do's and Don'ts in Learning of Kannada Language (Any Language in Gener	ral) <b>01</b>
Lesson – 12 Kannada Vocabulary List : ಸಂಭಾಷಣೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ದಿನೋಪಯೋಗಿ ಕನ್ನಡ ಪದಗಳ	5 - <b>01</b>
Kannada Words in Conversation Total Teaching Hours	26 Hours

# ದ್ವಿತೀಯ ಸೆಮಿಸ್ಟರ್ ಕನ್ನಡ ಬಲ್ಲ ಡಿಪ್ಲೋಮಾ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ ನಿಗಧಿಪಡಿಸಿದ ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮ

# (ಕನ್ನಡ ಭಾಷೆ, ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ, ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಪರಂಪರೆ ಕುರಿತು)

Course Code	20KA21T	Semester: II	Course Group – AU/KA
Course Title	ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಸಿಂಚನ – ೧	Category: AU	Lecture Course
No. of Credits	2	Type of Course	CIE Marks : 50
Total Contact Hours	2 Hrs per Week 26 Hrs per Semester	Teaching Scheme (L:T:P)= 2:0:0	SEE Marks : Nil

# ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಸಿಂಚನ – ೧ (ಕಾರ್ಯಪುಸ್ತಕ) (20KA21T)

	ಪಠ್ಯಪುಸ್ತಕದ ಪರಿವಿಡಿ	ಬೋಧನಾ ಅವಧಿ
1.	ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಸಂಕ್ಷಿಪ್ತ ಇತಿಹಾಸ ಮತ್ತು ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯದ ಬೆಳವಣಿಗೆ	01 ಗಂಟೆ
2.	ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯದ ಸಂಕ್ಷಿಪ್ತ ಚರಿತ್ರೆ	01 ಗಂಟೆ
3.	ಹಳೆಗನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ - ಪಂಪ ಪೂರ್ವ ಯುಗ	
	ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯದ ರಚನೆಗೆ ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಪ್ರೇರಣೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಭಾವಗಳು	03 ಗಂಟೆ
	ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಪರಂಪರೆ ಮತ್ತು ರಾಜಾಶ್ರಯ	
	ಕವಿರಾಜಮಾರ್ಗ ಮತ್ತು ವಡ್ಕಾರಾಧನೆ	
4.	ಪಂಪ / ಚಂಪೂ ಯುಗದ ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಪರಂಪರೆ	
	ಆದಿಕವಿ ಪಂಪ, ರನ್ನ, ಪೊನ್ನ, ಜನ್ನ. ಒಂದನೇ ನಾಗವರ್ಮ ಮತ್ತು ನಾಗಚಂದ್ರ	04 ಗಂಟೆ
	10 ಮತ್ತು 11ನೇ ಶತಮಾನದ ಸಮಕಾಲೀನ ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಕವಿಗಳು	
<b>5</b> .	ನಡುಗನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ - ವಚನ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ / ಬಸವ ಯುಗ	
	ವಚನ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯದ ಬೆಳವಣಿಗೆಗೆ ಕಾರಣಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಅದರ ಮಹತ್ವ	04 ಗಂಟೆ
	ಪ್ರಮುಖ ವಚನಕಾರರು, ವಚನ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ವೈಚಾರಿಕತೆ ಮತ್ತು ಕಾಯಕ ತತ್ತ್ವ	
6.	ಕುಮಾರವ್ಯಾಸ ಯುಗ ಮತ್ತು ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯದ ಇತರೆ ರೂಪಗಳು	
	<b>ರಗಳೆ</b> – ಹರಿಹರ,	04 ಗಂಟೆ
	<b>ಷಟ್ಪದಿ</b> – ಕುಮಾರವ್ಯಾಸ, ಲಕ್ಷ್ಮೀಶ ಮತ್ತು ರಾಘವಾಂಕ	
	<b>ಸಾಂಗತ್ಯ -</b> ರತ್ನಾಕರವರ್ಣಿ,	
<b>7</b> .	ದಾಸ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ / ಕೀರ್ತನೆಗಳು	02 ಗಂಟೆ
	ಪುರಂದರದಾಸರು, ಕನಕದಾಸರು ಮತ್ತು ಇತರೆ ಕೀರ್ತನೆಕಾರಾರು	
8.	ಇತರೆ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯದ ಪ್ರಕಾರಗಳು	04 ಗಂಟೆ
	<b>ತ್ರಿಪದಿ</b> - ಸರ್ವಜ್ಞ,	
	ಜಾನಪದ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ,	
	<b>ತತ್ತ್ವಪದಗಳು -</b> ಶಿಶುನಾಳ ಶರೀಫರು	
9.	<b>ಮಹಿಳಾ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ :</b> ಹೆಳವನಕಟ್ಟೆ ಗಿರಿಯಮ್ಮ ಮತ್ತು ಸಂಚಿಹೊನ್ನಮ್ಮ,	02 ಗಂಟೆ
	ಆಧುನಿಕ ಪೂರ್ವ ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ: ಕೆಂಪುನಾರಾಯಣ ಮತ್ತು ಮುದ್ದಣ	
10.	. ಹಳೆಗನ್ನಡ ಮತ್ತು ನಡುಗನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಚರಿತ್ರೆಯ ಒಂದು ಅವಲೋಕನ	01 ಗಂಟೆ
	ಒಟ್ಟು ಬೋಧನಾ ಅವಧಿ 26 ಗಂಟೆಗಳು	26 ಗಂಟೆ

# ಬಳಕೆ ಕನ್ನಡ -ı ಮತ್ತು ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಸಿಂಚನ -on ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮಗಳಿಗೆ ನಿರಂತರ ಆಂತರಿಕ ಮೌಲ್ಯಮಾಪನದ ಮಾರ್ಗಸೂಚಿಗಳು

# (COURSE ASSESSMENTS AND EVALUATION CHART- CIE ONLY)

Sl.No	Assessment	Туре	Time frame in semester	Duration	Max marks	Conversion
1.	CIE Assessment 1	Written test-1	- At the end of 3 <sup>rd</sup> week	80 minutes	30	Average of three written
2	CIE Assessment 2	Written test-2	- At the end of 7 <sup>th</sup> week	80 minutes	30	tests-1,2,3
3	CIE Assessment 3	Written test-3	- At the end of 13 <sup>th</sup> week	80 minutes	30	101 30 marks
4	CIE Assessment 4	MCQ/Quiz	- At the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> week	60 minutes	20	Average of three
5	CIE Assessment 5	Open book test	- At the end of 9th week	60 minutes	20	Assessment 4,5,6 for 20
6	CIE Assessment 6	Student activity & presentation	- At the end of 11 <sup>th</sup> week	60 minutes	20	marks
	Total Continuous Ir		50			
				Total Marks		50