1343 Code : 20SC017	Register $l_{1} \leq 1 \leq C \leq 1 \circ O l_{1}$ Number	1 & 11 Semester Diploma Examination, June/July-2023 ENCINEEDING MATHEMATICS	Time : 3 Hours] [Max. Marks : 100	nstructions: (i) Answer one full question from each section. (ii) One full question carries 20 marks.	(a) Solve for x, $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & x & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 0$	$\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 4 & 3 \\ 0 \\ \mathbf{R} \\ R$	(b) Using Cramer's rule, find the solution of the system of equations $2y - z = 0$, and $x + 3y = -4$, $3x + 4y = 4$	Which of the matrix has no inverse ? $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 \\ -1 & -3 \end{bmatrix} C = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 12 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$	(c) Find the characteristic equation and characteristic roots value for the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 5	If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$, then verify that $(A + B)^{T} = A^{T} + B^{T}$	(d) Consider the matrix If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$, find A^{-1} .	If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -3 & 5 \end{bmatrix} & B = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 2 \\ -3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$, find AB.	
134			Time: 3 E	Instruction	l. (a)		(q)		(c) I	, H	(d) C	If	



Using chain rule of differentiation, find the derivative of the function 20SC01T (b) 6 $y = (3x+8)^5$ OR Using composite rule find the derivative of the function $y = \log(sin(\log x))$ Using composite rule rule abody in t seconds is given by $S = 4t - 5t^2 + 2t^3$, find The distance covered by a body when $t = 2 \sec t$ the velocity and acceleration when t = 2 sec. (c) 5 Distance travelled by a car is given by $S = 160t - 16t^2$ metre and time in Distance travelled by a car is given by $S = 160t - 16t^2$ metre and time in seconds. When does the car stop? Find the maximum and minimum values of the function $x^3 - x^2 - x = 0$. 5 (d) Find the equation of the tangent to the curve $y = 2 - 3x + x^2$ at (1, 2) SECTION - V Integrate : $\cos x + e^x + \frac{1}{x} + x^2$, w.r. to x. 4 (a) OR The area under the curve $y = x^2$ between x = 1, and x = 2 is equal to ... Using the rule of integration by parts evaluate the integral $\int x \sin 2x dx$ 6 **(b)** OR Evaluate $\int \sin 2x \cos 3x \, dx$ Find $\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \sin^2 x \, dx$ 5 OR

Evaluate $\int \sin^5 x \cos x \, dx$

5.

(c)

The area enclosed by the curve $y = x^2 + 1$, x-axis between x = 1, x = 3, (d) calculate the area enclosed. 5

OR

Find the volume generated by rotating the curve $y = \sqrt{x+2}$ about x-axis between x = 0 and x = 2.